

# THE SUNDAY TIMES

HE  
ENNEDYS  
ND ME

J'S MEMOIRS  
GIN TODAY  
AGE 33



## NEWS DIGEST

OCTOBER 31 1971

### iders blast border posts

ERS from the Irish Republic yesterday up seven customs posts within half an hour across the border in Northern Ireland. At Tullydonnell, County Armagh, it was done by three men—two with machine guns—who used a car with a number of plates. At Killeen, County Wick, four men ordered customs officers to leave their posts at gunpoint before blowing up. No raiders were caught. In Belfast, another soldier was killed when he badly damaged a Scots Guards post Springfield Road. Another was taken to hospital, and six civilians, including two men, were hurt.

### 'st-class post: test sults 'disturbing'

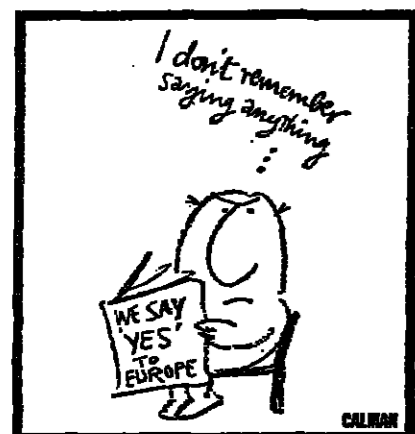
Post Office claim that 96 out of every 100 letters sent by first-class post arrive late was described yesterday as "a hell of a way out" by Lord Peddie, President of the Post Office Users' Council, following a disturbing preliminary results from a comprehensive test run by the Council. Details will be announced this week. The Council are so concerned that they already held talks with senior Post Office officials. Lord Peddie says: "There is no doubt that the great number of complaints about the first-class post are warranted."

### olls-Royce to fit r bags for USA

LS-ROYCE are preparing to fit the reversal and highly explosive air bags to cars as their method of passenger protection to meet the US safety regulations due to come into force in August 1975, reports Motoring Correspondent Maxwell Boyd. The international car safety conference in Stuttgart. Rolls-Royce feel that the company's wearing of seat belts, though more reliable, would be impossible to implement. The company is now working on a new design, including up the conference Mr Douglas is, administrator of the USA's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, some of the strict safety requirements laid down by his parent department of Transportation would have to be relaxed—mainly because it had proved impossible to build prototype vehicles with "reasonable weight limits."

### eamen's dispute its Channel ferries

AMEN yesterday walked off some British Channel ferries at Dover over a man's dispute. The National Union of Seamen had to renegotiate an agreement, which expires tonight, under which the crew of the Dover-Dunkirk Shepperton Ferry had been reduced by five. BR are said to have refused, and have taken the ship out of service. The NUS said it was clear that BR ended to stand off the men and a local official added: "Our other crews in the port are not standing for this." Members quit the riggers and invited and were expected to leave the Maid of Orleans and the Norman. The Seafarers' Union services were hit, nor were ships owned by Townsend, Jørgensen and Belgian or French ferries.



### ndia refugees: plea or 14m blankets

METHODIST Missionary Society worker stationed in Calcutta, John Hastings, has predicted in a message to Christian Aid that 50,000 women and children will die of exposure in West Bengal unless 14.5 million blankets are flown out at once. Most immediately endangered are the 5.6 million people in camps north of the Ganges. Blankets can be sent to local RWVS offices or to Christian Aid, c/o All Transport Packing Ltd., Purland Road, London, SE28 0AR. Dacca telex, page 6.

### A new Bessie Braddock

CHRISTINE SMITH, a 16-year-old unemployed Kirkby girl was applauded at a TUC-organised anti-unemployment rally in Liverpool yesterday when she described the plight of young people on Merseyside. TUC General Secretary Victor Feather praised her as "a new Bessie Braddock" but he was forced to abandon his own speech by hecklers demanding a general strike on November 24 when there is to be a mass lobby of Parliament.

### Monastery death probed

POLICE were yesterday investigating the death of an unnamed 23-year-old student at a Buddhist monastery at Eskdalemuir, Dumfriesshire. The monastery was set up in a former mansion house by Tibetan monks who fled their homeland during the 1959 Communist invasion.

### Billy Graham ill

AMERICAN evangelist Dr Billy Graham is confined to his London hotel bed with severe abdominal pain, and fever after being taken ill yesterday at London Weekend Television's Wembley studios as he was making a film with Cliff Richard.

### Clocks back one hour

ALL CLOCKS should have been put back one hour at three o'clock this morning. This marks the end of a three-year experiment with British Standard Time which put Britain one hour ahead of Greenwich Mean Time all year round, instead of just in summer. The country will remain on GMT until March 19 when the clocks will be put forward one hour for the summer.

## Shocked Nixon tries to save aid

From Stephen Fay  
Washington

WASHINGTON officials began a feverish search yesterday to find ways of resurrecting America's foreign aid programme after the startling defeat of President Nixon's \$1,330m foreign aid proposals in the Senate on Friday night. As official Washington awoke the morning after and surveyed the havoc wreaked by the defeat, there was an irresistible feeling that the baby had gone out with the bathwater.

The Foreign Authorisation Bill contained items such as \$100m for aid to refugees in India and Pakistan, and \$65m in requests for money to UN agencies such as the Children's Fund and UNICEF. It also had strategically significant items such as \$150m for Israel, and \$150m for Cambodia. The defeat will not affect the financing of the Vietnam war, which no longer comes under foreign aid, but it does affect military aid to Greece—a fact which has delighted many American liberals.

President Nixon decried the Senate vote of 41 to 27 against the Bill as "highly irresponsible" and an action which produces "an unacceptable risk to national security." It certainly is further evidence of the growth of isolationism in America, but foreign aid will not stop tomorrow. There is \$2,000m in America's aid pipeline. "Everybody's shocked, there is no question about that. But there is still hope." A State Department spokesman said yesterday.

The Leader of the Senate Republican Party, Hugh Scott, said yesterday that he would immediately try a parliamentary manoeuvre known as a continuing resolution which, if successful, would mean that the administration would be authorised to spend as much on foreign aid in the next financial year as it did in the last. This amounted to \$2,080 million. Senator Mike Mansfield, who led the opposition to the Bill, replied that Scott's plan would be resisted.

But the complicated Parliamentary system does have its compensations. The procedure is so slow that there always seems to be money around which Congress has appropriated but which the President has not actually spent. Normally there is discretion to shift some of that money around.

The greatest single sufferer from the defeat of the Bill is Israel, which did not stand to gain only armaments, but also schools and hospitals. Funds amounting to \$125m for aid to South American nations were also included in the programme.

Indeed this is one reason why the Bill was defeated. Ever since President Truman introduced the Marshall Plan in 1947, aid has been lumped into one package and presented to Congress which has often reduced the amount but never before, turned it down. But, by 1971 it had become a top-heavy thing which was used as a vehicle for a variety of political purposes. Senator Mansfield, who has become the leader of the demand for a reduction of American involvement in the world from Europe to Southeast Asia, tried to attach a rider demanding US withdrawal from Vietnam in six months. Senator Mansfield denied that the UN vote on China was responsible for the defeat. "This is a clear signal, separate and apart from the United Nations action on Monday," he said. And his view is buttressed by the fact that the Senate rejected a proposal to reduce funds to the UN as a punitive measure earlier in the week.

Any Other Business, page 72



Room at the top: Mr Heath, in ascendant, is followed by Mr Wilson up the stairs to the platform at Bradford University yesterday.

## Doctor Heath, I presume...

By Francis Wyndham

THE EMBARRASSING confrontation was as inevitable as it was undesirable. Once the University of Bradford had decided to make Mr Heath a Doctor of Technology, there was nothing that Mr Wilson, as its Chancellor, could possibly do to avoid presiding at the ceremony. So, just as Oedipus and his mother were fated to marry, the two leaders were yesterday doomed to sit on the same platform, only 48 hours after the Common Market debate, in an atmosphere of academic conviviality.

But the atmosphere of Greek tragedy was enlivened by an element of Whitehall farce. On Friday, Mr Heath had had milk thrown over him at Salford while Mr Wilson in Blackpool was saying about him: "I believe he is a destroyer of technology and not a Doctor of Technology. Many would like to see him unemployed."

Meanwhile, protesting students from Bradford and Leeds, presented with this double target, could not resist the opportunity of killing two birds with one stone. An official march was planned for yesterday afternoon, but an unofficial sit-in had developed on Friday evening at the entrance to the Great Hall while campaigners for Civil Rights in Northern Ireland held an all-night vigil outside. Of the four local MPs, only the Conservative agreed to attend the ceremony; a Labour member openly

boycotted it and two others pleaded previous engagements, one giving the baroque excuse that he would be too busy making a film about the House of Commons for distribution in Chile.

When the big moment came, at midday, its dramatic values were somewhat thrown away. The burghers of Bradford had been streaming into the hall through a side door marked "Emergency Exit"—and it was through this that the Grand Procession itself made an unimpressive emergency entrance, to avoid the demonstrators waiting at the main gate. Mr Heath, therefore, found himself alone on the platform disconcertingly soon, and the intended sense of pageantry was replaced by a feeling of anti-climax.

Soon the others clambered up after him. Dressed up in their robes (Mr Wilson wore a gold and dark red, Mr Heath more frivolous in scarlet, saffron and violet), the two leading actors looked like playing-card characters from Alice in Wonderland. Mr Heath had not lost his watermelon smile, but Mr Wilson seemed naked without his pipe.

Almost immediately, a dignitary intoned: Mr Chancellor, I now invite the Right Hon Edward Heath to receive at your hands the honorary degree of Doctor of Technology. Mr Heath rose from his chair at the side of the stage

and stepped rather hesitantly towards the table behind which Mr Wilson sat.

At this moment, Mr Wilson fluffed—or rather, spoke his line too soon. He suddenly said: "By the authority of the university I admit you to the honorary degree of Dr of Technology"—a speech which was scheduled for a later point in the script. Startled, Mr Heath halted in his approach, and listened with a respectful but rather sheepish smile. Possibly realising his mistake, Mr Wilson all at once looked very bored.

When Mr Heath had completed his interrupted little walk to the centre of the stage, the public orator, Professor Coles embarked on his introduction of Mr Heath to Mr Wilson. Mr Heath had to stand while Mr Wilson remained seated.

When the orator risked a sly joke about Mr Victor Feather (also a Doctor of Technology at Bradford), Mr Heath's shoulders slightly shook but Mr Wilson's lips did not quiver. The orator went on to make jokes about sailing, serialisation in the Sunday Times and the advice of his Liberal friends to "seize the opportunity and bang their heads together." By this time, Mr Wilson was laughing too.

Professor Coles closed with a donnish facetious reference to the Common Market. This fell flat—but only because it happened to coincide with loud and distracting shouts from the protesters outside about unemployment, welfare cuts, UCS redundancies, racist legislation and Irish internment.

Mr Wilson then shook hands with Mr Heath, who returned to his chair.

Addressing Mr Wilson as "Mr Chancellor," the Prime Minister reminded him that he (Mr Heath) had already been given an honorary degree of Doctor of Civil Law at Oxford. It was his own university. "I am not a technologist—except perhaps a marine technologist," he said. "And I was never invited to serve in a government by the Chancellor of this university."

Then it was Mr Wilson's turn. "May I express my personal gratification at getting Dr Heath this morning into my lobby," he said. Implicitly deploring the protests, he added: "Whenever I put on these robes I have divested myself on my political vestments—though I never leave them very far away." He coyly admitted that political differences did exist between himself and the new Doctor of Technology, but said that these had nothing to do with the present occasion.

Here he missed the point of the demonstrations, which were directed against the similarity of the two men's policies. The posters outside the university read: "Ted Wilson, Harold Heath, Them on top, Us underneath."

continued on page 2

## Now Wilson lashes the rebels

By James Margach

MR HAROLD WILSON, faced with the prospect of wholesale disorder and spreading bitterness in the Labour ranks, yesterday set about bringing the pro-Europeans smartly into line before the prolonged Parliamentary battles over Market legislation.

It was Mr Wilson at his roughest and toughest. He made it clear, in a speech at Huddersfield, that nothing would be spared in the effort to prevent a repetition of last Thursday, when 69 Labour MPs—including the deputy leader, Mr Roy Jenkins—defied the party line to vote with the Government for membership of the European Common Market.

"No Labour Member of Parliament can vote for any legislation consequential on Thursday's vote," Mr Wilson said, "and no Labour Member of Parliament can abstain on any legislation consequential on Thursday's vote." This was a direct warning to Mr Jenkins, who has merely promised not to vote for Government legislation, and left open the question of abstention.

Then, to reinforce his words, Mr Wilson raised the spectre of local constituency parties repudiating Labour MPs who cast votes in the Commons which meant helping to keep Mr Heath's Government in power. "No Labour MP has the right to go to his constituency party to defend such a vote," Mr Wilson said grimly, and he underlined the power of the local parties by saying that without them the Labour rebels could never have become MPs.

Mr Wilson was brandishing the big stick, and doing so in the knowledge that, inside the Parliamentary party, both Left-wingers and the anti-Market groups of Right and Centre were preparing to pin Mr Jenkins against the wall. Voting for the deputy leadership starts next weekend. There are expected to

be three candidates: Mr Jenkins who is standing for re-election, and two challengers, Mr Wedgwood Benn, the party chairman, and Mr Michael Foot. After that, elections for the Shadow Cabinet begin.

When the Parliamentary party meets on Tuesday, Mr Jenkins and his Market colleagues—Mr George Thomson, Mr Harold Lever and Mrs Shirley Williams—will be asked whether they will promise to go with the party in the battle against Market legislation next year. Their answers will largely decide whether Mr Jenkins and his colleagues are re-elected to the Opposition Front Bench.

An entirely novel feature of Tuesday's meeting will be the presence on the platform of powerful trade union members of the National Executive. The party constitution provides for consultation between the National Executive and the Parliamentary Party at the opening of each Parliamentary session. This is usually only a formality, but this year Mr Wedgwood Benn has written members of the Executive urging them to attend, "following the serious events of October 28." The Benn initiative must be seen as a deliberate move to remind the rebels of the power of the party outside Westminster and in the unions.

On Wednesday, Mr Jenkins and his friends will be under pressure again. At the Shadow Cabinet meeting anti-Market groups will demand an Opposition amendment to the Queen's Speech, which will certainly include a proposal to join the Market.

It is doubtful, however, whether the anti-Jenkins faction will win the day in the Shadow Cabinet so quickly after Thursday's vote.

Wilson speech, page 2; Houghton's moose, page 8; Comment, page 16

## ELVIS



The fantastic career that launched a youth revolution  
IN PICTURES

### PLANET EARTH

Part 6 of the pull-out and keep guide to the changed world of today  
THE PACIFIC

### COLOUR MAGAZINE

### BRUTALITY IN THE CINEMA

Dilys Powell 37

### PARIS READY-TO-WEAR

Ernestine Carter 45

### BUSINESS NEWS SPECIAL

EUROPE AND UK  
WHAT WE WILL HAVE TO CHANGE IN EVERYDAY LIFE 64-65

### BEAUTY FARM

Pang-by-pang diary of an enlightening week 43

This Britain 12, Letters 16, Goodies 19, Motoring 19, Travel 23, Askew 23, Home 27, Crossword and Brain-teaser 30, TV GUIDE TO THE WEEK 32.

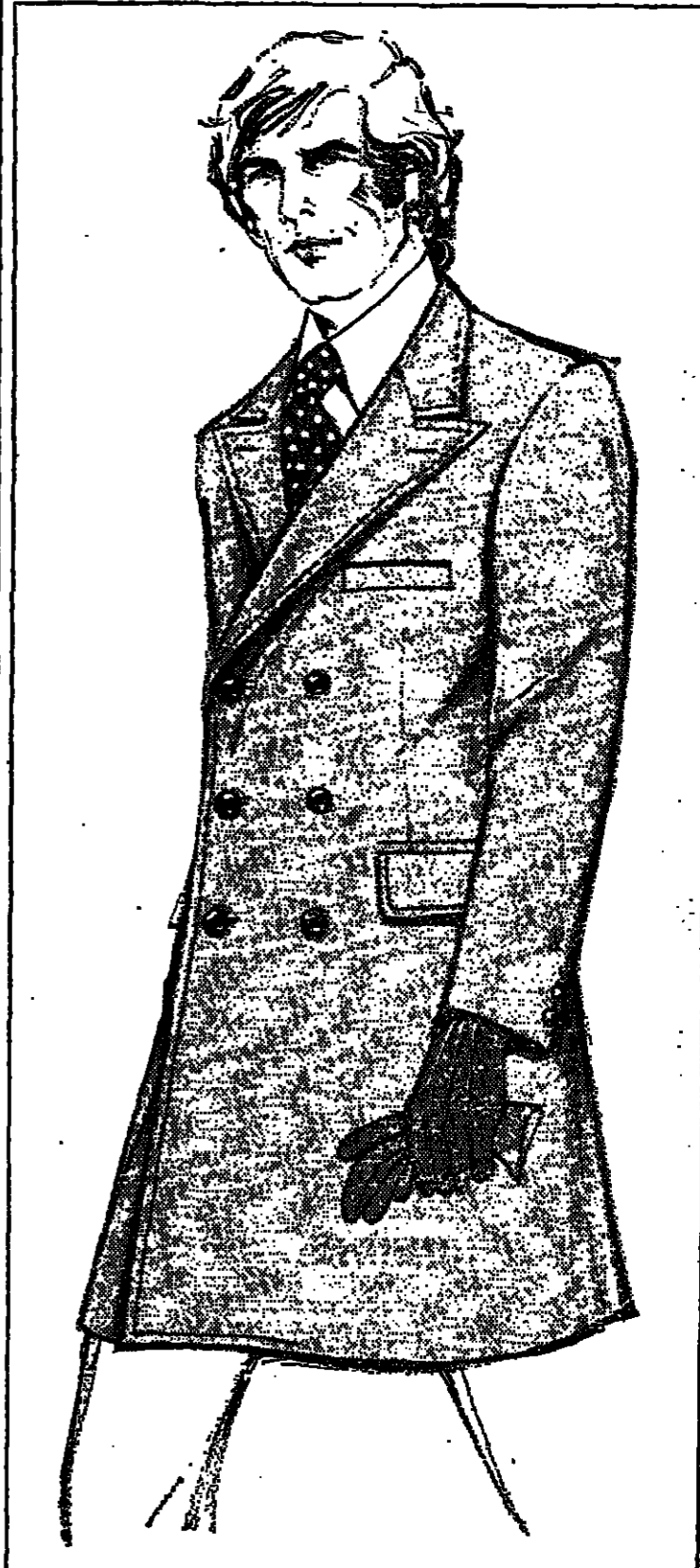
### Sunday Times prices overseas

Republic of Ireland ..... 10p  
Australia ..... A\$5.18  
New Zealand ..... NZ\$5.00  
Canada ..... C\$5.00  
USA ..... \$5.00  
France ..... F\$5.00  
Germany ..... DM5.00  
Italy ..... L. 12,000  
Japan ..... ¥1,200  
Netherlands ..... G. 12.00  
Portugal ..... P\$12.00  
Spain ..... P\$12.00  
Sweden ..... S\$5.00  
Switzerland ..... S.F. 12.00  
USA ..... \$5.00  
Western States ..... \$12.25  
Brazil ..... R\$12.00  
India ..... R. 12.00

## Man-about-Harrods chooses Chester Barrie.

Camel colour shortie overcoat tailored in all wool. Just one from the many fine quality, hand-finished overcoats made exclusively for Harrods by Chester Barrie. Available in most sizes. £82. Man's Shop. Ground Floor.

Harrods



Knightbridge London SW1X 7NL 01-730 1234

"First of all, I'd like to thank Mary's Mum and Dad."



A taste of extravagance. Rather more than a pound.

## Wilson: Tories will get no more Labour help

MR HAROLD WILSON, speaking at Huddersfield yesterday on the situation facing the Labour Party after last week's Common Market vote, said:

"I do not intend tonight to comment at length on the vote last Thursday on Mr Heath's motion that Britain should enter the European Common Market on the terms he has negotiated."

"I would simply say this. His majority was 112. The contribution to that majority made by the action of Labour pro-marketters was 153. To those votes, those abstentions, that kind of action from now on, can lay no claim. I said in Parliament that October 28 was not the end. It is a beginning, and behind the bonfires, the fireworks, the ballyhoo, and the champagne cork popping lies the reality Mr Heath now has to face."

"He cannot carry entry into Europe on Tory terms, in defiance of his election pledges that he would not attempt to do so without the full-hearted consent of the British people, on the basis of the votes of Tory Members of Parliament."

"So far as last Thursday's vote is concerned, I shall discuss this with the Opposition Chief Whip on Monday. We shall decide our attitude about what happened last Thursday, and everything else which occurred in the Parliamentary session which ended this week."

"We shall discuss our attitude to the situation in the new session which will start on Tuesday. One thing must be made clear. No Labour Member of Parliament can vote for any legislation consequent on Thursday's vote: no Labour Member of Parliament can abstain on any

legislation consequential on Thursday's vote. This is made clear at the party conference in Brighton."

"This has been further reinforced by the statement last Wednesday by the chairman of the Parliamentary Labour Party, himself a pro-marketter, himself a member who advisedly took the abstentions of swelling Mr Heath's majority."

"For to vote on any aspect of Tory legislation on the Common Market, on any procedural device to prevent the will of the British people from being represented by the votes of the House of Commons, to vote for any legislation authorising the Government to promulgate rules by statutory order affecting the economic and social security of our people, is to vote to keep this Conservative Government in office."

"Such a vote will be a conscious decision to make more simple, more easy, more certain the enactment within this new session of housing legislation forcing up the rents of millions of our families, and subjecting millions more to means test, in respect of the rent they pay."

"It will be a vote to enable the Conservatives to carry through a legislative programme designed, as in the past 16 months, to divide and embitter the British people. It will be a vote to increase prices—for rents and rates enter into the living costs of millions of families; it will be a vote to condone Mr Heath's breach of every pledge he entered into in the general election on prices, pledges he knew were dishonest and incapable of fulfilment, but pledges which were believed by enough people to enable him to assume office."

It will be a vote for the men who have wistfully, willfully, fulfilled their doctrinaire ambitions, imposed unnecessary unemployment and anxiety on million households in this country and their families."

"It will be a vote to condone Government that has withdrawn school milk from millions of children, and provided a nullity of our children cannot even school meals except on the basis of Tory means-testing. It will be a vote to keep in office the reactionary Conservative Government in our lifetime."

"No Labour Member of Parliament was elected on that date. No Labour Member of Parliament has the right to vote to his constituency party, or to the wider electorate, with whose support he could not have been elected a Member of Parliament, to defend such a vote."

"Mr Heath, from the moment he took office on a pledge to unite the nation, has divided and embittered the nation. I warned him that he cannot take a divided and embittered people into the Common Market. I cannot believe there is a single Labour Member of Parliament who could justify to those who elected him any vote which can be construed as, or really will be an action to enable Mr Heath to do so."

"They would not, with any sense of integrity, justify a vote which would enable Mr Heath to continue to inflict upon the nation policies which have injured the living standards and their social welfare, and the economic security of the millions of families whose rights it is the duty of the Parliamentary Party to defend."

## Thorpe urges UN for Ulster

MR JEREMY THORPE, leader of the Liberal Party, told the Ulster Liberal Party Conference at Lisburn, near Belfast, yesterday:

"The United Kingdom should invite the Irish Government to make a joint declaration that while Britain is quite willing to see a united Ireland this can only be achieved with the consent of the majority of the people in Northern Ireland."

"It should welcome the proposal for UN troops to patrol on

both sides of the Border. In all conscience, how can we deplore the withdrawal of the UN police force patrolling the frontier separating Israel and Egypt, or support the presence of the UN in Cyprus and say that the frontier between Northern Ireland and the Republic is somehow different?"

"It should insist on the repeal of the Special Powers Act and on the establishment of a permanent investigatory body to protect the interests of both prisoners and their guards. It should insist that detainees should be held for more than a few days only after a judicial hearing by a special tribunal."

"If the British Government did all these things in addition to the restoration of Proportional Representation and the election of Ministers from the Opposition Parties, there is still a chance of saving lives and saving honour. But they must be done quickly and fully because time is on the side of the gunmen."

## DRUGS

continued from page 1

The increase in "accidental" deaths—mainly from unintentional overdoses or, like Josh, from the after-effects of injection—has been even steeper: 339 people, 200 of them women, died "accidentally" last year.

Nobody knows how many more barbiturate-injection addicts may have died in agony following abrupt withdrawal from their drugs. When addicts die, like Josh, of swallowing their own vomit, for example, the inquest may record a verdict merely of death by suffocation. Harris Isbell, the outstanding American authority on the subject, reported 17 years ago that abrupt barbiturate withdrawal was far more dangerous than comparable morphine symptoms; his views are now generally accepted. The experience of drug clinics is that abrupt withdrawal brings delirium tremens and often full-blown epileptic fits.

The risks of withdrawal are greatly increased when patients try to conceal, as they normally do, the fact that they have been on heroin. (Barbiturate withdrawal probably explains the not infrequent deaths of addicts held on remands in places like Brixton prison.)

In fact, "mainlining" barbiturates—injecting them directly into a vein—is arguably the most dangerous of all forms of addiction. Unlike heroin, barbiturates are not made for injection; they have to be dissolved in water first. And the solution will, almost invariably, retain particles of barbiturate powder.

The results are horrifying, as James Callaghan told the Commons in July last year. "I have seen the consequences of injections... there were people who had lost fingers... others with fingers twice normal size or mere stumps... gangrenous limbs and ulcerated hands and feet."

But the extent of the problem

confronting any attempt to grapple with barbiturates is illustrated by one remarkable statistic. A study last year by Dr Thomas Bewley, one of the most respected names in drug treatment, suggested anything from 80,000-140,000 people in Britain dependent on, or misusing, barbiturates.

Perhaps a million people regularly take small amounts of them; last year some 17 million prescriptions were issued. On a conservative estimate, there are almost 350 million tablets in circulation. Addicts destroy themselves with barbiturate injections are thus only the most terrible manifestation of a vast social crisis.

For almost a year, the Home Office has been brooding over an unpublished nine-page report recommending action. The recommendations came at the end of last December in a letter to the Home Secretary, Reginald Maudling, from Sir Edward Wayne, chairman of the Home Office's own Standing Advisory Committee on Drug Dependence.

They were the result of six months' hurried work by a group set up by Maudling's predecessor, Callaghan, to remedy at speed the almost total official ignorance on barbiturate addiction.

In the time, the group could amass only sketchy data. But their conclusions were that the London area housed 2-300 addicts injecting themselves with barbiturates. This was less than many doctors had feared. The group also found that more than three-quarters of these addicts were known to the authorities because they were taking other drugs as well—usually heroin.

The cases, the group said, should become a notifiable disease, reported to the Ministry of Health. But, in suggesting a remedy, Wayne's group were daunted by the scale of the legal traffic.

In the end, they recommended that as a first step, controlling their supply, barbiturates should be put into "Schedule C" of the new Drugs Act when it comes into force next year. This is the least onerous category —

merely requiring that records be kept for official inspection by manufacturers, wholesalers and anyone handling the drugs. The administrative burdens of even this would be so vast, however, that Wayne had to suggest a series of exemptions.

It was, as Wayne's letter recognised, an unhappy compromise. The Home Office has never indicated upon this. Officials are hoping that a new advisor committee now being formed will make their first task a deeper look at the barbiturate problem.

Certainly, the comments of doctors in drug clinics suggest the pressure for action is growing: as the number of injecting addicts rises. The total is hard to assess but after a lull two months ago drug clinics are now getting a fresh upsurge.

What appals these doctors most is the attitude of the manufacturers and, even more, their stockists—whose security precautions they regard as culpably negligent. Theft is still the most common illicit source of barbiturates.

But records are so loosely kept that when, in the West Country, a youth who had stolen 25,000 tablets of the barbiturate type drug Mandrax—one of the addict's favourites—was caught, the burgled stockist could not say if they had all come from him.

"Manufacturers will have to take proper security precautions, and if barbiturates cost three times as much, society will have to pay one drug clinic doctor said. But 7 per cent of all NHS prescriptions are for barbiturates: a price rise would significantly increase the cost of the Welfare State at a time when official policy is to cut it."

What daunts officials more, however, is that the central barbiturate problem is "legal" addiction: the army of mainly old people for whom barbiturates are, as one official put it, "the equivalent of a swift double Scotch before bed." As he said: "That's certainly addiction—but do we need to stop it?"

## EAST GRINSTEAD

Proprietor looks over his new property: Mr Freeman (right) with British Rail men in attendance

## Part 2: enter a buyer

By Michael Moynihan

BITS of East Grinstead Station, Sussex, where demolition was due to have started last night, will now be carefully crated and shipped to America after a 7,000-mile dash from San Francisco by Robert A. Freeman, restaurant owner.

Sherlock Holmes is reputed to have alighted at East Grinstead in Conan Doyle's story *The Valley of Fear*, and Holmes would surely have approved of the manner of its rescue. It came in the nick of time and a discreet silence was maintained about payment: neither the demolition contractor nor Mr Freeman would discuss the price last week.

In a quick on-the-platform deal, 31-year-old Mr Freeman, who had caught the next plane after he had started him that the axe was about to fall on East Grinstead, was rescued from oblivion.

of decoratively carved platform canopy edges, 11 gas lamps, the signal-box sign, eight station signboards, 18 cast-iron brackets, several advertising boards and a lot of stained glass.

As one of the biggest buyers of British Rail "junk", Mr Freeman was escorted round the 10-year-old station by Mr Geoffrey Chrimes, Southern Region planning officer, Mr Nigel Wikeley, chief architect for the region, and Mr T. J. Ebdon, contracts manager for the civil engineering firm that took over the station two weeks ago.

"I'd have been in the market even if this wasn't the station," Mr Freeman said. "Lovely stuff. It'll look great in Victoria Station, Boston."

The Boston Victoria is, in fact, a restaurant, one of nine more Victoria Stations Mr Freeman and his two partners are planning to open in America following

the huge success of their first two Victorian Stations in San Francisco. Customers eat prime roast beef and sit by the light of station oil lamps in converted railway carriages, surrounded by railway relics, mostly from Britain.

"Now I'm on the lookout for other redundant British railway stations," says Mr Freeman and BR officials have assured him that in future he will be given ample warning of pending closures or reconstructions.

Mrs Jane Crighton, the East Grinstead barrister's wife who fought for the retention of the town's old station, is delighted that at least part of it will be perpetuated. "But I hope that this occasion will urge other people to fight for our Victorian heritage," she says. It has taken an American to open local commuters' eyes to the fact that our station was worth preserving at all."

Next time you need help with insurance for your car, your home, your life or anything else, come in and talk it over. We've 126 years' experience, and we know most of the answers. There are nearly 300 Royal Offices in the U.K. You'll find our address in the telephone book.



Royal Insurance

looks after you fast

حکومت اسلامی

## nions make their nightmare come true over the Carr Act

By Eric Jacobs

ALTHOUGH half the unions in the country have failed to carry out the Government's official policy of registering under the Government's Industrial Relations Act, the 12 largest unions, a survey estimates, suggest that they are unlikely, or at least not, to do what the TUC has urged. Yet the TUC continues to insist on the crucial importance of the Act, and Mr Vic Feather, its general secretary, is working to get it passed.

The TUC failed to prevent Mr Carr's Bill becoming law, and unions decided to take their own action. The new Registrar, Mr Jones, has opened his office. All those unions registered under previous laws will be automatically transferred to the new register.

The TUC had decided that member unions should come to a decision on whether to register, or, if they had not, to go on to it. Their plan was that if they all agreed to co-operate with the Registrar, it would become an analysis looks very in-  
te now. Under previous registration was not a fact of trade union life. Any combination of men together for an industrial purpose, like higher pay, had to be registered. Un-  
registered unions will lay them open to unlimited damages they are very careful

only results a union by de-registering are to itself of some tax con-  
s and to make itself more able to the law and to the datations of other unions. is hardly the stuff of great

first clear evidence of the new vulnerability on Friday, when the Registrar released a list of unions that have put them forward hopefully as legitimate unions. If they are accepted by the Registrar, they have a good chance of retaining traditional unions at the jailing table.

example, an organisation in the London Firefighters' Union has been allowed on provisional register. It has 1,300 to 1,400 members in London fire service out of a potential of about 5,000. It is that the country-wide Brigades Union is not doing for the London men and to put that right. If the Registrar accepts it as a bona fide union, could a Tory-controlled Greater London Council negotiate with it, and even exclude the un-  
tered national union? far, most of the be, would-  
nions appear to be con-  
d in banking, insurance and

local government—a point which has not been lost on the unions that have been used to negotiating in these fields for years past. It helps to explain the ambiguity in attitudes towards registration that now characterises the entire trade union movement.

Analysis of the 12 biggest unions will show what I mean. The biggest of the lot, the Transport Workers and the Engineers, are led by the two most militant men in the movement. Mr Jack Jones and Mr Hugh Scalon. Characteristically, Mr Scalon has wasted no time in de-registering his union. Mr Jones on the other hand, has not yet acted. He claims that his union must, under its rules, let a special conference take the decision.

The third biggest union, the General and Municipal Workers, is frankly sceptical of its larger brother. The G.M.W. too must hold a special conference, and it is doing just that this week. But its leader, Lord Cooper, will ask the conference to postpone the final decision until next summer. He wants time to see what will happen. Will registered unions poach members from unregistered unions? Will the TUC pitch in to help a beleaguered union that follows its policy? The Transport Workers are strongly suspected of dragging their feet for exactly the same reasons—only they will not admit it.

The fourth and fifth biggest unions, the Local Government Officers and the Electricians, both want to register and probably will. The sixth, the Public Employees, has already de-registered and the ninth and tenth, the Miners and the Woodworkers, are in the process of doing so. The seventh biggest, the Shopworkers, is thinking about it. The eighth, the Teachers, will almost certainly register because, if it does not, it will never be able to mount a credible strike, or even threaten one, and will thus be unable to make threatening noises over pay claims.

This brings us to the 11th and 12th biggest unions, Mr Clive Jenkins leads the 11th. He has written one letter asking to be taken off the register, quickly followed by a second letter pointing out that his union needs to hold a conference to decide, so can he please be left on the register for now? Mr Jenkins's union is deeply involved in areas where staff associations thrive. If he doesn't register, they will. And they could squeeze him out.

Mr Tom Jackson's Postal Workers is the 12th union. It has done precisely nothing. It has not needed to. It was not registered under the old laws, so it was not put on the provisional register on October 1 and it does not have to do anything about removing itself.

In the meantime, the unions remain hopelessly split. If the Tories really did want to divide the union movement, they must be laughing their heads off at the way the unions have obliged them.

## Schh... 1,500 times



Friend of the Earth amid the non-returnable enemy

By Denis Herbstein

FRIENDS OF THE EARTH marched through central London yesterday to return 1,500 non-returnable bottles to the doorstep of Schweppes' headquarters in Connaught Place. There were similar demonstrations at Schweppes depots throughout the country.

Graham Searle, Friends' director, told the 200 marchers that legislation was being drafted which would ban non-returnable bottles in Britain. "But we can only succeed if we get the support of companies like Schweppes, which make 250 million non-returnable bottles each year."

But Lord Watkinson, chairman of Cadbury Schweppes, Ltd., described the demo as "a bit of nonsense. We are not proposing to do any more than we have done."

The march was led by ten-year-old Caroline Taylor, of Bourne-mouth, carrying a poster which read: "Don't let them Schh... on Britain." The bottles, some collected as far afield as Leicester and the Scilly Isles, were carefully placed on the doorstep of Number One, where Lord Randolph Churchill lived in return days. The order went out to remove Pepsi bottles, until it was remembered that they were bottled under license by Schweppes.

Among the impressive array of shandy, American cream soda, dandelion and burdock and ginger ale 1 spotted a (returnable) Ansell's nut brown ale, Fine Fare malt vinegar and a cluster of Guinnesses.

Graham Searle, whose organisation is also fighting for national parks and for the dying breed of cats which supply fur coats to Miss Lollobrigida, says non-returnable bottles are "a stupid dissipation of our natural resources."

By 1972 there will be an estimated 450 million throw-away bottles in Britain, with Schweppes responsible for 60 per cent of these, he says. The overloading of refuse services would mean higher rates, and companies would have to pass on the extra cost of these bottles to the consumer.

Lord Watkinson told me that Schweppes "are not the doyens of non-returnable bottles. They are made by independent manufacturers which we don't control." Shops demanded them because they had no space to store returned ones.

As for the 1,500 bottles dumped on his company's doorstep: "That is just a quarter of an hour's production in one of our small factories. I hope they've enjoyed themselves. It was a nice day."

## Biafra and IRA

In our report last week headed "Strange bedfellows help Biafra ring arm IRA," reference was made to the DC6 aircraft Charlie Tango Kilo, which is owned by Pomair NV (not by Mr C. H. Goodlin, who is a director of Pomair and Chairman of Boreas Corporation, which has a substantial shareholding in Pomair).

The aircraft, which had been engaged during the Nigerian civil war in carrying relief supplies for Biafra, had, as stated, transported certain arms to Schiphol airport, Amsterdam. The aircraft was carrying arms from Prague under normal commercial arrangements for which the necessary legal clearances had been obtained.

It was not intended to suggest that Mr Goodlin, Pomair or Boreas were aware of any IRA connection with the arms, or have any sympathy with the IRA or its aims. We apologise if any contrary impression was given.

## Entry fee urged to save overcrowded New Forest

DRASTIC action to save the New Forest in Hampshire from being overwhelmed and ruined by the ever-growing flood of car-borne visitors is recommended in a report to be published tomorrow. It suggests that people should pay to enter the 92,000-acre forest, and it foresees the day when "Forest full" notices will have to be used on approach roads.

The report, "Conservation of the New Forest," is the work of a joint committee of the Forestry Commission, local authorities, the centuries-old Verderers' Court, and the Nature Conservancy. It has been sent to Lord Taylor of Gryfe, chairman of the Forestry Commission, with the hope that the Government will

act on the recommendations with the utmost speed.

Control of cars is the first aim. The report recommends 26 carfree areas, and an end to unrestricted camping. It urges the establishment of two informal camping areas, which eventually would be open only to campers and caravanners carrying their own chemical toilets.

Organisers of cricket matches and other public events within the area would also be compelled to provide toilet facilities.

Lighting of fires would be banned other than in approved safe areas. "However romantic the idea of a bonfire may be," the report says, "the lighting of fires is a practice which must cease other than in simple hearths where these are provided." Wardens would patrol to enforce

all the new restrictions. An information centre would tell visitors about what they were and were not allowed to do.

Perhaps the most controversial proposal is that of charging people for admittance. The report says the extra facilities will cost money, and that the forest will become congested. "On both counts it becomes valid to consider whether the visitor should be charged." It points out that campers, fishermen and others already accept the idea of paying for recreation.

"Many things which were once free must now be paid for," it adds. "We are confident that charging for recreation would be accepted by the public if it were tactfully instituted and shown to go hand in hand with the provision of facilities."

## Lord Byron in the raw

AN AMERICAN professor has discovered the original manuscripts of the "journal" of Thomas Moore, nineteenth century Irish poet and biographer of Lord Byron, in a London publisher's archives.

This important literary "find" was made four years ago by Dr Wildred S. Dowden, Professor of English at Rice University, Houston, Texas, but made public only today as Dr Dowden prepares to publish the first unexpurgated version of the book.

Moore (1779-1852) was friend to numerous leading political figures and writers of the nineteenth century. He wrote about them freely—including Byron and his mistresses—and sometimes scathingly, in the "journal," a diary which he kept for nearly 30 years. After his death, the diary was heavily expurgated by Moore's friend, Lord John Russell, who edited an eight-volume collection of Moore's writing for the London publishing house of Longman's. It was at Longman's that Dr Dowden found the original manuscripts in Moore's handwriting—by accident, as he searched the archives for another work by Moore.

## Jewess 'dying' in Soviet prison

By Eric Marsden, Jerusalem

A WOMAN released from a Soviet prison camp has brought out the news that another woman in the camp, Sylvia Zalmanson, is dangerously ill with tuberculosis and ulcers, and in desperate need of help.

Sylvia Zalmanson was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment last December in the Leningrad trial in which a group of Jews were accused of trying to hijack a plane and fly to Israel. She was sent to the Hardovia labour camp, 400 miles from Moscow.

News of her plight was brought out last week by another Jewish woman, Ruth Alexandrovitch, who has been freed after serving five months at the camp. "If Sylvia does not get urgent medical treatment," she told me, "she will die. It is not a matter of weeks or months—it could be days."

Ruth Alexandrovitch, who was sentenced on a KGB charge of "disseminating pro-Zionist, anti-Soviet literature," found herself sharing a bed in a camp cell with

Sylvia Zalmanson. A few weeks ago Ruth was freed and given a visa to emigrate to Israel. She says that Sylvia, in spite of her poor health, is being forced to work 14 hours a day in the fields. "She has lost her hearing. She is getting no drugs. The only doctor in the camp is an inmate, and there are no medical supplies for Sylvia."

A few hours after arriving in Israel, Ruth went to the Walling Wall in Jerusalem and prayed for Sylvia. She and others who have been allowed to leave Russia—her father, mother and brother preceded her—are baffled at the apparent inconsistency of Soviet policy, under which some people suffer like Sylvia and others are unexpectedly released.

A large number of Soviet Jews are asserting with increasing boldness their right to go to Israel. Although Zionism is "anti-Soviet," more Jews than ever before have been given visas this year to go.

## MP's son is stabbed

THE 15-YEAR-OLD son of a London MP who was stabbed and savagely beaten by a gang in an East End street on Friday was last night "quite satisfactory" in hospital.

His 17-year-old sister, who attacked the gang with a wooden stake she snatched from one of them, was resting at home after treatment in hospital.

John and Mary Foley, children of Mr Maurice Foley, Labour MP for West Bromwich and Opposition spokesman on Foreign Affairs, were walking with friends from a Wapping youth club to their home in Salmon Lane, Stepney, when they were attacked by a mob of about 15 teenagers.

The gang felled John with a stab wound in the back. Mary was punched as she went to his aid.

"They didn't seem to be skin-heads, or anything like that," Mrs Foley said yesterday. "The whole thing seems to have been quite pointless."

## £25,000 winner

The weekly £25,000 Premium Bond Prize, announced yesterday, was won by Bond number 2QP 658833. The winner lives in County Durham.

## It's easier with a cheque book.

A lot of people still take enormous sums with them on a big shopping spree and never stop to think how unnecessary it is.

In fact, it's pretty risky. You could be leaned on by a bunch of skinheads or lose the lot on a 27 bus.

That's why there comes a time when a bank account is indispensable for most people. So that when there are fairly big things to pay for, there's no counting of notes and silver, new pennies and trading stamps. With a cheque book it's easy to keep a running total of what you've spent. In addition, we send you a statement as often as you wish, which gives you a detailed account of what you've paid out and what you've paid in.

And if you need a loan it's quite possible we can help. We're here to be used. To help sort out problems, and keep your personal paperwork down to a minimum.

There are more than 3,500 branches to choose from and you can open an account with a few pounds.

Then when you eventually go off to buy the car of your dreams, take your cheque book along. And leave the suitcase at home.



National Westminster Bank  
Simply there to help

**LEON NORELL**  
ARE HOLDING A  
**SPECIAL SALE**  
OF UNIQUE  
**PERSIAN & CHINESE CARPETS**  
in every size and price range  
**VARIOUS PIECES HALF PRICE**  
Included are Nomadic, Caucasian, Afghan, antique, traditional and golden tones.  
Top quality Chinese £25.00 £4 per sq. ft.  
Also many very fine and pure silk investments.  
Export: Duty & Tax Free **BARCLAYCARD** welcome  
If you would like to visit our showrooms, kindly write or phone for an appointment without obligation.  
**10 DEVONSHIRE ROW - LONDON EC2 (01) 247 3333**  
Closed Sat. 1 min. Liverpool St. Str. Parking facilities.

## Do you really want to cut office costs?

Tick the boxes where your answer is "no"

- Do you know the real cost in secretary's time of producing a 200 word letter? ☐
- If you do know, is the cost less than 50p? ☐
- When you wish to write a letter can you start actually dictating in less than 15 seconds? ☐
- Can you dictate letters outside office hours without making special arrangements? ☐
- Do you get through shorthand dictation sessions without interruptions? ☐
- Is your typing centre fully employed? ☐
- Have you considered leasing as the alternative to buying office equipment? ☐

Just one tick tells you there's something you need to do about cutting costs in your office. More than one and your need is really urgent. The first thing to do is to complete and post this coupon. Today. And we'll rush you details of Philips System of the Seventies. The dictation machines and note-taking equipment for people who want to cut office costs.



Please send details of Philips System of the Seventies to:

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Company \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

572

Post to: Desk Equipment Group, Philips Electrical Ltd., Century House, Shaftesbury Avenue, London, WC2H 8AS

**PHILIPS**

# Bargain for car hoverers: 30% off your hover home

To France and back from as little as £18.70 for you your car and up to 6 passengers

Only Hoverlloyd gives you such hover-whelming good value! Just buy a return ticket when you book your Ramsgate/Calais hover—and we carve a whole 30% off the cost of hovering home. (With great hovering Hoverlloyd, you only pay the car fare—passengers hover free). Hover off on or after October 11, hover back any time up to December 17. Have a hovering good time at cut price rates.

**Hooray! Tell me more.**

**HOVERLLOYD**

Details from your travel agent, motoring organisation, or Dept 'A', Hoverlloyd Reservations, Ramsgate, Kent. Thonet (STD 0843) 54761 London 01-499 9481

Name \_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK LETTERS PLEASE

Address \_\_\_\_\_

10

## Living and dying with the big Mole

**THE RELENTLESS** Mersey "Mole" is now two-thirds of its way along the second bore of the new road tunnel between Liverpool and Wallasey. Eight days ago two workers died bringing the total of deaths on the project to seven. TOM DAVIES reports on the conditions of "the black gang" who work inside and around the Mole and how the two men died.

WAY DOWN under the Mersey you trudge ankle-deep in mud and salt water for nearly a mile to reach the Mole. Occasionally you have to leap for the side of the tunnel and hang on to a pipe if a lorry or bulldozer drives past.

As you near the backside of the Mole, it is like a flickering vision of the Styx. Men in shiny oilskins move around in torrents of water and billowing cement dust, amid the deafening noise of the Mole itself, the largest and fastest

tunnel-boring machine in the world.

The mole is 45ft long and weighs 350 tons and 25 men of the "Black gang" work it. They are men like Benjamin Proctor, a 26-year-old Irishman who works a continuous 12-hour shift, often with water up to his waist sludge dripping down his neck and cement dust in his eyes. He has dug by hand and explosive. He eats only if he can grab a spare few minutes and his "toilet" is any discreet corner near the job. Bombs and speed are everything while working the Mole.

Benjamin Proctor and the other men on the gang are paid by how far the tunnel advances and can average anything from £80 to £100 a week. Every week for the contractor and if, as projected, the mole breaks through by next February it will be a world tunnelling record.

It was in this atmosphere of speed and the quest for the big bonus that the men on the Mole became seriously worried on Friday, October 22, when their machine started to throw up unusually large clouds of dust. The Mole had been started only the previous Monday after a six-week delay because of faulty bearings.

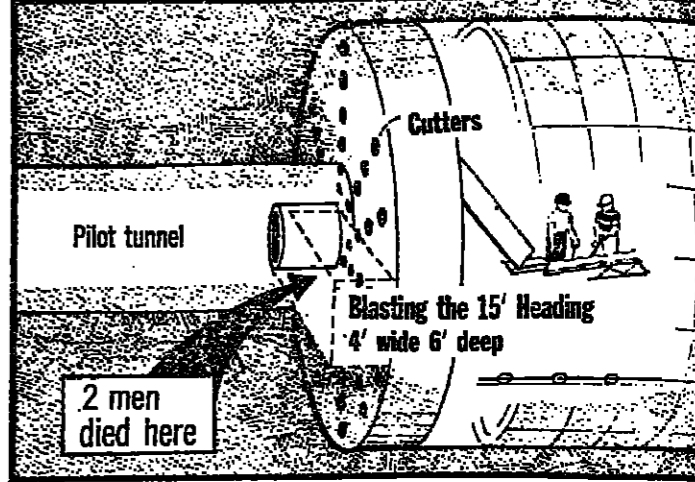
Five night-shift men, led by deputy gang boss, John Latham, crawled through the snout of the Mole and began to drive an exploratory tunnel to see if there was something wrong with the machine's cutting face, which has 55 steel discs rotated by 10 100 hp motors.

John Latham's men found that the rock in front of the Mole had been given a chance to relax during the Mole's six-week lay-off. So the gang had cut to back to the Mole's face with drills and explosive. They supported their

small tunnel by three metal props, each on a timber foot block, and had nearly finished cutting when the accident happened. The mass of rock may have crushed a prop or shot one sideways. When the men went in there was no support and two of them—John Latham and Josef Nyari—were crushed beneath a fall of rubble.

"We were told to go in again because more excavation was wanted," says Walter Ryan, who escaped because he went back to get his oilskins. "I was standing outside to hand them timber when the rocks crumbled. I tried to pull one man clear but his wet oilskins were slippery. He escaped but the other two died."

The other men who have been killed on the Mersey project are Ronald Carry, after a crane gib fell on him; Charles Keggins, Bernard Demess and Daniel Sweeney, who were riding in a



The Mersey Mole: the two men died in the heading at the

skip after a drop to drink and there was some horseplay with a hose when it struck the side of the shaft, two shackles broke and they plummeted down the shaft; and another man who was caught in a conveyor belt and killed.

This month Josef Nyari, John Latham died needle after the accident it was decided that it was too dangerous to start another heading, so Mole drove on and the dust blem disappeared.

## Long Kesh's hamburger disaster

By Lewis Chesler

FOR THOSE gifted with the capacity for overstatement the significance of last week's ugly riot at Long Kesh internment camp, near Belfast, is no problem. Thus, the "Civil Rights Association" of Long Kesh in its official version of what happened, smuggled out of the camp last week, feels free to invoke comparisons with the Hola Camp atrocities.

"We foretold," it comments with a hint of satisfaction, "the possibility of the history of this concentration camp being written

in blood. Monday evening, October 23, tragically saw this forecast come true." The propaganda message would be more potent if the rest of the document showed a greater acquaintance with the truth. It alleges, for example, that the four warders taken hostage by the internees were being "protected" from the army. The absurdity of much of the propaganda about the riot obscures not only the facts but the real significance of what happened.

Before last Monday the regime at Long Kesh was in many ways a liberal one. Unlike the internees

held at Crumlin Road jail, the prisoners enjoyed a high degree of association. Within the camp's three compounds they had a large measure of self-government. Warders were rarely in evidence, and did not carry firearms. No allegations of brutality emerge from Long Kesh.

Yet there were hints of trouble almost from the beginning. The first came just before the visit early in October of Westminster MPs, among them the old Aden hand, Lieutenant-Colonel Colin Mitchell.

When the word went down that the camp had to be made spic

and span for the visiting luminaries, there was a mini-revolt, part serious and part light-hearted. Instead of taking up their brooms, the internees entertained themselves by composing lurid posters—Welcome to Stalag 16 and Release Internees: intern Mad Mitch.

Decorum was restored by a threat to withdraw visiting rights. Shortly after this, the governor of Long Kesh was replaced by his deputy, George Truesdale, who was generally thought to be a more liberal figure.

Even so the tension kept rising. There were constant complaints about the food and about visiting facilities. Relatives of internees sometimes had to wait for hours in an open field before gaining admission.

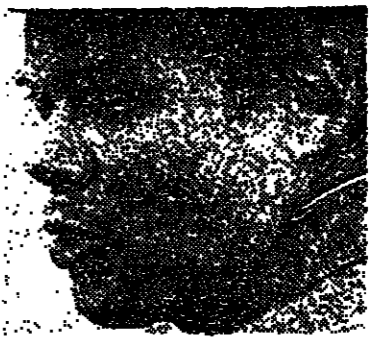
Last Sunday, as a large consignment of new internees was flown in by helicopter from the Crumlin Road jail, the mood became ominous. Internee rumour had it that the camp had failed to organise enough food and was cutting rations all round. (The Ministry of Home Affairs denied this).

At 4.45 pm on Monday the subtle self-governing "consensus" in Compound Two broke down. The trigger mechanism was a meagre, and by all accounts rather unappetising evening meal of hamburger and onion.

All the compounds had the same meal but only Compound Two—the largest, with 120 men—was in a position to raise much of a fuss about it. The gate to this compound is just a few yards from the governor's office.

Some of the prisoners started to lob their food trays over the gate, inviting the governor to eat their food. Soon things got out of hand. Just after 5 pm someone set fire to the Compound Two canteen. The four warders found themselves powerless to restore order.

One of the internees, Kevin



"Mad Mitch"—a visitor.

McMahon, a schoolteacher, said afterwards in a letter to a relative: "A small group of hooligans, who think they are heroes, started it all and we all suffered as a result." Another, Philip Lennigan, who was released last Thursday with 10 stitches in his head, said: "There was no plan, but after the canteen went up even the most moderate of us felt we were bound to be attacked by the army. So people broke up furniture to get what weapons they could."

Around 8 pm, soldiers of the 15/19 Hussars, who normally guard the perimeter fence, came into the camp for the first time. They stood for an hour in a central area, fully visible to the rioters. In this interim period, offers to mediate were sent to the governor by the internee leaders in Compounds One and Three. They were not taken up. At 7 pm some 250 soldiers went in, hard. It was all over in 10 minutes. At the end of it 19 internees were injured. Five went to hospital.

Up to this point it is difficult to fault the action of the authorities. They refused to negotiate, but they allowed time for the situation to resolve itself. When that failed, they went in with sufficient numbers to win control quickly.

What seems to have followed the riot is less easy to justify.

The next morning all three compounds were searched for security reasons" by the military. After three hours the internees returned to their huts to spare clothing in rags, appare shredded by bayonets. They say many of their belongings were missing. I have myself bundles of this slashed cloth brought out by internees. But the Ministry of Home Affairs denies that any property damaged or removed.

Long Kesh is now off "under control"—occupied by the army. But the underlying cause of the riot still exists, the forces of moderation and the internees appear to be in influence. Internment puts a prisoner in the same state of despair, for nobody has a release date. In any traditional prison, those nearing the end of their term act as a natural brake on head-headed newcomers.

The mood is set in a letter from one internee, Counc James O Kane: "Over 70 per of the men here are innocent victims, their only crime to speak out against the system. Now they tell us: 'If we can secure our release by taking an oath to become tactically inactive. What a price pay for one's freedom! majority of the men suffer on until granted an conditional release.' In the long term, the solution might be to imprison only given specific sentences specific crimes. In the short to a squad of Cordon Bleu c might help.

● The Irish Government is st ing a dossier on alleged brut to detainees in Northern Ire It has been compiled at request of the Irish Attor General.

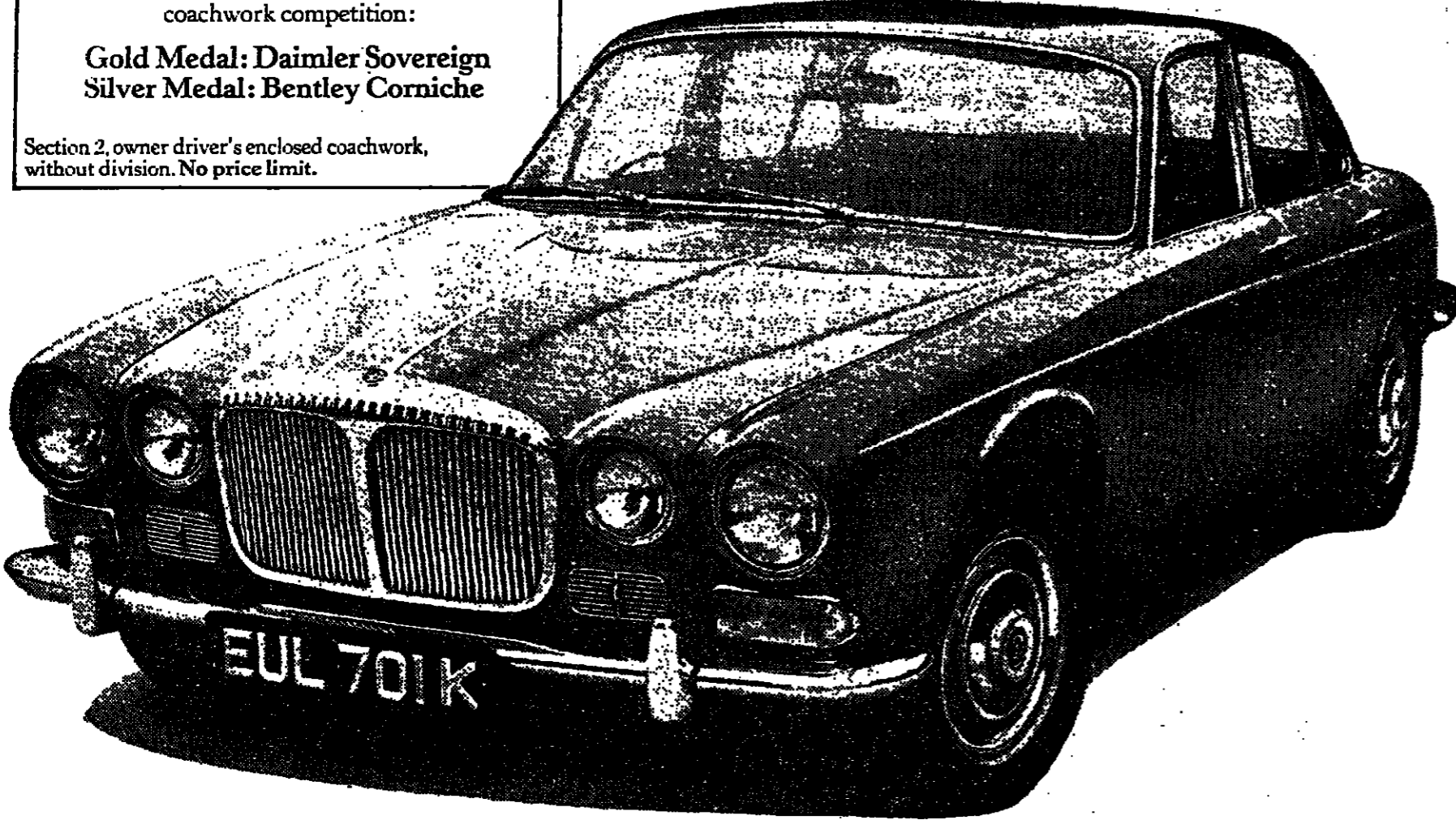
More than 290 Catholic pr in Northern Ireland have sig a document demanding a public inquiry into all brutality and torture.

# Maybe Daimler should call it the 'Golden' Sovereign now.

Institute of British Carriage and Automobile Manufacturers 1971 Motor Show coachwork competition:

Gold Medal: Daimler Sovereign  
Silver Medal: Bentley Corniche

Section 2, owner driver's enclosed coachwork, without division. No price limit.



Competing with cars many times its price, the Daimler Sovereign 4.2 litre won the Gold Medal for bodywork in the 'no price limit saloon category' at this year's motor show.

It just goes to show what we've been saying: every Daimler is a little better than the one before.



The Daimler Company Ltd., Coventry.

## The night 22 policemen called

LEGAL ACTION against the Metropolitan Police for alleged malicious prosecution and false imprisonment is being considered by the Quayes family, whose home was raided by 22 policemen one evening earlier this year, writes Derek Humphry.

This move follows the quashing by Inner London Sessions Appeals Committee last week of the convictions of Mr and Mrs Emmanuel Quayes and their daughter Kathleen. The Quayes had been fined

by the Lambeth stipendiary, Mr H. C. Beaumont, for alleged assaults on police who came to their house in Greenwich looking for a purse containing 75p.

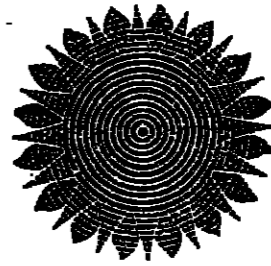
The defence said that 22 policemen took part in a "boarding party" raid and that the purse was not found.

Mr Quayes, a railway worker from Ghana, had insisted on a search warrant. Judge Geraint Rees, allowing the appeals, said: "It was a curious feature of the case that although Sergeant Ferguson was armed with the

search warrant, at no time was shown to Mr Quayes. It is a matter for speculation whether, if warrant had been shown, a lamentable situation would have arisen."

The Rev Paul Oestreich, vicar of Ascension, Greenwich, has asked the Police Commissioner for a special inquiry into the case because he believes has serious implications for race and community relations. C Inspector Fry of Kingston Thames has been appointed to conduct it.

# Go-as-you-please Winter Holidays



- ★ Choice of day of departure.
- ★ Scheduled flights by jet from London Heathrow.
- ★ Pick of top resorts in 12 countries.
- ★ Wide range of superb hotels selected by Cooks.
- ★ From 5 days to 4 weeks at inviting prices.

Brochures and bookings at any Cooks or BEA (SWSA) office or appointed agent, or telephone 01-491 7434 any time.

Car hire can be arranged by Avis.

**Cooks**  
**Golden Wing**  
with BEA and partner airlines

## How foreign food reaches High St shops unchecked

By Anne Robinson

LACK OF CONTROL over imported food is now so serious that up to 80 per cent, according to one expert, is passing into this country totally unchecked.

Health inspectors have an acute shortage of staff, and the shaping of the regulations themselves help a situation which is tailor-made for dishonest importers. They claim that with a little planning an importer could ensure that no inspections take place.

In an effort to improve matters, the Association of Public Health Inspectors yesterday announced that they are to carry out a nation-wide investigation into loopholes in the regulations. When this is completed they hope to have sufficient evidence to persuade the Government to introduce fresh legislation.

The problems have arisen since the introduction of the Imported Food and Drugs Regulations in 1968, and in particular the section which attempts to deal with the growing use of containers. In order to overcome traffic congestion at ports and, in many cases, the lack of cold storage facilities, the regulations allow port health inspectors to defer inspection of food containers until they reach their inland destination.

Under this system, the importer gives an undertaking that the containers will remain sealed until the destination point. The inland health authorities of the containers in transit.

But unless the inland authorities receive notice quickly they are likely to find that the container has already been opened and distributed. The importer's undertaking to leave the container sealed causes the moment it reaches its destination.

A typical example: On a recent Friday morning, a note arrived in the Public Health Department of Westminster City Council. It had been posted two days earlier by the Chief Health Inspector of the North Wales port of Holyhead, advising Westminster that a consignment of sausage beef from Dublin was on its way to London and should be inspected.

An inspector was sent out the same Friday afternoon to the importer's address in West London. The firm, specialising in kosher meat, was shut because of the Jewish Sabbath. And when the inspector returned the following Monday he watched helplessly as the meat rolled off the production line as sausages and learnt that most of the delivery had already left the premises. Westminster followed up this

incident with a stern request to Holyhead to notify them by telephone in future.

In Holyhead's case there are only two health inspectors, both working part time at the port, which handles a large amount of the Irish food imports. "The Senior Public Health Inspector, Mr. Malden Jones, said last week: "We cannot possibly deal with the inspection of containers in transit. We defer all of them for inspection at their destination."

Mr. Steven Crawford, a senior public health inspector with a London borough who has written a detailed study on containerisation, says: "As an overall estimate there cannot be more than 20 per cent of containers inspected. Importers who act quickly can move their containers from the ports to the inland destinations within a couple of hours."

"Unless we are waiting on their doorstep we don't stand a chance. Before containers came into use, as many as 15 different people would for various reasons have a chance to see the food packets at the ports. Sealed containers do not allow for this."

Another severe critic is Mr. A. H. Marshall, Chief Health Inspector for the Port of London. He estimates that about half the containers are inspected at the port and half sent on for inspection inland. At the Port of London, unlike most smaller ports, cold storage facilities allow perishable food to remain in good condition while inspections are made. But delays for inspection must still be justified, as containers can cost importers as much as £100 a day in hire fees while they remain at the docks.

Shortly before the new regulations came into force in 1968, the Department of Health sent a confidential letter to health authorities warning them that they may need to review the adequacy of staff. But there has been no noticeable increase in the number of public health inspectors and many small rural authorities argue that to hire an extra man would mean something like a 3p increase on the rates.

The Association of Public Health Inspectors are not prepared yet to say exactly how they would like the regulations changed. But one view widely held is that, first, importers should be law inform health authorities of a consignment's arrival and hold it for inspection; and second, the number of health inspectors should be increased throughout the country and the bill footed by the Exchequer and not the ratepayers.



BELFAST, wartime heroine now at rest in Pool of London, is facing a new enemy—the Irish schoolboy. The veteran cruiser arrived last week, somewhat unprepared for the onslaught of ors—between 3,000 and 5,000 a day—uraged by good weather and half-term days. One indignant Sunday Times reader who ed the ship with his children, wrote in ribing his reactions as he watched hordes of igsters swarming over the floating museum. e gasped at the open-sided catwalks leading on off the ship. He shuddered at the steep vertical lers. He groaned at the steel eyelets and ring

## Fighting lady takes in boarders

bolts sticking up from the upper deck. He was astounded to see no lifebelts. He fumed at a gaping hatch. He was baffled by inadequate direction and description signs.

Our picture makes the realistic point that big guns are irresistible for small boys. They liberate the imagination. Especially when it's known that it was the ironware aboard HMS Belfast which fired the first shots in the Battle of North Cape in December 1943, which culminated in the sinking of the German battlecruiser Scharnhorst.

But it's true these guns were made for firing, not for playing with. And it's a long, hard, drop to the deck if children happen to fall off.

The HMS Belfast Trust, a registered charity which administers the new tourist attraction, admits that all is not yet ideal. But says it soon will be. Wire-mesh will make the catwalks boy-proof. The steel eyelets and ring bolts are being specially painted yellow so they can easily be seen. Potentially dangerous hatches are being covered. Signs are being improved and close-circuit TV and

film shows will satisfy even the most inquiring minds. And for 12p, there's a guide book that Tells All, from prow to stern.

The lifebelts? Some had been thrown overboard by children. They have all been replaced. The steep ladders? They're all perfectly safe, say the Trust, if children use them sensibly. Finally, the Trust insist that HMS Belfast is, first and foremost, a warship and the aim of the exercise is to show her, as nearly as possible, in her original state—as a fighting lady and not a stuffed owl.

Story: David Divine

Picture: Stanley Devon

## Mental patients pay more for meals than they earn

ITALLY HANDICAPPED patients pay more for their mid-meals than they earn at a ty council training centre in Isle of Wight. Up to 25 day nts at the Medina Training re in Newport receive a inum of 55p each week in commercial workshops. Their ly lunch bill is 60p.

ie patients, unfit for outside loyment, are among 52 ally and physically handi- ed people who attend the re. They pack greetings s, assemble boxes for

cigarette lighters and wrap silver paper around frames for an electronics firm. The three firms concerned—J. Arthur Dixon, Ronson Products and Plessey Radar—say that their contracts with the council are at the normal economic rate for the work. Spokesmen for all three firms explained that they had no say in how much the patients got, but, as one spokesman put it: "They must earn far more than they are paid." The Council refuses to give details of the contracts. Greeting-card packers at J.

Arthur Dixon earn about £12 a week. Miss Audrey Campbell, director of the island's social services department, estimates that patients at the training centre do about a quarter of a normal person's work each day. This would mean that the patients would receive only a fifth of the money paid under contract by the firm to the council.

The Rev. Derek Stirman, vice-chairman of the Isle of Wight Association for Mental Health, first raised the issue at a public meeting this month attended by Miss Campbell. He asked if the

purpose of the centre was to train patients or to make a profit for the Council.

"There is no possible excuse for this exploitation," he said yesterday. "I don't want the patients to lose the opportunity to work in training centres, but I feel they should have a better deal. Any money earned under the contracts ought to be paid to them."

Miss Campbell says she is "outraged" at suggestions that patients are being exploited. The patients attend the centre for 32 hours each week and are taught

how to make beds and to cook, interspersed with their workshop jobs.

But, she says, "I don't think that the present arrangements are satisfactory and I shall shortly be putting forward new pay proposals which if accepted, will be included in the estimates for next year." The next financial year starts on April 1st, 1972, so no change can be expected for the next five months.

A social work consultant at the council defended the present arrangements. "These are people of retarded intelligence who

would not be able to hold down a job in the community," He said. "If they were paid more, it could affect their social security benefits."

But Mr David Ennals, director of the National Association for Mental Health, said yesterday: "Patients can earn up to £2 a week before it affects social security benefits. The rate of pay at the Medina Training Centre is very unusual and quite wrong. Patients should be paid for the actual work they do."

Alex Finer

## We deliver energy

### Energy on the race-circuit

The Gulf-Porsche team of cars has an impressive record of wins on the world's toughest racetracks.

In just two seasons the team has scored no fewer than twelve victories to help Porsche clinch successive Manufacturers' World Championships.

But we don't just race to win. We race to research.

This way we develop the performance of the motor oils and fuels available on our service station forecourts.

This way we obtain prolonged high-temperature testbed conditions—conditions that are in effect impossible to simulate.

### Energy in the research centre

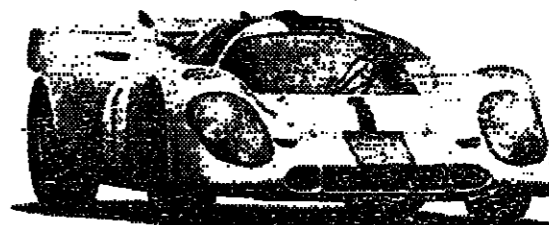
Energy is our product field. Energy is also our attitude.

Based on our Europoort Research Laboratory in Holland, we have a team of over 200 chemists, physicists, chemical and mechanical engineers.

People who know Europe, its climatic extremes, its technical requirements.

People who regularly break new ground. People who are out to serve you energetically.

If you have an energy problem, ask us. We deliver. Gulf Oil (Great Britain) Ltd., Gulfbrit House, 6 Grosvenor Place, London S.W.1.



THE LAST-MINUTE escalation of the European majority in the Commons last Thursday night to 112 from the expected 60-70 is largely explained by one simple happening. It was the lunch-time speech of Mr Douglas Houghton, chairman of the Parliamentary Labour Party, the day before which safely delivered 60 Labour votes to Mr Heath. Yet, ironically, Houghton had intended his speech to be a party unifier, throwing a life-line to Roy Jenkins.

"I have shown Roy how he must make a personal sacrifice—otherwise he's in a terrible trouble," he confided to a friend afterwards. This was the purpose of his own confession that he intended to vote for the Market and with the Government on Thursday—but afterwards throwing all his influence into uniting the party against the consequential legislation.

By this compromise formula—intended to re-unite Mr Jenkins and his allies with the rest of the Party—Houghton suddenly made voting with a number of Labour MPs who had previously been in doubt. The consequence is the biggest split in the Labour Party since 1931.

"At least Ramsay MacDonald, Snowden and Jimmy Thomas had the decency and dignity to quit the party," snarled one anti-Market speaker. "But this shower has deliberately wrecked the party, saved a Tory Government under pressure and provided a Tory Prime Minister with his greatest personal triumph." The point was bitterly made by a livid Barbara Castle, who hissed at Jenkins, when the vote was announced and the massed Tory ranks rose to cheer the Prime Minister: "Why aren't you on your feet cheering him too, like the rest of your friends over there?"

The various over-lapping groups of anti-Market speakers and Left-wingers are at one in blaming Houghton, a highly respected father-figure, for spreading disintegration—and also the Chief Whip, Bob Mellish, for presiding over the biggest collapse in party discipline in recent history. By Wednesday night, the Market majority would soar to 120—while Fleet Street was still hedging between 50 and 83.

Though Houghton is a Marketeer, it had been expected by the Labour antis that, as party chairman, he would respect the majority decision. The worst that had been expected was that he would abstain. In the end I am confident he will be the toast of his

## How the Houghton lifeline put a rope round his party's neck

JAMES MARGACH

party, because in his peace formula he has shown a readiness to sacrifice his personal views to the greater cause of unity.

The Houghton speech followed—and wrecked—an apparent peace initiative by Edward Short, Short, a dedicated European, issued a personal statement explaining why he could not vote with the party's three-line Whip. His solution, as a former Chief Whip, was abstention.

Those who are fighting Mr Jenkins now present Mr Short as the great unifier who warned his fellow Marketeers of the danger of supporting the Tory Government. Yet when he heard of it, Mr Jenkins was no less pleased with Short's tactic—taking the view that, in view of his former Chief Whip's role, no more could have been expected from him. Indeed, last week friends of Jenkins acidly drew the contrast between Short's courageous announcement of abstention and the wavering of Anthony Crosland, who had no comparable reason for holding back from a firm decision in the lobby. (Crosland, in the end, joined Short and abstained).

The refusal of most of the Marketeers to follow the Short line destroyed Mellish's whipping exercise. Before the Houghton speech, Mellish had calculated that a reasonable balance had been struck between the Labour votes for Europe, the abstainers and the hard three-liners. But in the final five hours, Mellish's whipping collapsed into a go-as-you-please free vote.

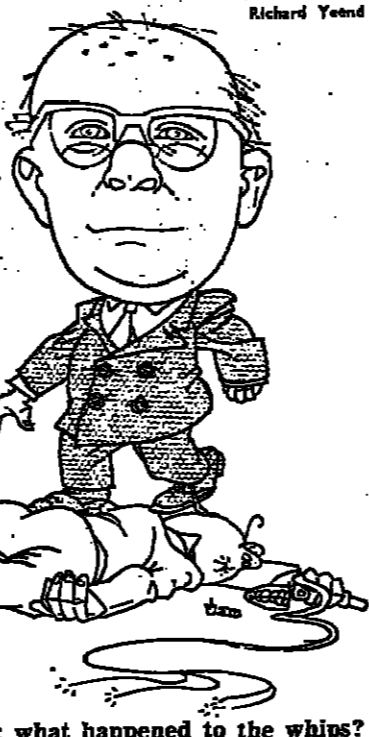
Inside the Whips office, Mellish left in an impossible situation by his leaders, has his own problems. Walter Harrison,

his No 2 threatened to resign on two grounds: he was being accused of wielding the whip too harshly and, he felt that Mellish, a Marketeer, and some of his colleagues were not showing enough energy in whipping. Harrison was persuaded not to throw the towel in only after two sharp interviews with Wilson.

BEFORE the Labour Party's anti-Market speakers allowed their fury to burst, they had attempted a cooler initiative to shift Jenkins. This was the round-robin signed by 100 Labour MPs and delivered to Jenkins by Stan Orme, a leading Tribune group campaigner. The letter was a masterpiece of moderation, pleading with Jenkins to put party first. It was drafted by two professionals: Ian Mikardo, the shrewdest mind on the party's far Left, and John Silkin, the former Chief Whip whose skill had guaranteed the majority of the Parliamentary Labour Party against Europe. The joint authors were helped by suggestions from Silkin's former No 2, Brian O'Malley.

The manoeuvre, however, totally failed in its objective. With equal courtesy, Jenkins replied that he could not change his mind or vote against Europe. Future epistles to Jenkins will not be so courteous. Hatred and feelings of furious bitterness are now concentrated on him because he is regarded as the central figure in the wreck of his party. He has not even been helped by the fact that he has not engaged in the deafening polemics around him.

Like his closest associates in the European Labour camp, Harold Lever, George Thompson



Houghton: what happened to the whips?

and Shirley Williams—they have been dubbed the "Unspeakeable Four"—they maintained a solid silence during the Great Debate. But the argument against Jenkins and his allies is that, if they kept quiet, they also lifted no finger to try to bring down the temperature. There was only, Jenkins' enemies sneer, the silence of the ivory tower.

I have not heard such bitterness and venomous rage directed at one man since the Right-wingers and union leaders attacked Nye Bevan 20 years ago. The unspoken objective of the Left now is either to humiliate Roy Jenkins and his allies into submission—or to drive them from the party. Already they are being contemptuously called the Labour-Unionists, a new race of hyphenated hybrids.

Two days before the Europe vote, I estimated that Jenkins would be re-elected with a 145 to 125 majority. Now I am not so confident. The middle men of the party—particularly the 90-strong trade union group—do not like to see the party flouted; nurtured in the tradition of majority decisions, they have been disciplined to go along with decisions they disliked when outvoted. This is the first time in the half-century of the party's history that rebels have ever defied a three-line whip and actually voted with a Conservative Government on a Conservative motion.

They are being warned that Jenkins is indispensable in the Labour leadership—but they also hear "Tiger" Clemenceau's wry comment: "The cemeteries are full of indispensable men." Roy Jenkins is therefore going to be hard-pressed to make it. A

large group of Labour MPs in the centre will want copper-bottomed pledges of future loyalty, especially since Heath might exploit the confusion with a snap election. But counting heads on the Tory side suggests that it might not be so agonising now for most of the Labour Europeans to rejoin the party fold and vote against the Government on the detailed legislation.

The Tories have 39 of their own rebels on their hands which was higher than expected, but not all will continue the fight against the consequential legislation. Fifteen to 20 may well do so—most of them older members who owe nothing to Heath's patronage, and some of whom are beyond ambition for office. The hard-core is headed by Enoch Powell, Sir Derek Walker-Smith, Sir Gerald Nabarro and Robin Turton. Reinforced by newer members, including Colin Mitchell, Roger Moore and Edward Taylor, they can still mount a formidable challenge.

Yet even if 20 Tory rebels vote against the Government during the legislation, Heath should still be safe. The Government's overall majority is 25—and with the six Liberals pledged to support the legislation throughout, this boosts the Tory majority to 37, which is just enough to cope with Tory revolts on the scale expected. In addition, the Government can count on a few Labour allies sufficiently determined to save the Europe Bill whatever their Party may threaten. They include particularly Marketeers who are retiring at the next election, and ex-Ministers who have long been alienated by Wilson.

Heath can expect help from the veterans whom Wilson has forgotten or snubbed: Ray Gunter, Austin Albu, Michael Stewart, Charles Pannell, Arthur Blenkinsop, Patrick Gordon Walker, for instance. An illicit coalition of Europe-like Tories would ensure that the Market legislation is not lost. But it could still be held up for many months with a belligerent Opposition determined to filibuster, obstruct and decimate the Bill.

## Europeans who switched back

The following Labour MPs who signed the famous pro-Market declaration in *The Guardian* on May 11 did not go into the European Lobby last Thursday:

Voted Against: Ernest Armstrong (who was an anti-Teller), James Boyden, R. E. Cant, Stanley Cohen, G. E. Davies, James Dunn, Doris Fisher, John Golding, Dennis Healey, Leslie Hockfield, Arthur Irvine, Walter Johnson, Gregor Mackenzie, Simon Mahon, Thomas Oswald, Walter Padley, Ernest Perry, Albert Roberts, Shirley Summerskill, Edwin Wainwright, George Wallace.

Abstained: Scholefield Allen, Gordon Bagier, Bob Brown, Ronald Brown, Anthony Crosland, Hugh Delargy, A. E. Duffy, Robert Edwards, Alan Fitch, Cledwyn Hughes, James Johnson, Fred Mulley, John Parker, Edward Short, James Tinn, James Well-beloved.

## Inside Bengal: the terror with two faces

STRICT censorship in East Pakistan makes it almost impossible to learn what is happening there. Smuggling news despatches out of the country is a difficult and dangerous operation. *The Sunday Times* has obtained the report printed below, but because of the prevailing conditions is unable to identify the writer. What can be said is that the report is recent and absolutely reliable.

AN ESTIMATED 800 Mukhti Bahini (Bangla Desh) guerrillas operating in Dacca have launched a series of daylight bomb attacks on public buildings, forcing the Pakistani army into tight defensive positions in the city.

On October 19, a bomb explosion at 10.57 a.m. outside the Habib Bank building in Motijheel, the city's main business area, killed five people, injured 13 others and wrecked seven cars, one taxi and two cycle-rickshaws. Next day, another bomb exploded on the fourth floor of the State Bank building, down the road. No one was killed but the explosion rocked the building, which also houses the local offices of the World Bank.

On October 10, there were several explosions in the Demara area where the jute warehouses are located, causing a big fire. Two nights earlier, mortar bombs landed on the administration block of the cholera hospital.

It is also reported that Pakistan army losses in East Pakistan have risen from 18 to 128 per day. Carpenters are employed to build coffins for officers who, presumably, get shipped home to West Pakistan for burial.

The present daylight bomb attacks have broken a three-week lull in the activities of the Mukhti Bahini after 80 of them were captured in Dacca by the Pakistan Army authorities around September 15. The big haul was a result of information extracted "under pressure" from two of their members who had been arrested earlier. Now the Mukhti Bahini guerrillas are back, more daring.

For its part, the Pakistan Army has considerably strengthened security measures in the city, particularly in and around Dacca Airport. These are as much a precaution against guerrilla activity as against the threat of war with India.

Pillboxes have been built on the roofs of houses along the airport road. The airport buildings have been painted over with camouflage grey. Firing emplacements have been constructed around the airport. P.A. Boats are now in double jeopardy. On the one hand they are the target of deliberate attack by the Mukhti Bahini if suspected of any liaison with the martial law authorities. Recently the Save the Children



The day-light bomb explosion in Motijheel, Dacca's business district, on October 19 when five people were killed

water and they fly in without navigation lights.

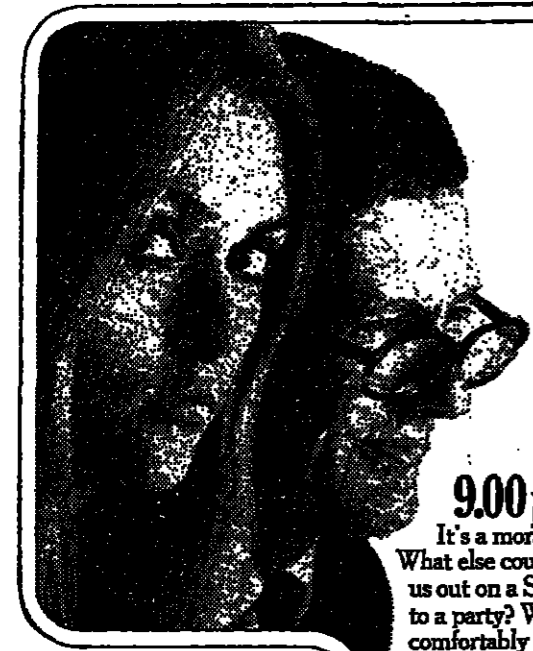
With the Bangla Desh radio promising an increase in Mukhti Bahini activity, Dacca was reported to be "poised on the knife-edge of expectancy." Work in government offices is slowing down again and streets are deserted at night except for the cars of foreign residents and army men.

The authorities have begun digging 350 shallow tube wells as a precaution against disruption of the city's water supply, which now comes from a single station pumping river water into the mains. Blackouts and air-raid drills were started from September 24.

Foreigners in Dacca and other parts of East Pakistan, who have hitherto been relatively safe, are now in double jeopardy. On the one hand they are subject to harassment and personal attack by raskars. These para-military bully boys early this month severely beat up an English missionary, Mr David Rowlands, who was travelling to Mymensingh to visit his congregation. On the other, expatriates would be the target of deliberate attack by the Mukhti Bahini if suspected of any liaison with the martial law authorities.

Some of these stocks are reported to have "borrowed" UN jeeps delivered in Chittagong several weeks ago. It has not been able to make the Chittagong Comilla highway safe for regular traffic. As a result the dock-ah in Chittagong are said to be bursting with goods.

The army, for its part, reported to have "borrowed" UN jeeps delivered in Chittagong several weeks ago. It has not been able to make the Chittagong Comilla highway safe for regular traffic. As a result the dock-ah in Chittagong are said to be bursting with goods.

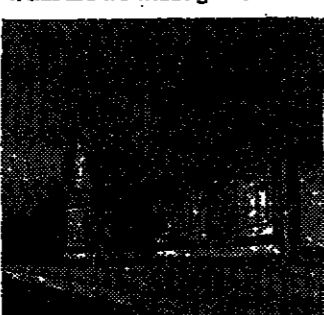


OUT THERE IN THE THICK OF IT

9.00 pm

It's a moral obligation. What else could drag us out on a Saturday night to a party? We could be comfortably at home listening to madrigals and sipping lemon tea with our feet in a book. But we promised we'd come.

9.10 pm Well, at least it's in an interesting house. It's a converted railway station; the down side of the Little Godlington line. We have just been informed the drinks are in the Ladies Waiting Room. What are we waiting for?



9.15 pm Well, at least we know what we are drinking. It's Asti Martini. Cases of it in the kitchen. So somebody's had the wit to provide a large supply of decent booze. Now all I need to know is who am I talking to.



9.20 pm His name's Victor. It's his party. He's in research. Wants to know what I'm doing tomorrow. I told him to ask my husband. Where is my husband?



11.15 pm Victor, I don't believe you have met my husband, John. Oh, you have. Oh yes, of course. Victor filled a clean jug full of Asti Whatsit for John. He's so thoughtful.



1.15 am John seems to be dancing on a refectory table in what used to be the Ticket Office with a rather pretty blonde. Victor thinks we should join them.

4.00 am Victor has just opened another six bottles of Asti Martini and is madly issuing Little Godlington to Brighton tickets to everyone. The Asti is simply bubbling everywhere. What a great party! We're glad to be in the thick of it!



ASTI MARTINI

The classic Asti Spumante wine from Martini & Rossi Ltd.

Martini is a registered trade mark.

## House votes to join EEC—now to business.

Now that Britain has decided to join the EEC knowledge of Common Market law is essential for lawyers, businessmen, accountants and government officials. Those in the Community itself already know how the new but rapidly developing Community law is permeating deep into the effective national systems and how essential it is for them to be kept informed of all the latest changes.

### Common Market Law

This law is being developed by the European Court of Justice sitting in Luxembourg, by the Commission, and by the National courts. *Common Market Law Reports* publishes judicial and quasi-judicial decisions from all these sources.

### Common Market Law Reports

First published in 1962, it is still the only series in any language which prints all the principal judicial decisions on Common Market law. In a separate Supplement it also publishes all decisions of the Commission on restrictive practices under Articles 85 and 86 of the EEC Treaty as well as regulations, draft regulations, and notices on the same subject.

### Translated Judgements

All judgements reported in *Common Market Law Reports* have been translated into English by legally and linguistically

qualified translators, and are edited and supplied with head-notes by members of the English Bar. From the beginning of 1970 the Reports have included the judgements in the original language in addition to the English translation.

### Monthly Publication

*Common Market Law Reports* is published bi-monthly; from next January it will appear monthly. Each subscriber receives, in addition to the Reports and Supplements, annual analytical tables and an index, an annual cloth binding case, and, initially, an A5-size binder. Subscribers in 1971 and 1972 will receive a cumulative index to the first ten volumes.

### Subscription Rates

The annual subscription to *Common Market Law Reports* for 1972 is £30 (North America \$84). From January 1st 1972 the single copy price will be £2.50 (\$87).

### Bound Volumes

Bound volumes of each of the first nine years of publication are available at £21 each. Volume X (for 1971) will be the same price and will be ready early next year.

### Special Offer

A special offer of the complete set of ten volumes (1962-1971) and a subscription for 1972 is available at £209 (normal price £240) until December 31st 1971.

Please complete and return the order form below.

## Common Market Law Reports

49 PARK LANE, LONDON W1

TELEPHONE 01-493 2622

### ORDER FORM

To: Common Market Law Reports, 49 Park Lane, London W1.

☐ Please supply the complete set of ten volumes, a subscription for 1972, and a cumulative index, at the special price of £209. (\$586)

☐ Please supply a subscription for 1972, and a cumulative index, at £30. (\$84)

☐ Please supply the following individual volumes @ £21 (\$59) each

I enclose my cheque for £ /please invoice me.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

مركز الأبحاث

## How a quarter of the world's population won a place at the United Nations

## Follow US diplomats met their Pearl Harbour

By Stephen Fay, New York

THE AMERICAN mission to the United Nations last week the man's desk was littered with books and papers, but one small volume stood out: Look at Red China. Americans were taking a look rather sooner than they expected. Last Monday after they were confident that tactical struggle to keep in the United Nations, therefore, Peking out this had been won. Twenty-four later the American mission, the others, was feverishly waiting when "The People's" arrive.

Peng-Fei, China's acting Minister, stilled some of speculation by telling UN Secretary-General U Thant on that Peking's representatives would arrive in the "near" future. They are expected within a week.

Amir Ahmed Salim, Tanzanian Ambassador to the UN, told the Albanians lead the to expel the Taiwanese relatives of Chiang Kai-shek, to New York from Peking convinced that the Chinese have decoupled.

At the end of the week UN had begun to wonder all the fuss had been about. British were giving a school-ticking-off to various, for the "exchange of letters" that followed Monday's vote. But most nations d with the British that the

United Nations should stop squabbling and learn to live with the representatives of one quarter of the earth's population. Nobody was so cool on Monday. The American Ambassador, George Bush, left the building shortly after midnight on Tuesday morning referring to the expulsion of Taiwan as "a moment of infamy"—the words used by President Roosevelt to describe the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbour.

The defeat was a kind of Pearl Harbour for American diplomacy. Nixon, William Rogers, his Secretary of State, and Bush, Nixon had personally telephoned Rogers of State, Rogers had persuaded Foreign Ministers, and Bush had haggled with Ambassadors. But in the end the United States just did not have the resources.

The reasons for the defeat are debated endlessly in New York, but essentially they come down to a brilliant diplomatic offensive by Albania and its allies than to a number of serious miscalculations by the Americans and theirs.

The first of them came early on Monday morning. Nick King, the American spokesman, made public the confident prediction that his side would win by three votes. Earlier that morning, however, the Ambassador for Saudi Arabia, a self-regarding procedural expert named Jamil Baroudy, had tried to assist the Americans by

putting down a motion asking that the vote be delayed until Tuesday. No-one expected the vote on Monday, but Baroudy's move had a devastating effect on the opposition.

"His motion was a catalyst," Salim Ahmed Salim said, "and we decided then that the more time they got, the harder it would be."

Throughout the day the Albanians and their allies lobbied hard to defeat the Baroudy motion. When the votes were counted they had a majority of three against it, and the big vote was to be that night, 18 hours or so before it had been expected.

The American campaign which was considerably helped by the Japanese, had never been especially subtle. Old favours were recalled, the odd threat was made. "What did they offer you?" one wavering delegate was asked after a meeting with the Americans. "It wasn't what they offered," he replied, "it was what they said they would take away."

But on the night itself there was no pretence at subtlety at all. A member of the Japanese delegation sat down at the desk of an Ambassador from the Caribbean. "We are thinking of expanding our investments and our trade in your part of the world."

It did not matter. When the vote was cast on the scoreboard the Americans had lost; their supposed three vote major-



China is in: how Albanian and Tanzanian delegates greeted last week's news

ity had been transformed into a defeat by four votes. They looked around for scapegoats. A number of countries had, they said, promised to vote for them, but had abstained.

They were Belgium, Cyprus, Tunisia, Morocco, Qatar, and Senegal. Trinidad and Tobago were going to abstain, they thought, but Trinidad voted against. And Ireland, on which America had relied for a friendly abstention, had voted against too.

The case of Ireland illustrates how the Americans had misled themselves. Its vote had been taken for granted, but the Irish had concluded that the time had come for a change. They did not want to be bullied by the Americans and so kept their decision secret.

Kissinger's visit to Peking influenced a number of the wavering delegations and each points to it

when asked to explain their change of mind.

On Monday morning, Peking announced that they had established diplomatic relations with Belgium. It was a clear indication that the Chinese were following the debate minutely, mainly through their embassy in Ottawa, where the Ambassador, Huang Hwa, was constantly in touch with Albanian deputy Foreign Minister, Reis Malle, in New York. On Monday evening Belgium predictably abstained.

Archbishop Makarios had promised the American Ambassador in Nicosia that Cyprus would vote with them. But the longer the debate went on, the less convinced the Cypriot delegate became of America's case. They were proposing that two governments be recognised for a single country. The implications for Cyprus, deeply divided between

Greek and Turk, were not attractive. At the last minute, despite a mixture of pleas and threats from the Americans on the assembly floor, Cyprus decided to abstain.

President Nixon warned that the demonstrations of joy by the victorious party "could very seriously impair support for the United Nations in the country and in Congress." President Nixon never takes defeat very well. No one at United Nations headquarters is smiling at his implied threats.

The UN and all its agencies spend \$400 million a year, of which America contributes £135 million. A cut would be catastrophic. That seems unlikely; what is more likely is a refusal by America to increase its contribution. When the UN is as close to bankruptcy as it is, that threat is serious enough.

## Riots feared in unseated Taiwan

By a Special Correspondent, Taipei

THE MOOD in Taiwan could become ugly, erupting into violent anti-American demonstrations when President Nixon makes his scheduled visit to Peking early next year. If Mr Nixon signs an agreement establishing formal relations with Peking, it is felt here that the Taiwan Government will be forced by public pressure into a showdown with the US and possibly even with Peking.

There is a divergence in attitudes and responses between the entrenched old guard led by General Chiang Kai-shek and the younger officials and the new generation of politically-oriented Taiwanese and Taiwan-born Chinese.

The younger group want ambitions to be moderated to match the new realities that Taiwan must face. They would like to see a dismantling of the facade of central government which has functioned in exile these past two decades. The feeling is that only a small administrative structure is needed at provincial and municipal level. General Chiang Kai-shek is known to be resisting the idea, partly because of loss of face and partly because he wishes to preserve the status of his old Kuomintang comrades from the mainland days.

Chiang Ching-kuo, the Generalissimo's son and designated successor, is the figure around which the younger officials and activists are gathering. Even before the UN vote, Chiang Ching-kuo was clearly moving away from the

dreams of his father. He favours demobilising a large part of the 800,000-strong standing army and releasing most of its trained, skilled youths for industry. A labour shortage is already pinching agricultural productivity. Chiang Ching-kuo has in fact taken an intense interest in economic policy and now heads the Council for International Economic Co-operation and Development. He realises that the Kuomintang has over the years alienated the indigenous Taiwanese, who look on the mainlanders as intruders. Unless the Taiwanese get a bigger share of the economic opportunities and power, the Nationalists may have to contend with resistance from the natives.

The immediate concern here appears to be the need to safeguard Taiwan's territorial integrity. Dr George Yeh, former Foreign Minister and now Minister without Portfolio, expresses the fear that the Sino-American defence treaty of 1954, which he signed on behalf of the Nationalists, might be the next casualty. Tight internal security has kept demonstrations down to symbolic gestures.

But surrounded by the old Kuomintang warhorses, Chiang Kai-shek has as yet provided little indication that he will retire and let his son and new men lead his country out of the present impasse. In the final analysis, what the Generalissimo decides will be crucial.

© Asian News Service

## Keeping Tigrid out of mischief

EL TIGRID, a Czech-born Russian citizen, wrote a book about the Russian intervention in Czechoslovakia in 1968 called Dubeck Fell. Like most of his published in the West that episode, Mr Tigrid's did not please the Russians. He now lives in Paris—or at least he did until Mr Brezhnev's last week. He

had expressed opinions which could lead to the conclusion that I would be susceptible to emotions which under certain circumstances could become uncontrollable. Asked whether I understood this, I replied in the affirmative (it was 6.30 am last Saturday).

Like Mr Brezhnev, I was to consider myself a guest of the French Government, all expenses paid. Moreover I was told in confidence that it was the KGB—the Soviet secret police—who had suggested to the French that I should be considered a dangerous individual.

Soon I realised that there were many more of us, all potential mischief makers and terrorists. When transported to Orly airport I could not but notice that we looked very much like terrorists in retirement. Later in Corsica during a splendid dinner we exchanged information on the state of our respective health. Rheumatism prevailed.

was not arrested, I was not expelled from France. I was only "dropped": removed. A few people will have had opportunity of being "read" from France in the near and for the reasons that I hasten to report that it most enjoyable experience.

was explained to me by the police officials in charge my "dropping" that if a Secretary-General of any were to visit France there would be no question of my release; fortunately the Secretary-General in question was proved to Head of State for a time, and that changed everything.

was added that I had to be "dropped", not because of my political opinions, but because I

Here and there, unpleasant things are said about the French police. Nonsense. My guardians were charming and well read. One of them knew me as a writer, and the other decided to order my last book without delay. To pass the time, while we were waiting at the police station, he asked me whether I knew what continues to grow longest after one is dead. I pleaded ignorance. Fingernails, he said. The other day he had to cut down a man who hugged himself two weeks earlier. His nails were three inches long. At that moment I was served a huge ham sandwich and beer.

In fact, if the group of some 50 of us was at all representative, then the cause of terrorism in France is in bad need of rejuvenation. Our last hope, a violin case smuggled into the plane by a Ukrainian gentleman was also to evaporate: the case concealed, not a machine gun, but the appropriate musical instrument.

One of our number pointed out a sumptuous villa overlooking the mountains and the coast of Corsica. He was the owner. Ten years ago, on the occasion of Mr Krushchev's visit to France, he had been "dropped". The huge chunk of land was sold to him for a single symbolic franc by the municipality of the village, just to celebrate a devoted revolutionary. "Here I am," said the villa owner. "But where is Mr Krushchev?"

## Take this first easy step towards a more comfortable life with Everest double glazing

Everest does what any form of double glazing is intended to do: keep cold out and warmth in. But delighted customers—over 55,000 of them—seem to feel Everest does it more efficiently and more handsomely. Here's why...

- \* Each individual Everest window is designed to blend unobtrusively with your existing windows and room decor.
- \* Everest is the only nation-wide double glazing system that uses anodised aluminium frames mounted in solid timber—for handsome appearance and enduring perfect fit.
- \* Each Everest window fitting is individually craftsman-built to the exact measurements of your windows. (No window is too difficult or too much trouble—not even the "problem" types. We sometimes take up to 20 measurements for a single window!).
- \* Precision-fitted by experts, Everest windows ensure supreme comfort—winter and summer—with highest efficiency in cutting fuel costs, eliminating draughts, reducing noise and condensation.
- \* Everest windows open smoothly at a touch... shut tight with a unique-to-Everest self-locking catch, proved effective in preventing burglaries.
- \* All Everest installations are backed with a full 5-year Guarantee by Home Insulation Ltd., part of the world-wide Rio Tinto-Zinc Corporation and also members of the independent Insulation Glazing Association.

Find out more  
Everest double glazing is an investment in comfort that can add substantially to the value of your property. So don't decide for or against double glazing your home without finding out more about Everest. Post the coupon today to Home Insulation Ltd., Waltham Cross, Herts.

Send this coupon today

Over 55,000 home-owners can't be wrong! Just a few extracts from the many letters in praise of Everest: "The additional warmth, comfort and fuel cost saving this winter have proved beyond all measure that it is worth it..." (A.B.B., Harlepool). "The workmanship and appearance could not be improved upon..." (S. Durham). "...extremely impressed by the double glazing which has blended very well with the existing windows..." (E.W., Watford). "...a very real saving in fuel and the house is now free of draughts. This coupled with the burglar-proof factor makes the whole installation very worthwhile..." (R.E.F., King's Lynn).

To: Home Insulation Ltd., Waltham Cross, Herts. Please tell me more about Everest made-to-measure double glazing.

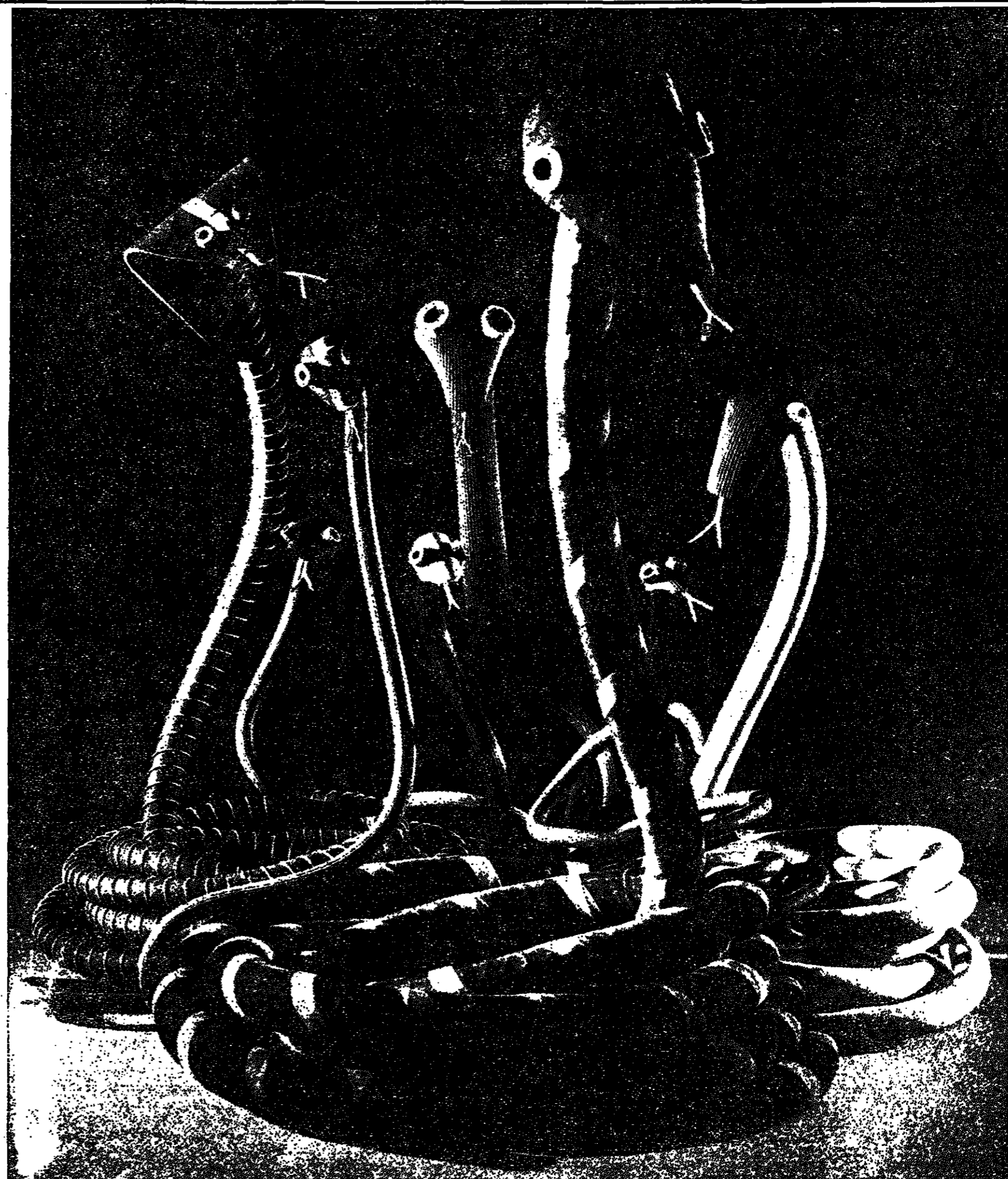
NAME

ADDRESS

Everest

the best name in double glazing

ABM/A/ST/71



## Dunlophiology

Is the global science of flexible flow. The Dunlop Angus Hose Group moves a great many things quicker by pipeline, from delectable beer to corrosive chemicals.

Our latest breakthrough is Selflore integral floating oil hose, specially constructed to resist the worst assaults of weather from the Persian Gulf to Newfoundland, and big enough to move oil faster between giant tankers and storage tanks.

These qualities produced a notable Dunlop-Common Market "first" when Dunlop Selflore was chosen to play a vital part in Holland's huge land reclamation projects.

Steel pipes, traditionally used to carry the millions of tons of sand dredged from the seabed, are so vulnerable to storm conditions that just a fresh breeze can halt work for days. Dunlop Selflore goes on working, even in a howling gale, because it is flexible enough to ride the waves.

Our hose pays off all ways.

DUNLOP

**CJA****RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS**

35 New Broad Street, London, E.C.2. Tel. 01-588 3588



Opportunity exists to head up the group litigation department in the short/medium term — particularly interesting commercial environment.

**SOLICITOR****SURREY****LEADING FINANCE GROUP****£3,000 to circa £4,000**

This vacancy is open to qualified male or female solicitors aged 24-32, with a minimum of 2 years post qualification experience gained in a private or commercial firm of solicitors within the general or litigation sphere. (Outstanding candidates with less but relevant experience will also be considered). The successful candidate will report to the Group Solicitor, and responsibility, in this very important and central department of the company's total operations, will be to liaise with and advise the company's Directors and heads of Departments on a variety of legal matters, such as the method and execution of particular commercial transactions including those with a foreign element, industrial relations etc. A full continuation training will be given. Candidates must be adaptable, practical and have the ability to stand by their own judgment. Initial salary negotiable £3,000 to circa £4,000; non-contributory pension; assistance with removal expenses if necessary; special mortgage arrangements available after three years service.

Applications in strict confidence, under reference S3162/ST, to the Managing Director: CAMPBELLJOHNSTON ASSOCIATES (MANAGEMENT RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS) LTD., 35 NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON EC2M 1NH. TEL: 01-588 3588 or 01-638 0553.

**CJRA****ROBERT FLEMING & CO. LTD.**

require an

**INVESTMENT ANALYST—Engineering**

This vacancy is caused by promotion and calls for candidates aged 23-28 with a minimum of one year's practical research experience in the Engineering field, gained either with a Merchant Bank or Stockbrokers. (Candidates within the age group with experience in investigation work gained solely in the engineering environment will be considered.) Responsibility will be to the Head of Research, for conducting research into Engineering Companies involving visiting organisations, processing information from Stockbrokers, writing conclusive reports and advising Investment Managers. Clear prospects exist to advance to Investment Manager in the short term—or to a Far East or U.S.A. posting with scope for increased responsibilities. Salary negotiable plus non-contributory pension scheme, free life assurance, free BUPA and assistance with removal expenses if necessary.

Please address replies in strict confidence to P. J. MANSEY, ESQ., ROBERT FLEMING & CO. LTD., 8 CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C.3.

**Account Director—Advertising****c. £4,500 p.a.**

Internationally minded Account Director to take charge of an important account with unique and interesting responsibility. He will report to the Managing Director and be responsible for the profitable running and control of the chief account and the growth of other accounts handled from London. Candidates should be University graduates with successful experience in the control of a travel account, preferably with an airline, in a large Advertising Agency, or alternatively with large travel agency experience. It is essential to have wide marketing knowledge, be willing to travel, have an understanding

of the needs and requirements of an International Client and have diplomatic skills with a mature approach to international situations. A knowledge of French and German is desirable. Age range 30 to 40. Salary about £4,500 p.a. Pension scheme. Life assurance. Profit sharing, and share purchase possibilities. Based in London.

Please write to us stating current salary and how you meet our Client's requirements quoting reference AD/3174/ST on both envelope and letter. No information will be disclosed to our Client without permission.

**Urwick, Orr & Partners Limited**Personnel Selection Division  
2 Carlton St. London SW1H 0QE**TAX CONSULTANT £4,250**

A leading international group is strengthening its Taxation Department by appointing an experienced Taxation Consultant. The post will be based at the group's Head Office in Portsmouth, but initial training will take place in London.

**RESPONSIBILITIES**—Advising management on the effect of taxation on the activities of the group and its associated companies overseas. In addition to general tax planning, he will be particularly concerned with new policies and projects and reviewing the impact of changes in legislation.

**REQUIREMENTS**—Either a Chartered Accountant, aged 27-35, with first class tax experience in a large professional firm or major company or a fully qualified graduate Inspector of Taxes with relevant experience. In either case, a strong but mature personality and sound business judgment are essential as he is expected to establish himself quickly as the natural successor to the present Taxation Manager.

**REWARDS**—Starting salary is envisaged around £4,250 p.a. but this will not be a barrier to the right man: non-contributory pension and life assurance schemes; assistance with relocation expenses. There are excellent opportunities for further advancement in Financial Management outside Taxation.

Replies quoting reference ST. 3038 will be forwarded to our client unopened. Companies which you do not wish to contact should be stated in a covering letter to Marion Williams.

**MANAGEMENT RECRUITMENT LTD**

50 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, WC2A 3BR

Telephone: 01-242 8708 (Ansafone after hours)

**Group Chief Accountant**

The Group, comprising some 35 companies, has a turnover of £12m and will continue to grow through expansion and acquisitions.

He will implement overall Group financial policy and ensure the prompt production of information essential to effective management control. He will also deal with specific problems and advise on systems at subsidiary level. In addition to consolidation experience, he must have been responsible for the accounting function of an individual company or operation. The Group's activities are diverse, but a background in light engineering could be helpful. ACA or ACWA. Age 32-45. Location - Central London. Salary c. £4,000 plus car.

Please write, indicating how you meet the above requirements and quoting ref. 1051KH/ST, to:

**Robert Lee & Partners**

In no circumstances will applicants' identities be disclosed to our client without authority

**INDEPENDENT TELEVISION NEWS LIMITED  
DEPUTY CHIEF ACCOUNTANT**

Independent Television News requires a qualified accountant at its studio headquarters near Oxford Circus. The company produces daily news programmes for the Independent Television Network and in addition runs extensive television facilities hire business. The successful candidate will be responsible to the Company Secretary/Chief Accountant for the day to day running of the accounts department, including the preparation of monthly and annual accounts. Preference will be given to accountants able to operate and extend the strict but flexible budgetary control procedures which apply to a major national news organisation. A recognised accountancy qualification with at least two years post qualifying experience is required. The starting salary will be in the region of £3,000 per annum although more may be paid to an exceptional man. Applications in writing giving full details of age, qualifications and experience, should be addressed to: Independent Television News Limited, 11th House, 48 Wells Street, London, W.1.

**Financial Controller****N. Cheshire c. £4,000**

A dynamic, fast expanding company, well established in the service industry requires a Financial Controller. This is a new appointment within the company structure.

The company is located in the Stockport area and is due to move into purpose built premises in the near future.

The successful candidate will be a qualified accountant with an entrepreneurial approach to life. The company is the controlling one of a group, run by a very hard working Board of Directors, average age 30, and requires a person to join the management team to be responsible for the operation and development of a modern management information system. He will be capable of looking after the financial aspects of the Group and of making a positive contribution to the continued expansion of the Group. It is considered that candidates earning less than £2,500 p.a. are unlikely to have the necessary experience.

Future prospects are excellent, the salary is negotiable around £4,000 p.a. The preferred age range is 28-35.

Write in confidence for application form quoting reference GE 113 to—

I. M. Thompson,  
ICFC Ltd.,  
15 St. John's Road, Harrow, Middx.

**ICFC****SCIENTIFIC EDITING**

Applications are invited for the post of Editorial Assistant to work in the Journals of the Royal Society of Chemistry. The successful candidate will be responsible for the editing and proof-reading of manuscripts, and will be required to have a good command of the English language and a sense of style. Ability in French and German would be an asset. Salary range £1,553 to £1,767. Details may be obtained from the Executive Secretary, International Union of Crystallography, 13 White Friars, Chester CH1 1HQ, to whom applications marked "Private," should be submitted by 15th November, 1971.

**Management Consultant****CAPE TOWN****£5,000**

Arthur Young and Company (South Africa) wish to recruit a qualified accountant for their expanding consulting practice based in Cape Town. The successful applicant will be an experienced management accountant familiar with the problems of installing financial control systems. He should have a sound understanding of financial planning, and of computers and their application. Experience of organisational studies will be a significant advantage.

A broad industrial background or previous consulting experience is preferred, but the principal requirement is for a vigorous and mature character with proven ability to work independently and at senior levels. Preference will be given to someone pursuing a career in South Africa, but there is a possibility of transferring to the U.K. practice after a few years.

This is a challenging appointment with exciting prospects for an ambitious man. Salary is negotiable around £5,000 and transportation expenses to South Africa will be paid.

Write with brief career details, in confidence, to: J. G. Murray,  
Arthur Young Management Services,  
Moor House, London Wall, London EC2Y 5EP, quoting reference 22/1/ST

An expanding development and trading Group seek a

**SENIOR EXECUTIVE SURVEYOR**

to join a small team now undertaking a multi-million pound programme. This is an unusually challenging post involving all aspects of office and commercial development and requiring abilities ranging from accurately evaluating proposals, to personally guiding and co-ordinating the work of development and management teams. Anyone at present with a salary less than £4,000 p.a. is unlikely to be the necessary experienced man. Top salary is available, to be settled by negotiation. Company car.

Applications, giving full details of career to date and salary required, to: COMPANY SOLICITORS,  
C. M. ALPITTE & COMPANY,  
32 Savile Row, London, W.1.  
Endorse envelope "Senior Executive Surveyor."

**DEPARTMENT OF TRADE & INDUSTRY****ACCOUNTANTS...****to be in on everything**

As an accountant with the DTI you are a VIP. Indeed, Your judgment and business acumen are called into full play, assessing projects, companies, and commercial arrangements over the whole field of British industry.

- For example, you could be called on
- to examine the financial position and trading operations of applicants for Government loans and grants;
  - to enquire into the costs, sales, price structure, trading arrangements and profit/capital employed ratios of concerns in the manufacturing and service industries;
  - to assist in administration of the Companies Acts and related legislation;
  - to work, on secondment, with the Monopolies Commission, or on an agency basis with the Department of Health and Social Security;
  - to provide services and advice in support of the Department's operations and activities in the civil aviation field.

The work is extremely varied, interesting and responsible, is largely 'ad hoc' and non-recurring, and is often of an advisory nature.

Most of the appointments to be filled are in London (with one at Heston (Middx) and one in Newcastle upon Tyne) and at Senior Accountant level. Candidates (normally aged at least 30 and under 45) must be either Chartered or Certified Accountants, with suitable professional experience. Starting salary could be up to £3575 with good prospects of promotion to posts carrying £4575 or more. Career development is not necessarily confined to the one Ministry.

Recently qualified or younger Accountants (aged at least 23) start on salaries up to £2575 with the prospect of promotion to Senior Accountant (£2950-£3575) within 2 years.

Vacancies also exist in the following government departments: Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (London); Procurement Executive, Ministry of Defence (London and Bath).

Full details of all vacancies may be obtained from the Civil Service Commission, Alencon Link, Basingstoke, Hants., or by telephoning BASINGSTOKE 29222, ext. 500 or LONDON 01-639 1696 (24-hour "Ansafone" service) quoting reference G/590(E)/ISA.

**Financial Controller/ Company Secretary****Insurance Broking****£7,500+**

Our client is a public company operating through subsidiaries as insurance brokers and underwriting agents both in the United Kingdom and abroad. They are seeking a suitably qualified and experienced man to assume full responsibility under the board for all financial and secretarial matters, including the technical aspects of acquisitions. The initial appointment will be as company secretary and familiarly with public company matters is essential. There are excellent prospects of further progress in the group.

An initial salary of £7,500 per annum upwards is envisaged, together with the usual additional benefits.

Applications giving all relevant information in concise form should in the first instance be sent to Position No. AGF986, Austin Knight Limited, London W1A 1DS.

Applications will be forwarded to the client concerned, therefore companies in which you are not interested should be listed in a covering letter to the Position Number Supervisor.

**AK ADVERTISING****Financial Accountant**

An international chemical company situated in the Home Counties (north of London) invites applications for the appointment of Financial Accountant. Main duties involve the preparation of the annual accounts and supervision of the financial accounting within a department of 30 staff.

Applicants should possess a recognised accounting qualification and the salary will attract men now earning around £3,000.

This is a challenging position in a progressive company, with the opportunity for further promotion.

Please reply to us, quoting reference FA/1040/ST on both envelope and letter. Letters will be forwarded unopened to our Client. If there are any companies to which you do not wish to have your application forwarded, please indicate this in a separate letter addressed to the Security Officer.

**Urwick Group Advertising Limited**2 Carlton Street,  
London SW1H 0QE**Group Internal Audit Manager****SINGAPORE****£7,000 P.A.**

One of the largest trading groups in South-East Asia, with headquarters in Singapore, requires a Group Internal Audit Manager with the potential to assume senior management responsibilities in the Group in due course.

Candidates should meet the following requirements:—

- Age 25 to 35,
- Chartered Accountant or equivalent,
- Three years post-qualification experience in the profession or otherwise, but experience must include large public company audits,
- Some experience in O. & M. or systems work,
- Used to dealing with people and with ability to converse with confidence and to prepare written reports,
- Ideally single, but no disadvantage for married men even with children.

The successful candidate will spend some time initially in Indonesia and Malaysia, but as the internal audit department develops he will work mainly in Singapore with periodic visits to Group locations in South-East Asia. A starting salary equivalent to £5,500 will be paid, together with free housing valued at about £1,600 p.a. For married men, an education allowance will be provided for up to three children aged 8 to 18. The Group operates a contributory pension fund. Tours will be for two years followed by three months' paid leave after each tour, and relevant airfares to and from Singapore will be paid by the company.

Applications, which will be treated in strict confidence, should contain full details of age, qualifications, experience and salaries earned and should be addressed to the company's management consultants, Turquand, Youngs & Layton-Bennett, 11 Doughty Street, London WC1N 2PL, quoting reference SF7.

**TYLB****Credit Controller**

We have recently formed a London based Factoring Division and require an experienced credit man to assume responsibility for the establishment and operation of its Credit Control Department. Although experience within a factoring organisation would be advantageous this is not essential. Applicants should be between 25 and 32 years. Salary, which will be dependent upon age and experience will be in the range of £2,000-£2,500. Fringe benefits include a non-contributory pension scheme and a housing loan at a favourable rate of interest.

Applications containing details of past experience and career to date should be forwarded to:—

D. B. White,  
London Staff Manager,  
Staff Department,  
Barclays Bank Limited,  
54 Lombard Street,  
London EC3P 3AH.

**BARCLAYS****City of London £7,000+****FINANCIAL CONTROLLER****Merchant Bank**

An excellent opportunity for a really able accountant to start a career in one of the world's leading merchant banking groups is provided by the creation of a new post of financial controller which could lead to a place on the Board.

Applications are invited from:

- \* Chartered Accountants, preferably graduates, aged 34-42, with
- \* A high degree of creative and administrative ability and, preferably,
- \* Experience of City institutions or of dealing with them.

Brief but comprehensive details of your career and salary to date, which will be treated in the strictest confidence, should be sent to M2895, Executive Selection Division.

Cooper Brothers & Co. Limited,  
Management Consultants,  
Abacus House, Gutter Lane,  
London, E.C.2.

**CONTROLLER OF ADMINISTRATION****Reporting to the Managing Director**

**Position:** The man appointed to this very important position will be responsible for the Company's Administration at both Head Office and Branches covering Credit Control, Accounting, Computer Systems and Management Control Systems. He will be expected to generate a standard of staff training and motivation to obtain a very high level of efficiency and performance, in the knowledge that he has the backing of one of the largest companies in the U.K.

**Qualifications:** Proven experience in Company Administration and Management Control Systems. Essentially experienced in the use of Computer Systems. Must be familiar with the use of management techniques for motivating staff, at all levels, to the very high standards this Company demands.

**Age:** 30-45. **Location:** Thornton Heath, Surrey.

**Conditions:** Attractive salary, company car, pension scheme and fringe benefits.

Your application will be treated in absolute confidence and letters of application should be addressed to:

Mr. W. T. HENDER, F.C.A., Managing Director,  
General Electric Corporation Limited,  
Ambassador House, Brigstock Road, Thornton Heath, Surrey.

**A GREAT UNIVERSAL STORES GROUP COMPANY**

Gross Assets exceed £300,000,000

**MILLFIELD HEATING & PLUMBING COMPANY LTD.**

require

**HEATING AND VENTILATING ENGINEER**

National College Diploma or City and Guilds 339. Full term apprenticeship with a firm engaged in design and contracting. Able to work through heat loss, pipe and duct sizing calculations and to pipe work and duct work schemes out in a practical manner. Must also be able to prepare builders work details, lift and list quantities for ordering.

The applicant will be required to read and interpret contract and specification documents, obtain and assess sub-contractors and supplies quotations, lift, list and bill materials for pricing.

The successful applicant will preferably be aged about 30 and will receive a good salary, an annual bonus related to company profitability, a company car, and will be entitled to join a non-contributory pension scheme after twelve months' employment.

Write with full details to:—

The Managing Director,  
Millfield Heating & Plumbing Co. Ltd.,  
2 Waterloo Road,  
Peterborough.

سكنا من الاجل

# Stalemate and sympathy for Mrs Gandhi

PLOMATIC stalemate in an atmosphere of goodwill and deep sympathy for the Indian Prime Minister's five-day visit to Britain by Sir Alec Douglas-Home, writes Nicholas Carroll. This is Mr Heath's guest at the end of the week and tomorrow she will have a full day with Sir Alec Douglas-Home, much more assertive since her triumph, is making it plain that she is not here with a begging bowl, the fact that India is spending £1 million a day on the nine

million refugees from East Bengal, and that so far the country has received barely a fifth of the £70 million relief aid for more for the long term human impact of the refugee influx into India's volatile border states. She is evidently deeply concerned about the safety of Sheikh Mujib, the East Pakistan leader, and is intrigued by information she is getting of separatist tendencies within West Pakistan and of admiration for the way India has kept its head during difficult months.

But despite official sympathy in London with her problems, British Ministers and officials have strong reservations about her two contentions that the East Bengal problem is one to be solved by West Pakistan and the elected representatives of East Bengal and that there is no occasion for an Indian political initiative, least of all for a meeting between herself and President Yahya. She further claims that it is the duty of the world community to put pressure on Pakistan by withholding all economic,

military and moral aid. She considers that insufficient pressure has been applied, and is particularly upset by what she regards as the United States' equivocal attitude. Mr Heath and Sir Alec are likely to tell Mrs Gandhi that in their view she will have to speak to Pakistan sooner or later, and that India's reluctance to take a political initiative weakens a very strong case. As to putting pressure on Pakistan, the British view is that if this is overdone President Yahya may be driven to do something desperate, such as start a

war, rather than risk losing face by admitting he has made a terrible mistake. Mrs Gandhi will be told that the British view is that President Yahya still wants to see an eventual return to democracy in East Bengal and that his recent modest moves in that direction represented the very most that his hard-line advisers could tolerate. It is also London's view that any successor to President Yahya would be more hawkish and less susceptible to well-intentioned advice from Britain or any other power.

the soldiers concerned have been charged and the case is proceeding.

The trial is not in secret, but in order not to demoralise the police and the army, Press reporting of the details of the trial is forbidden, just as it is forbidden under your 1967 Act to report details of criminal cases at the non-committal stage.

What has gone wrong with Ceylon's economy? Why should a richly endowed island have to import quantities of food? I fear that, under the influence of free education, free health facilities and a subsidised ration of rice, our people have failed to realise the importance of self-dependence. Ceylon must be more self-supporting, above all in food, and we are taking steps to ensure this. Under the Five Year Plan the economy should be self-sufficient in rice by 1976. So far as I am concerned, my garden now supplies me with my own needs.

How far has the fact that your Government contains Communists and Trotskyites proved a discouragement for foreign investors and for business activity generally?

In fact very little foreign capital has flowed into Ceylon since independence. The process has been all the other way. In any case, my Government is not a Communist Government. Out of 21 ministers, four are Trotskyites or Communists and they have all accepted the common programme for social progress promulgated by my late husband.

Finally, a personal question: do you find that being a woman is a help or a hindrance when one is Prime Minister?

I am not aware of any hindrance. I would say that, on the contrary, it is an advantage, because one receives more sympathy and gallantry from one's colleagues.

## What went wrong in Ceylon

Prime Minister, gives exclusive interview to Giles, Deputy Editor of Sunday Times

Bandaranaike who was in a last week was born in a well-to-do land-owning family. She had no political ambition until her husband, the first of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party, was murdered in 1959 when she was Prime Minister.

Next year she was chosen to succeed her husband as the leader and in the same election she became the first woman Prime Minister in the world. Her party won a majority in the general election. She lost in 1965 but last year she was again elected at the head of a coalition. Last April, government and Ceylon itself faced with a grave threat from the so-called People's Front mounted an

rebellion. Ceylon is the living embodiment of non-alignment," said Bandaranaike, referring to her husband's foreign policy. To re-control and withstand the threat of an extreme Left-wing movement, the Ceylon Government accepted military help of sort or another from the United States, the Americans, the Egyptians and the Russians.

"None of this aid had strings attached to it," said Prime Minister, "and Ceylon is as free and in control of its destiny now as before."

S: What were the origins of the revolt? To what degree was there foreign influence or support? MRS BANDARANAIKE: As far as we know, the insurgency was entirely an indigenous affair, prepared and carried out by a movement of young revolutionaries, that has been building up for four or five years. Their actions are said to have been sparked off last April by disappointment and frustration that my Government, for obvious reasons, had been unable to implement all its electoral promises at once.

There was no question of any outside support or influence. Chou En-lai wrote to me personally denouncing their ultra-left opportunism. The young rebels, whose leaders have a fanatical belief in the need to effect change through violence, got their arms by stealing them. There



Mrs Bandaranaike: Ceylon is the living embodiment of non-alignment

are still a few thousand of them at large causing a certain amount of trouble, but the situation is under control, the country is returning to normal and tourism is beginning to pick up again.

I want to emphasise that for the most part these young rebels were deliberately deceived or misled by the hardcore activists who played upon their frustrations, particularly the difficulty of finding jobs for educated boys and girls.

How many of the rebels are now in jail or in rehabilitation camps? Will those who are there be tried or released in due course? What are the conditions in the camps? About 16,000 people are in custody. A special investigating unit is examining each case and where no real evidence of complicity

with the revolt is found, the person is released. More than 2,100 persons have been released so far. For those who instigated or committed criminal acts in the course of the revolt, the normal processes of the law will take their course. There are still numbers of unfortunate young men and women who may not have committed any offence but who were, as I have said, inveigled into a movement devoted to revolutionary violence by a misplaced sense of idealism.

They must be won back through dialogue and honest persuasion. We have set up a number of camps, including one for about 300 women, where all basic amenities are provided, including recreational facilities, and the standards of health and sanitation are good. An International Red

Cross mission has visited the camps and reported favourably on them.

What about excesses allegedly committed by the Army or the police in the course of putting down the rebellion? Lord Avebury has reported, on behalf of Amnesty International, on such excesses.

Of course there were excesses. But the Government cannot be made responsible for each and every act. In the case reported by Lord Avebury involving the attempted murder of a young

girl, the soldiers concerned have been charged and the case is proceeding.

The trial is not in secret, but in order not to demoralise the police and the army, Press reporting of the details of the trial is forbidden, just as it is forbidden under your 1967 Act to report details of criminal cases at the non-committal stage.

What has gone wrong with Ceylon's economy? Why should a richly endowed island have to import quantities of food? I fear that, under the influence of free education, free health facilities and a subsidised ration of rice, our people have failed to realise the importance of self-dependence. Ceylon must be more self-supporting, above all in food, and we are taking steps to ensure this. Under the Five Year Plan the economy should be self-sufficient in rice by 1976. So far as I am concerned, my garden now supplies me with my own needs.

How far has the fact that your Government contains Communists and Trotskyites proved a discouragement for foreign investors and for business activity generally?

In fact very little foreign capital has flowed into Ceylon since independence. The process has been all the other way. In any case, my Government is not a Communist Government. Out of 21 ministers, four are Trotskyites or Communists and they have all accepted the common programme for social progress promulgated by my late husband.

Finally, a personal question: do you find that being a woman is a help or a hindrance when one is Prime Minister?

I am not aware of any hindrance. I would say that, on the contrary, it is an advantage, because one receives more sympathy and gallantry from one's colleagues.

## S African Churches join public outcry

PRIME MINISTER Vorster's refusal to appoint an inquiry into the death of political detainee Ahmed Timol, alleged to have jumped from the tenth floor of Johannesburg police headquarters, has fanned South Africa's biggest public outcry for years, writes Benjamin Pogrand. Besides a protest from opposition leader Sir de Villiers Graaff, five Church leaders and the Chief Rabbi have called for an official probe and for a day of prayer and penitence this week. Mass protest meetings have also been organised by English-speaking university students. Adding to the concern is the case of another detainee, Mohammed Essop, 21, a student, whose father obtained a Supreme Court injunction on Friday, ordering the police not to maltreat the boy. Now the families of nine more detainees are considering similar court applications.

## One who got away

By Denis Herbstein

AHMED TIMOL, a 30-year-old Indian schoolmaster, plunged to his death from a 10-storey window during interrogation by South African security police in Johannesburg last week. The police said it was "suicide." Another South African Indian, Abdullah Jassat, who now lives in London, and who was "interrogated" by the Johannesburg police, has his doubts.

Mr Jassat says he was hung out of a window by his ankles and told to "tell us what you know." He was not dropped, and later escaped, but says the experience has left him a nervous wreck.

Mr Jassat says he was arrested in March, 1963, after three Indians had been held following an explosion at a Johannesburg railway station. On the second afternoon, he says, he was taken to a room on the second or third floor of the city's main railway station, where 20 policemen were waiting for him. He told them he knew nothing about the explosion or its ringleaders. "I was told to stand up. A hessian bag was dropped over me from behind and tied around my knees and my shoes and socks were removed," Mr Jassat said. "Somebody grabbed my ankles and swung me upside down like a pendulum, bumping my head each time."

Mr Jassat says he was then laid on the floor and a policeman whispered in his ear: "Look, Abdul, you had better start talking or we are going to set you alight." He says he could hear a

match being lit, but said he could tell the police nothing.

This is Mr Jassat's version of what followed: Wires were attached to his toes and he heard a voice order: "Right, start at 20 volts." He screamed, tensed, tried to curl up but they wouldn't let him. As it was increased to 30, 75 and eventually 225 volts, they persisted: "Tell us what you know."

"They asked me if I wanted to escape. My mouth was too dry to talk, but I shook my head. One cop gave me a blow that landed me against the wall. I weighed 125 lb in those days, and they were almost twice my size."

Mr Jassat goes on: "I was told to stand up and found myself next to a window. Quite far below was a concrete floor. I turned round and said 'no,' but two cops put chairs on each side of the window, stood on them and lifted me up, pushing me head first through the window, holding me by the ankles. Suddenly one let go and then I did scream. It must have lasted five minutes at least, till they pulled me in, having enjoyed their joke."

Two days later he was charged with the other three men. After six weeks, the prosecutor withdrew the charge—subversion—but he was immediately re-arrested by the security police and held incommunicado under the 90-day law. He escaped 83 days later.

Mr Jassat has hardly worked since his escape, as he now suffers from epilepsy and blackouts.

## Cut the cost of do-it-yourself with new Handyman Which?

Handyman Which? is out to save you time and money on every aspect of home maintenance and improvement—everything you can do yourself. It's critical, controversial—a real eye-opener. And it's a completely new look at do-it-yourself and gardening topics. You can get the first issue now—completely free.

This new quarterly magazine does what no other do-it-yourself and gardening magazine does. It gives you comparative, unbiased and factual information on the best tools, equipment and materials for specific jobs. And provides you with the help and advice you've always wanted—but have never been able to get before.

### Handyman Which? is unique

It puts do-it-yourself and gardening through rigorous laboratory tests. Compares brands with competing brands. And sorts out the good from the not so good and the downright bad. Through reading the magazine you'll know exactly what you're paying for.

Handyman Which? recommends best buys wherever possible on the basis of sheer value for money. But won't hesitate to say if a more expensive product does the job better. It's compiled by a team of skilled researchers and draws on the specialised advice of experts in particular fields. But you don't have to be an expert to understand it, because Handyman Which? is simple and easy to read.

This exciting new magazine is for everyone—whether you're a dedicated do-it-yourselfer or just do one or two jobs around the house a year. With its help you'll avoid wasting time, effort—and money. And find greater success with all the household jobs you tackle.

### This is in the first issue of Handyman Which?

Do you pay over the odds for expensive emulsion paint? If you pay around £4 a gallon for it, the answer's 'yes'. On the other hand, if you buy one of the cheaper ones, you could well be wasting your money there too. So what's the best value in emulsion paint? New Handyman Which? compares 27 different indoor emulsion paints—and tells you straight. By reading what it's got to say you can be sure of getting the best paint at the best price—and the best results.



How to build up a tool kit. When you're starting from scratch, what are the really essential tools to buy? Do you really need a power drill? Should you buy a hammer and a mallet? Handyman Which? tells you. And shows you how to build up a good tool kit for under £20.

Also in this first issue, Handyman Which? will be giving you information on paint brushes, planes, rollers and pads, paint brush cleaners, electric garden shears and plastic laminates for kitchen work tops.

Make sure of your free copy of Handyman Which? now. Fill in the Banker's Order below. And post it off today!

### In Handyman Which? in the future

In future issues, Handyman Which? will help you make the most of your time, effort and money when you're buying and putting up wallpaper, looking after your lawn, buying power tools, maintaining your home, buying a greenhouse, choosing and buying wood, tackling dry rot and woodworm.

## Let Handyman Which? put you wise

### Cut the cost of living too with three other great magazines

#### This is Which? magazine

Which? magazine's aim is to help its readers get the best possible value for money. Every year it publishes over sixty revealing reports on a wide range of goods and services. It's unique in the way it probes, and makes relevant price and brand comparisons, and directs you to a whole series of best buys.

In the coming months Which? plans to bring you inside information on, North Sea gas, breakfast cereals, hi-fi tape recorders, stereo record players, electric blankets and deodorants.

#### Here's Motoring Which?

Published quarterly, Motoring Which? gives you a profitable insight into cars. Motoring Which? puts at least five new cars through a 10,000-mile test drive for you in every issue. It also looks at buying and selling second-hand cars—plus accessories and services.

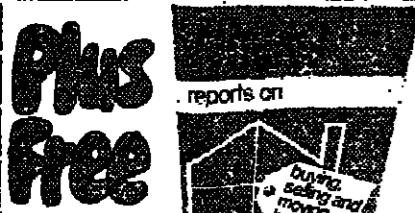
To help you make the most of your motoring, reports are planned on the Mini 850, Hillman Imp, Renault 4, Citroen Dyane 6, Vauxhall VXI/90, Cortina 2000 GXL and the Range Rover.

#### What will you be getting for your money?

Which? will arrive through your letterbox, by post, every month. With it in January, April, July and October will come Motoring Which? And in November, February, May and August will come new Handyman Which?

#### Three months' free trial for you

Absolutely free, you can have three months' issues of these magazines. One copy of new Handyman Which?, one copy of Motoring Which? and three copies of Which?—as they appear. Plus the reports on "Buying, Selling and Moving House." Take advantage of this great offer. Fill in the Banker's Order below. If after seeing the magazines you decide that they're not for you, write to us—not your bank—and we'll cancel the Banker's Order which is not effective until 1st February 1972. You won't owe us a penny and you can keep all the issues you've received. Fill in the Banker's Order—and post it off right now.



When sending for my 3 months' free trial, I also claim this FREE introductory bonus. It's a 56-page book containing reports of Which? reports on: Buying and Selling a House, Conveyancing, Surviving, Furniture Removals, House Buildings and Contents Insurance and Living in a New House. It's an invaluable guide through the complex process of buying a new house and selling an old one. All the details and legalities are explained simply, and clearly. On Estate Agent's fees alone it could prove a great money saver. Please send me my free introductory bonus straight away!

### BANKER'S ORDER

Please send me three issues of your magazines for three months, i.e. one issue of new Handyman Which?, one issue of Motoring Which? and three issues of Which? (plus the reports on Buying, Selling and Moving House).

I understand that if I do not wish to receive the magazines after the trial period I can write to you cancelling this Banker's Order on or before 1st February 1972 and will not owe you a penny. I also understand that if I do wish to continue to receive the magazines, this Banker's Order will bring me 1 quarterly Handyman Which?, quarterly Motoring Which? and monthly Which? at an annual cost of £4.75.

Send no money, just fill in this Banker's Order and return to us (no stamp is needed) at the above address.

Please pay Co-operative Bank (70-03-08), 110 Leeson Street, London, E.1, the sum of £4.75 on 1st February 1972 AND annually thereafter until cancelled, for the credit of Consumers Association (A/C No. 70030217).

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ C.I.F.C.

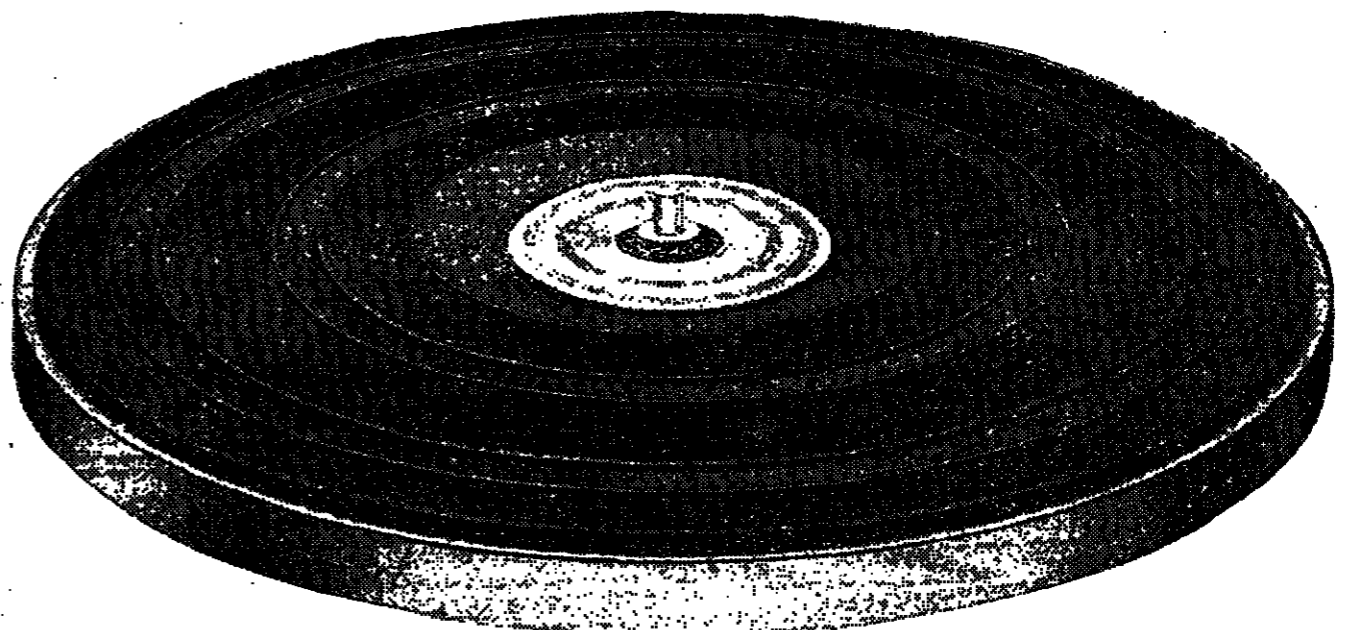
Name and address of your bank in BLOCK LETTERS, PLEASE

To \_\_\_\_\_

Your name and address in BLOCK LETTERS, PLEASE

To \_\_\_\_\_

## We've added a lot of weight to the argument for BSR.



The new BSR McDonald 810 transcription Hi-fi unit weighs a full 17 lbs. The diecast turntable alone is 7½ lbs—solid and dynamically balanced. Heavier than anything the competition has to offer in the £45.51 range, and as any enthusiast will agree, turntable weight and balance is probably the most important single feature of any transcription deck.

Here are some more arguments to convince you that the 810 is indisputably first choice for its price.

A pitch control gives accurate turntable speed, using stroboscopic centre plate.

The low mass aluminium pick-up arm is gimbaled—to produce virtually friction-free movement in all planes. It has a slide-in cartridge holder, minimum tracking pressure of ½ gramme and decoupled one piece counter-balance.

Its 4-pole dynamically-balanced synchronous motor can compensate for any fluctuation in mains voltage or record load.

There's hydraulically actuated viscous cueing on manual and automatic, and a unique anti-skate device.

It's a single play/automatic—the rotating centre stub spindle can be changed to an umbrella spindle to give this versatility.

The 810 is a two-speed player, 45 or 33½—all that's needed on

a modern deck. It operates by featherweight push-button for start/stop and selection of record size. To complete the 810 a rigid smoke-tinted styrene dust cover and a polished wooden plinth are available as extras.

Now, we'll take our argument for buying the 810 one stage further—by sending you our free illustrated brochure. Ask for it by sending the coupon to the address below. Or see and hear the deck at your local dealer.

And remember also in the BSR McDonald range are the HT70 and MP60, priced from £15.20.

BSR Ltd., McDonald Division, Monarch Works, Cradley Heath, Warley, Worcs.

Tel: Cradley Heath 69272.



Please send BSR McDonald 810 brochure to:

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

BSR McDONALD

It's a sound start



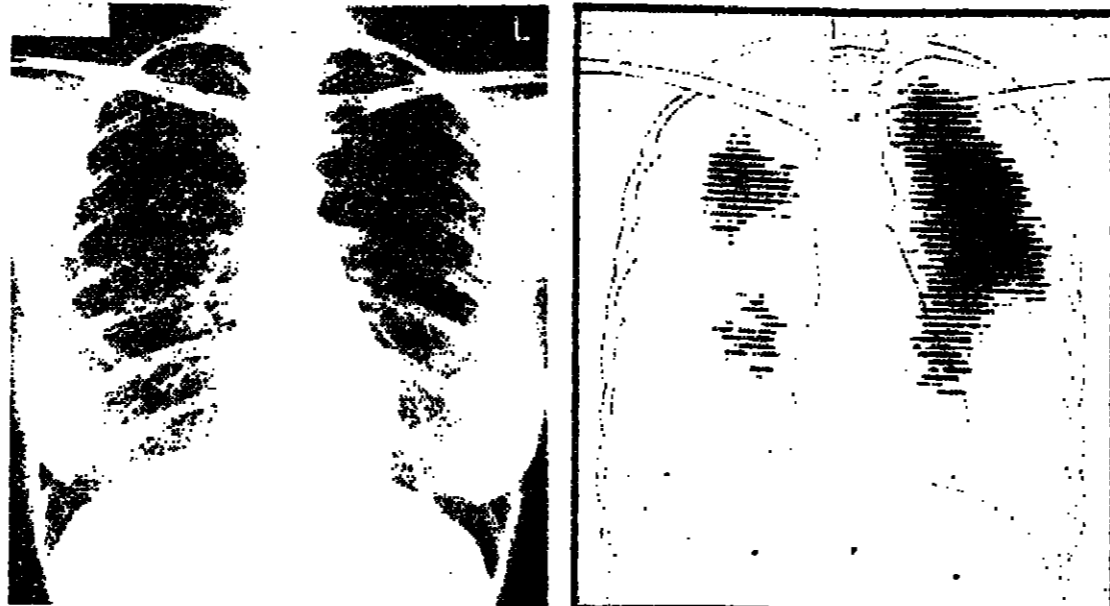
## SPECTRUM

ase "nuclear medicine" has a grimly futuristic it. In fact, radioactive isotopes are already being successfully in the diagnosis of various diseases ing cancer, and would be more widely accepted if it ot for the deep suspicion they arouse among many But whether they like it or not, nuclear medicine he family doctor's journal *The Practitioner* iced last month—is here to stay.

## Radioactivity: it the doctor's ally?

THE most traumatic ns for a woman is a my—the removal of a More than 10,000 women ar face that possibility. It is the number who die neer of the breast. The it is that for some patients ation is needless suffer- radio isotopes had been ring the diagnosis, the would have found out in t the disease had infected arts of the body as well. use of radio isotopes is medicine. Every element ops, different forms of ent with different atomic and some are radio ndine, for example, has ops and 23 are radio These are injected into ient's bloodstream and

recorded by a scanner—like X-rays are recorded on film. Some isotopes are specific—that is, they can be used to diagnose disease in particular organs—the lungs, the liver, the brain. Others are more general. The result from the scanner can show much more than an X-ray. One of the most dramatic examples is seen in the pictures above. The standard X-ray of the lungs (left) reveals nothing. The darkened area of the radio isotope picture with the bone outlines drawn in shows the only areas where the blood is functioning normally. The left-hand lung is peppered with blood clots. One of the most fully developed techniques is brain scanning—in which tumours or abscesses can be identified and,



Left: the standard X-ray reveals nothing unusual. Right: the radio-isotope scan of the same lungs shows them peppered with blood clots. Dark areas are where blood-flow is normal.

as Dr David Keeling, of the Institute of Nuclear Medicine in London, points out, the scanner can pick up tumours in the rear portion of the brain which are often not located by any other technique.

Dr Keeling also explains the breast cancer case. The disease is usually diagnosed physically—a lump in the breast, a pain underneath the arm—and the surgeon may decide to operate. Although it is standard practice to X-ray the whole of the body before the operation the films will not reveal as much as a radio-isotope scan.

The difficulty has been to sell the idea—both to doctors and patients. The harmful effects of radiation on human tissues were recognised quite soon after the discovery of X-rays in the last decade of the 19th century. Boosted by the horrors of Hiroshima the image of nuclear

medicine was hard to put over—particularly when it was suggested that radio-isotopes could be used to recognise potentially dangerous positions of the placenta of the unborn foetus in the uterus.

In fact, a single X-ray film of the pregnant uterus will deliver 250-300 millirads (units of radiation) to the foetus. An isotope scan gives less than one-tenth of this dose. To put this in perspective: we are all subject to radiation in everyday life. In the London region, for example, the total is about 200 millirads a year.

As for the patient's attitude, Dr Keeling says: "To most people the injection of a radio-active compound into the body seems a much more alarming procedure than the taking of a quick X-ray picture." But it is not simply a case of X-rays versus radio isotopes. Dr Ralph McCready, nuclear medi-

cine consultant at the Royal Marsden Hospital, Surrey, points out that while isotopes find tumours more easily than X-rays in the bones and the liver and find blood clots earlier in the lungs, X-rays are better at picking out tumours in the lungs.

Last year a specialist committee under Professor Sir Brian Windeyer, set up to plan the future of nuclear medicine within the health service, suggested the setting up of 18 regional centres, five of which are now in operation. It means, says Dr McCready, that scanning facilities are now available to all the major hospitals. Others, wanting to buy scanners, often find themselves trying to equate the number of operations they wouldn't do in a year to the cost of the machine (about £16,000). Too much seems at stake for such a theoretical approach.

Peter Pringle

## C'est toujours l'heure anglais

WHEN BRITAIN moved its clocks back an hour early this morning it marked the end of the attempt to bring the country's time into line with the rest of Europe. It also marked the latest episode in half a century of tinkering with the time.

The idea of moving the clock back and forward, to gain more light during the working day, was first put forward in 1908 as a Private Member's Bill by William Willett. He also thought it would be useful to have more light for shunting trains and training the territorial army. Parliament rejected the idea, and continued to do so on four more occasions. The major objection came from the farmers—the cows would not understand the change.

Then came the First World War and when the Germans changed their clock to help the war effort Britain swiftly followed suit. In 1917 the Government set up a Summer Time Committee to investigate the effects of changing the clock twice a year.

This new body consulted the findings of the Health of Munition Workers Committee which solemnly pronounced that the cycle of body temperature change during each 24-hour period could easily be completely reversed. The committee said: "... a party of Arctic explorers found that a complete reversal of their hours was followed within a few days by a similar reversal of their temperature curves."

Thus reassured (there being no cows in the Arctic to be milked) the government extended the experiment. An agreement was reached with France and Belgium in 1922 to adopt the British system but the French cows proved to be tougher than

their British colleagues and France could not implement the agreement. Under pressure from the farmers Britain shortened the period when Summer Time would operate. Summer Time was then renewed every year until the government supported a Private Member's Bill in 1925 which put it on a permanent basis, slightly curtailing the period of the year during which it would operate, in deference to the farmers lobby. The arrival of the Second

They did the same in 1947 when going back to the 1925 single Summer Time, the Labour Government ordered a reversion to double Summer Time during the fuel crisis of that year. The country then reverted once more to the single Summer Time of 1925. By 1959 the Government were under pressure from business interests, and the Press, to extend Summer Time throughout the whole year—in other words, to move the clocks forward on hour and have the same time as Western Europe.

Matters rested there until 1967 when the Wilson administration with an eye on the possibility of entering Europe introduced British Standard Time for an experimental period of three years from 1968 till October of this year. This meant the clocks were one hour ahead of GMT throughout the whole year.

There was an outcry especially from the Northern parts of the country which had grown accustomed to lighter winter mornings. The government in dismay set up an extensive inquiry into how people felt. Only half were in favour of BST and 40 per cent were against. By this time the Conservatives were back in office and decided that the only thing to do was to have a free vote in the Commons. This duly took place on 2nd December 1970. MPs were asked whether they wished to continue the experiment. Three hundred and sixty-six said no, and only 81 said yes.

So it is back to the 1925, it is hoped permanently, and changing the clocks twice a year. That is why we changed our time today. But cows are suspicious creatures. They are keeping an eye on the clock.

Hugh Macpherson



World War once more had remarkable effects. The period when Summer Time would operate was extended in 1940 to last from the end of February until the beginning of October. Then from 1941 until 1945 a period of double Summer Time was introduced by which the clocks went forward two hours. The cows were doubly confused but the farmers accepted the necessity for change in time of war.

## enice: the dangers within

E and its problems seem to be approaching a point s and possible resolution. ek the Italian cabinet met de exactly what is to be ith the 250 miliardi lire million) loan which has ised abroad to undertake st urgent work required the city. UNESCO also programme of aid in hand, two are unconnected, and must face that stubborn ice from the Commune of itself which has done more ything else to exacerbate rptuate the situation.



Canaletto's Venice: too late?

go on rising," Lauricella admitted, "as investigations disclose what work is necessary."

Venice's Superintendent of Arts and Decorations, Professor Valenover even suggested at a gloomy press conference that however much is spent it could well be too late altogether.

Some 45 miliardi are required for building aqueducts to carry drinking water, and thus to eliminate the thousands of wells which are in some measure responsible for the sinking of the bed of the lagoon.

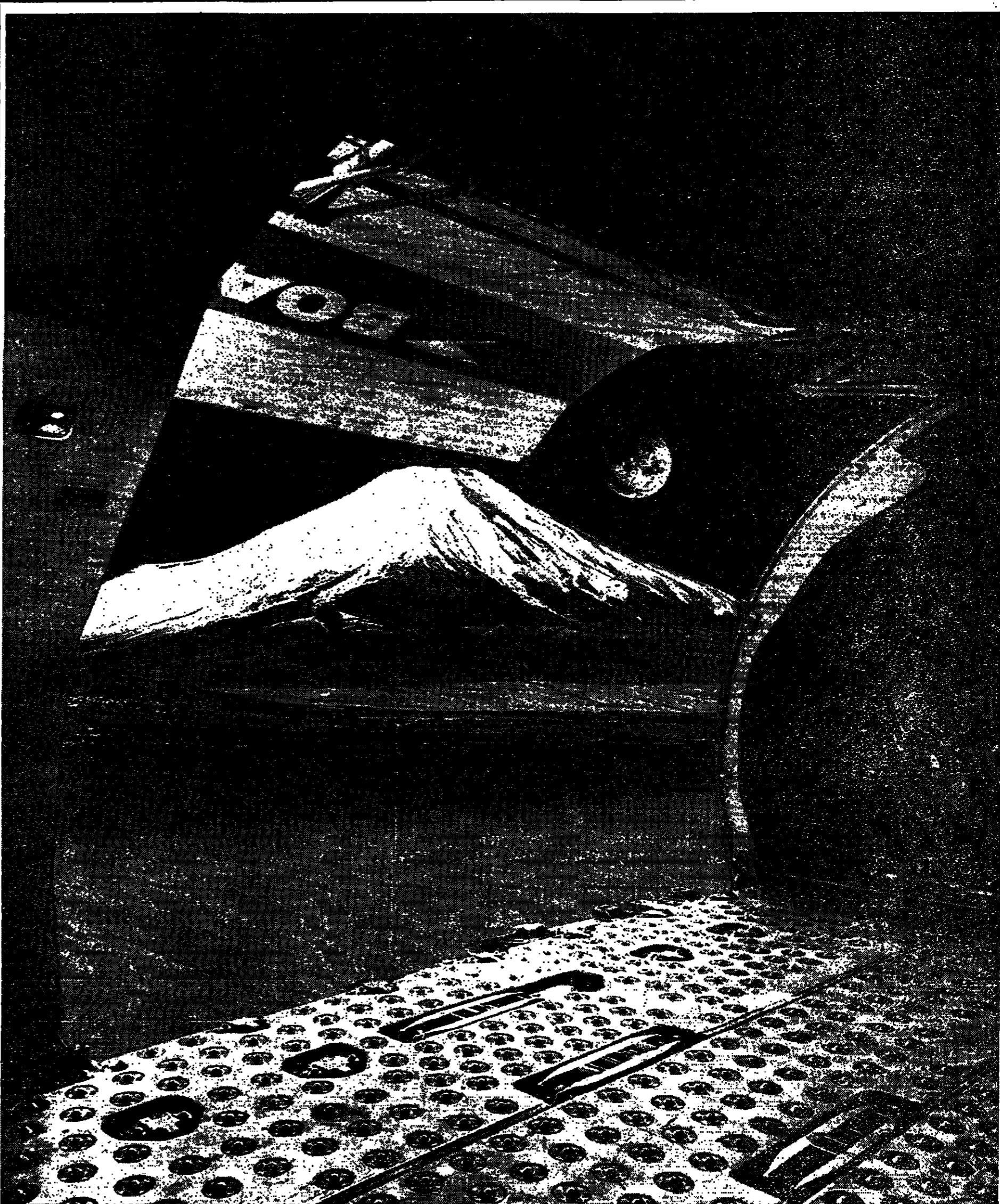
The Government's present, and plainly doomed, intention is that by six months after the new law has been passed, the CIPE must have drawn up a plan for the "Venice Project". Then, within a vaguely specified "brief period," the region itself must devise a plan for works on the lagoon. In the meantime, Venice

and its works of art will be "safeguarded" by a commission on which, and here is the rub, local interests will have a stronger representation than those of the State. Back, in other words, to square one. No one in the Government can believe for a moment that such a commission will do anything but stall.

Urgent works will meanwhile proceed, while the relevant plans are being drawn up. But what works are, and are not, urgent? There is, for example, the whole, vexed question of the sluice-gates, the *chiuse mobili*, intended to seal off the mouths of the lagoon where they flow into the Adriatic at the Lido, at Malamocco and at Chioggia. The oil interests would like to keep open the mouth of the lagoon at Malamocco for their deep canal, in which case the mouth would probably have to be enlarged and the area split catastrophically in two. Lauricella has said that the committee would probably decide on "closing" all three, but that it wants to wait for the results of the models being made at Volterra, near Padova.

It is possible that the wave of public criticism and contempt will move the Government into grasping the nettle at long last and setting up an authority of their own. Though privately convinced of its necessity, ministers have spoken publicly of such a procedure being "antidemocratic," which merely goes to show, as commentators in the Italian Press have pointed out, the strength of the electoral and industrial interests which oppose so obvious a solution.

Brian Glanville



## KNIGHT FRANK & RUTLEY

announce the opening of an office in

# BRUSSELS

at

15 Rue de la Loi  
1040 Bruxelles

as from January 1st 1972

KNIGHT FRANK + JACQUES de DUVE



20 Hanover Square  
London W1R 0AH



Rue Belliard 20  
1040 Bruxelles

## BOAC opens up new space link with Japan

On October 27th we launched a weekly 707 space freighter to Tokyo and Osaka.

It leaves every Wednesday and arrives the following day at Tokyo. And we've even built our own space station there, to ensure that your cargo is cleared for collection within the hour.

Added to our existing space flights, this new service doubles BOAC's available cargo

space to Japan. And because it's a freighter service, we don't have to hang around for passengers. And we don't waste time transshipping en route.

Which all makes it the fastest way to reach an expanding and demanding market.

And our UK Space Shuttle Service—connecting 10 regional centres with Heathrow—makes sure that wherever you operate,

you won't miss the plane.

If you have a yen for Japan, Contact Mission Control (01-759-2388) your Space agent, or your local launching pad for the facts.



**BOAC**  
**CARGO**

the space makers

## Senior accountancy appointment £4,000 +

Forward Trust Limited, one of the leading finance houses and a member of the Midland Bank Group, wishes to appoint an accountant to a senior position in its expanding finance division.



### Forward Trust Limited

12 Calthorpe Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham B15 1QZ.

Forward Trust Limited is a member of the Midland Bank Group.

He will be initially appointed as an Assistant Chief Accountant and will control the work of 150 staff in the major accounting departments which process customers and general accounts. There is considerable development work to be done as the range of the company's financial services expands, and opportunities exist for promotion within the finance or other divisions of the company. The successful candidate will probably be a qualified accountant aged about 35 with several years experience of managing accounting staff in a large or medium organisation. He will be familiar with modern management techniques including computer control of accounts. The starting salary will be around £4,000, possibly more, depending on age and experience. There are valuable fringe benefits. Please write supplying relevant information, to R. Carter, Personnel Director.

## Crane Fruehauf

### FINANCIAL ANALYSTS LONDON NORFOLK

We wish to supplement the strength of our Profit Planning Department by the addition of two young accountants with an interest in:-

- Financial analysis
- Budgetary control
- Profit planning

The successful applicants will join an established team which is operating a sophisticated financial control system. They will be expected to quickly assume positions of considerable responsibility in providing advisory service to senior management of the sales and manufacturing divisions of the company.

Candidates should be either graduates or qualified to at least Part IV ACWA. Sound basic accounting knowledge is a prime requirement and specific experience of profit planning or budgetary control techniques as used in the automotive and other sophisticated industries would be a distinct advantage.

Write for further details and an application form to:

I. G. Walker, Personnel Manager,  
Crane Fruehauf Trailers Ltd., Dereham, Norfolk  
or telephone Dereham 2311.

South-West Essex c £4,000

### CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

An expanding, privately owned, packaging company with an excellent profit record, employing about 300 staff, wishes to strengthen its management team by the appointment of a chief accountant. Reporting to the Managing Director, he will be responsible for the entire financial function. A primary task will be to strengthen and develop management information procedures.

#### Basic requirements

- \* A qualified accountant, aged 30-40
- \* At least five years' post qualification experience in a manufacturing industry
- \* Sound knowledge of standard costing and budgetary control
- \* Some data processing experience would be an advantage.

Initial salary around £4,000 plus benefits including a pension scheme.

Brief but comprehensive details of your career and salary to date, which will be treated in the strictest confidence, should be sent to M5900, Executive Selection Division.

Cooper Brothers & Co. Limited,  
Management Consultants,  
Abacus House, Gutter Lane,  
London, E.C.2.

### ACCOUNTANT/ ADMINISTRATOR Company Secretary Designate

This is an important appointment in a successful and expanding organisation in the North West, producing and marketing a wide range of industrial and consumer products, and calls for an energetic Accountant with several years' experience in industry.

Although the ideal applicant will have had a good basic experience in both financial and management accountancy, the main essential is that he can demonstrate administrative and management ability, as the position calls for a man who is capable of making a significant contribution to the control and future growth of the organisation.

The successful applicant will probably be over 30 years of age and is unlikely to be earning less than £2,500 p.a. at present. A pension and life assurance scheme is in operation.

Own staff informed. Applications should be addressed to the Financial Director and will be treated in strict confidence. Box AU686.

### Reinsurance- South Africa

ASSISTANT MANAGER required at Head Office Johannesburg. The successful applicant will be directly responsible to the General Manager with the prospect of attaining top management position.

Applicants should have the ability to take charge of underwriting and administration of a growing portfolio. A sound knowledge of insurance and reinsurance in the short term field is essential. Preferable age 30-40.

Contributory pension, life insurance and medical aid, motor car and housing loan benefits available. Please write giving full details of past experience including educational and insurance qualifications to General Manager, Reinsurance Union of South Africa Ltd., P.O. Box 6325 Johannesburg.

## habitat Chief Accountant

Habitat sells furniture, fabrics, lighting, kitchenware, crockery, glassware and toys through eight retail stores and mail order.

We sell them so successfully that during the next 12 months we shall be opening another four large new shops and there are plans for more.

To back this expansion we now want to engage a Chief Accountant. To measure up to our requirements you must be qualified and in your late 20's or early 30's having spent at least 2 or 3 years in commerce after qualifying. Specific retailing involvement and a working knowledge of computers would be an advantage though not as essential as a mature yet enthusiastic approach to the job and some practical experience of managing subordinate staff. You would be based at Wallingford. Your starting salary and other terms and conditions of employment will be as attractive and competitive as you might expect for this new and important appointment. Please send full details of your background and career to date to:

M. I. Peacock, M.A., A.C.A.,  
Habitat Design Holdings Ltd.,  
Elthorcroft Road, Wallingford, Berkshire.

### DEPUTY ACCOUNTANT

DR. BARNARDO'S £2,500-£3,250

A qualified accountant, preferably between 28 and 35, is required to undertake the Chief Accountant with the intention of succession in three to four years' time.

Modern accounting techniques are employed with computer bureau services. £4 million annual expenditure.

The successful applicant will have preferably had experience in the commercial field and have an affinity for practising accountancy in a social work setting.

The salary will be within the range stated, starting point negotiable. There is a scheme of housing assistance and a transferable pension scheme. Modern office, situated within four minutes' walk of Barking Station, Central.

Application forms from Mr. J. D. Knight, Personnel Officer,  
Dr. Barnardo's, 100 Marsh Lane, Barking, Essex.  
Telephone: 01-550 8822.

## Solicitor in Industry

A recently qualified Solicitor is required to join the Group's Legal Department based in St. Helens. He or she will assist in the Department's conveyancing and general section but there will be scope for subsequent diversification into other legal fields concerned with industry. Initial salary will be appropriate to qualifications, age and experience, and the terms of service include a good contributory pension scheme and substantial fringe benefits.

Please write for an application form to:-

C. E. R. Fairburn,  
Group Personnel Department,  
Pilkington Brothers Limited,  
Prescot Road,  
ST. HELENS, Lancashire.

## Senior Executive -pensions circa £4,000 p.a.

Our client, a quoted Group well established in the field of insured schemes, is now expanding into the self-administered sector and requires a Senior Executive to head up, and steer to early profitability, a newly formed Trust Company.

Aged 35-45, he will have wide experience of setting up, administering and developing privately funded schemes together with proven ability to conduct negotiations at the highest level.

The salary is negotiable and success should lead to a seat on the Board of the Group's Pensions Broking subsidiary. Men with relevant experience in a Merchant Banking House should not be deterred from applying.

Write to Box No. 4015, Charles Barker Recruitment Limited, 20 Cannon Street, London EC4M 6XQ.

### PURCHASING MANAGER Consumer Electronics

Major American Company located in Brussels requires experienced individual to manage purchasing function at Staff Headquarters. Responsibilities will be to develop and implement policies, procedures and techniques to assure efficient procurement and delivery of all components, parts, materials and services required in operating this multi-million dollar consumer electronics company.

Extensive purchasing experience in consumer products or components required. Should have worked in a high-volume operation and must be accustomed to dealing with major suppliers. Ideally, the individual we seek is now the number 2 or number 3 purchasing man in a sizeable consumer manufacturing operation. Must be fluent in English and in either German or French. Good starting salary and benefits, opportunity to advance. Please send C.V. indicating approximate salary to Box AX599.

## Finance

• THIS is a new top level appointment with a successful, progressive and broadly based British International Holdings Group with a turnover exceeding £80m.

• EVALUATING companies, acting in takeovers, break-up situations, flotations and raising capital are the principal features of the task. Responsibility is to the Chairman.

• DEMONSTRABLE achievement in a comparable role at a high level of responsibility and a close acquaintance with the City and its institutions are essential. Ideally such achievement will have been attained in the Corporate Finance Department of a leading Merchant Bank—alternatively it could stem from relevant experience with a major commercial organisation.

• TERMS and incentives to match the man and what he can justify are negotiable with salary up to five figures. A directorship will depend on performance. Preferred age not over 45 but age is less important than calibre. Location—London.

Write in complete confidence to  
Sir Peter Youens as adviser to the group.

JOHN TYZACK & PARTNERS  
LIMITED  
10 HALLAM STREET - LONDON W1N 6DJ

## Business Development Director

### COMPUTER INDUSTRY

for a company forming the major part of a publicly owned group and engaged in data preparation, data communications, and type setting. A rapid expansion of profitable business is planned.

• RESPONSIBILITY is to the group chief executive for the market planning and business development of existing and new products. Success could lead to the managing directorship.

• THE requirement is for successful marketing management experience in the computer industry, and an ability to innovate is essential.

• PREFERRED age: thirties. Remuneration will consist of a base salary which together with substantial bonus and stock option benefits can take earnings towards five figures.

Write in complete confidence  
to A. Longland as adviser to the company.

JOHN TYZACK & PARTNERS  
LIMITED  
10 HALLAM STREET - LONDON W1N 6DJ



MINDECO  
LIMITED

## Accounting Opportunities in Zambia

Maamba Collieries Limited (a subsidiary of Mindeco) operate an opencast coal mine in the Zambezi Valley and require the following personnel for their Administrative Staff at Maamba Mine:-

### Chief Accountant

£4,666 +

This man will take complete control of the financial administration of the company. He will be an A.C.A., A.C.C.A., or ACWA with several years experience as Chief Accountant or No 2 in an industrial or mining organisation, and should not be less than 34 years of age. He must have the ability to apply modern techniques to the development of management and financial reporting; and control of recurrent and capital expenditure. The operation is capital intensive so experience in the Mining, Engineering or Construction field of accountancy would be an advantage as would previous overseas experience.

### Assistant Chief Accountant

£3,790 +

He will be responsible to the Chief Accountant for the day to day supervision of all accounting; for the preparation of monthly and annual accounts, and preparation of cost statements; and preparation of financial and statistical returns.

### Accountant

£3,235

A young recently qualified accountant is required who will assist the Assistant Chief Accountant in financial accounting. He must be not less than 25 years of age.

### Benefits with all appointments

25% gratuity on completion of a 3-year contract.  
Settling in allowance £500.  
Baggage allowance.  
Subsidised accommodation.  
Loan for car purchase.  
Education allowance paid for children 7-18 years.  
Education passage for children outside Zambia.  
At least 30 days leave per year.  
Medical Aid Scheme.  
Sickness Benefit.  
Free Life Assurance.

Please write for an application form to:

Mindeco Limited (AO/ST),  
Cheapside House,  
138 Cheapside,  
London, E.C.2.

## Chief Executive

To head a rapidly expanding U.K. subsidiary of a French Engineering parent group. Equally concerned with U.K. and overseas markets. Their products comprise the complete range of a precision component for the Automotive and other industries.

Candidates should possess technical qualifications and must have commercial experience in the engineering industry—preferably in the automotive or allied fields. Fluent French is essential: German also would be ideal.

This is essentially a "spearhead operation" requiring proven General Management ability and strong personal characteristics in order to ensure steady expansion with increasing profitability.

Salary... £6,000 p.a. upwards according to experience and qualifications. Preferred age... 40 to early 50's. Location—South Midlands. Apply in confidence to CHARLES MARTIN ASSOCIATES LTD. (Ref. E 247) 23 College Hill, London, E.C.4, giving concise summary of career including responsibilities held and salaries commanded in recent appointments. Short listed candidates will be notified within 14 days.

CHARLES MARTIN  
ASSOCIATES LIMITED

## Up to £2,000 to start - plus prospects to match your education

If you're under 25, all you need is a good education to join a team marketing a range of information services to the construction industry.

Thorough training is provided, and your reward in the first year will be up to £2,000 which would include a car. After that, you could easily find yourself starting to rise up the management scale. A strong personality and a burning desire to succeed - to build a progressive career in a young company - are essential requirements.

Write immediately quoting reference 2006, to:-

Slade Heyward Associates,

Personnel Consultants,  
St. James House,  
Kensington Square, London, W.8

## The John Dyde Training College Bishop's Stortford

### MANAGEMENT TRAINING OFFICER

An experienced Management Training Officer is required to head the recently established management training section of the Eastern Gas Board's modern residential college at Bishop's Stortford. Rapid expansion of the Board's management training is taking place and this senior position is one of considerable scope. The Training Officer appointed will be expected to identify training needs and to plan, implement, control and evaluate training courses at all levels of management. Practical experience is essential and candidates must have a degree or suitable professional qualification. Applicants should also have experience in conducting management training and should be familiar with a wide range of management theory. Salary will be in the range of £2,517-£3,282. Application forms and further information may be obtained by telephoning or writing to the Training Manager, John Dyde Training College, Anchor St., Bishop's Stortford, Herts. Telephone: Bishop's Stortford 56621.

Eastern GAS

## FOR THE GO-AHEAD MAN

Around £1,000 p.a. at 21-£280 p.a. at 18

With planned career prospects  
A.C. Nielsen, based at Oxford, are internationally famous in the marketing/advertising business for their computer-worked Retail Audit service. This helped leading manufacturers discover their own and competitors' sales and distribution strengths and weaknesses, and to act accordingly. Because we are world leaders in this field, are constantly expanding and evolving other related services, and because, as policy, we promote from inside, we like people to join us young, and learn with us.

18 years If you're about 18, mature, have good education (say, A-levels or O-levels) and an outgoing personality, then we offer a 2-year Development Scheme. After initial training in our philosophy and methods you actually do a job where you are expected to contribute. We support you in further education schemes, as necessary. After 18 months you'll see where you're going—Client, Service and Sales, Statistics, Computer Programming, Analysis, or Junior Management.

20 years If you're about 20, have similar qualifications, as above, are changing jobs and have some useful experience, then you could come in partway through the Development Scheme. Benefits include 6 months' pay reviews initially. Xmas Bonus, well subsidised restaurant and transport, social and sports club. Send now, or write to: Harry Smith, A.C. Nielsen Company Ltd., Nielsen House, Headington, Oxford, OX3 9RX (0865) 64651

## Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Food Scientist

up to £4275

This appointment (at Principal Scientific Officer level) is in the Food Chemistry and Atomic Energy Branch of the Division in London which provides scientific and technological advice on the Department's responsibilities under the Food and Drugs Act.

The PSO will advise on the chemical composition of foods, food constituents and food supplements including sugars, oils and fats, cereals and their products, processed fruits and vegetables, meat and fish foods and certain dietetic foods. A knowledge of modern production, processing and marketing of 'convenience' foods and other popular retail products is needed. Liaison with all branches of the food industry at home and overseas is also involved.

Candidates (preferably aged between 30 and 50) should normally have a 1st or 2nd class honours degree in chemistry, biochemistry, microbiology or a related natural science. Starting salary within the scale £2,275-£4,275. There is a non-contributory pension scheme and prospects of promotion to posts carrying salaries of £5,820 and above.

For full details and an application form (to be returned by 19 November 1971) write to: Civil Service Commission, Alencon Link, Basingstoke, Hants or telephone Basingstoke 29222 ext. 500 or London 01-839 1866 (24 hour 'Ansafone' service) quoting SJ7818/D.

Proprietary Perfumes Limited, a Unilever company and one of the leading international perfumery suppliers, needs another...

## EXPORT REGIONAL SALES MANAGER

... due to expansion, promotion and competition!

To be based at the International Perfumery Centre, Ashford, Kent.

The Manager will sell perfumery compounds and ingredients to major clients in a widespread overseas region.

He will be among the team which won the Queen's Award again this year.

His basic talents must include field sales experience, fluency in a second European language and a willingness to travel frequently. Preferably, he should be between 25 and 35 years old and will have some knowledge of perfumery or of consumer goods which use perfume.

The rewards may be simply stated. Initially a competitive starting salary plus sound training; longer term, an unusual opportunity for a stimulating career within a young, yet sophisticated company.

Enquiries, giving brief career details to date, to Jon Riches, Personnel Manager, Proprietary Perfumes Limited, International Perfumery Centre, Ashford, Kent. Phone Ashford 25777.



## EXECUTIVE-EUROPE Around £10,000

A position has been created for a Senior Executive in Europe, initially operating from Amsterdam negotiating with Financial and EDP Management.

THE MAN we seek will have already proved entrepreneurial and administrative ability; will be around 30 years of age; profit motivated and conscientious; and be seeking equity participation in career growth in an international company.

THE COMPANY—the acknowledged leader in field—offers a range of scientific and technical services to the Management Information Service industry. Whilst experience in this field will be an advantage it is not essential as thorough training is available.

Achievement will naturally determine progress, but income after first year is not expected to be below £10,000 based on a salary of £5,000 per annum. Normal fringe benefits apply.

Applications in confidence with full details to:

European Marketing Director, Winton Laboratory Ltd., Meltham House, Cheam Common Rd, Worcester Park, Surrey.

## TECTONIC

will shortly appoint a

### PRODUCTION CONTROLLER

to take over full responsibility for production in a factory employing 200 people manufacturing high quality Plastic Circuits. The successful candidate will be responsible for the production of P.C.B.s whilst an advanced competence in a broad field combined with proven success in directing batch production of complex products.

Responsibilities would include the direction and co-ordination of a team of staff, the supervision of the design, development and installation of plant and services, planning and scheduling and the supervision of photographic, chemical and mechanical processes.

This is a key position in a continuously expanding company and the successful applicant will probably be in his thirties, have a minimum of 5 years' experience in a similar position and could lead to a Board appointment in two or three years.

Initial applications must be in writing. They will be treated in the strictest confidence and should be addressed to: D. W. Irwin, Managing Director, Tectonic (Electronics) Ltd, Circe Works, Wokingham, Berks.

## TATE GALLERY PUBLICATIONS MANAGER

Applications are invited for the post of Manager of the Publications Department of the Tate Gallery. The Manager is responsible for the running of the Department as the Trustees of the Gallery. He will be responsible for the production of all publications, including the annual catalogue, and will be responsible for the design, production and distribution of all publications. He will be responsible for the management of the staff, both sales and administrative, and will be responsible for the financial control of the Department. He will be responsible for the development of the Department and will be responsible for the promotion of the Tate Gallery's publications. He will be responsible for the selection of the material to be published and will be responsible for the editing and proof-reading of the material. He will be responsible for the layout and design of the publications and will be responsible for the printing and binding of the publications. He will be responsible for the distribution of the publications and will be responsible for the sale of the publications. He will be responsible for the management of the Department and will be responsible for the promotion of the Tate Gallery's publications. He will be responsible for the selection of the material to be published and will be responsible for the editing and proof-reading of the material. He will be responsible for the layout and design of the publications and will be responsible for the printing and binding of the publications. He will be responsible for the distribution of the publications and will be responsible for the sale of the publications.

هكذا نرى الاجل

IRN, a confessed European, finds we have much to offer



Then we e Seven...

IRN European, so that he end of the Common ment; I'm there any- dless of whether it pursue or my national My first political age of nine, was to Churchill's last ditch 1940 to join Britain in a single nation—an hich must have hurt ch as it delighted me. economics and com- es are of course argu- at is not surely, at this ne game, is a common

intact, but uncontrolled develop- ment is slowly destroying the countryside even in France, which has more than most. We ought to get together.

Because if you put together the best that each country has done you would have a working, highly populated, industrial, conserved landscape. For example:

From Holland, the schemes of land reclamation and the intensive effort that has created Het Bos, a huge city park on the edge of Amsterdam. Het Bos could happen east of Watford, on the edge of Birmingham, right down the Wirral.

From Belgium, the home of surrealism, a large scale demon- stration through Flanders—ac- cidental, but never mind that—of how the oddest of juxtapositions can make a viable landscape of its own. Applicable to South East, South Lancs, the grim uplands between Glasgow and Edinburgh.

From Germany, by the his- torical accident of the isolation of Berlin, the healthy and natural development of provincial towns as equals (Munich, Stuttgart, Cologne, Hanover) each doing their own thing. And Hamburg doing better than any, a working city where you can sail on the Alster within yards of the com- mercial centre—and where the naughty is put on one side, at St Pauli, to be visited if you feel like it, rather than crawling all over London's West End.

From France, amongst a lot of



Burnham Beeches: a fight to the last tree

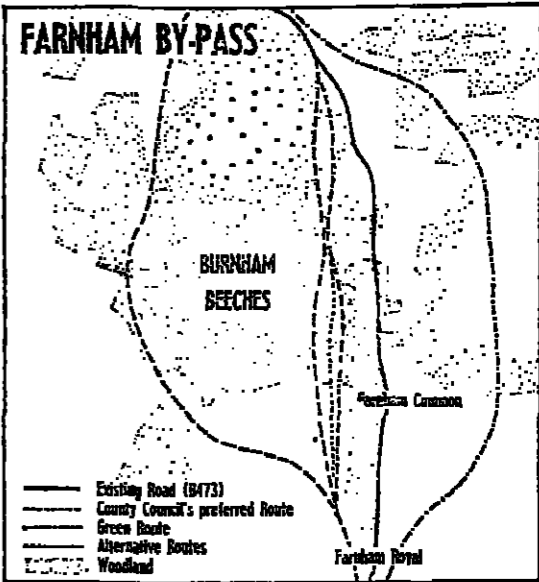
Burnham battle

CAST in the unfamiliar role of champion of the rural cause, the Corporation of London have been doing battle down in Buckinghamshire to save Burnham Beeches from the threat of a dual two-lane by-pass for the villages of Farnham Royal and Farnham Common. Last week a public inquiry opened at Slough Community Centre to decide which of the five possible routes the new road should follow. Four of them would, if permitted, scythe through this famous beauty spot and destroy its peace and quiet for ever.

Only one proposal, the so-called green route, would avoid Burnham altogether by swinging away to the east behind the barbed-wire fences of large private woodland estates. "And that," declared Mr Alfred Qvist, the superintendent of Burnham Beeches, "is where the by-pass should go—where it will be seen and heard by the least number of people."

Buckinghamshire County Council disagree. Supported somewhat surprisingly by the local branch of the Council for the Preservation of Rural England they want to push the road through the eastern fringes of Burnham Beeches, where they say it will inflict the minimum damage to the environment. The Farnham Villages Association have also opted for a road through the Beeches—on the western side as far away from their homes as possible.

The Corporation of London, who have owned Burnham Beeches since 1880, are determined to fight to the last tree. They argue that if a busy road is driven through the Beeches the woods will be wrecked by noise and exhaust fumes. This is a view shared by the Nature Conservancy, who are clearly unhappy about the effects a road on the scale envisaged might have on the ecology of an



area regarded as being "of the very highest scientific value."

Obviously there must be a new road. The existing B473 is already acting as a kind of unofficial outer London ring road linking the M4 and M40 motorways. It is equally clear that reservoirs of solitude such as Burnham Beeches must be preserved, not just as a weekend picnic spot for jaded Londoners but as a vital counterweight to the factory sprawl of Slough three miles away.

Brian Jackman

own a haunted valley

MAURICE WIGGAN

It was Ruskin who said the second-best walk in the world was the walk from Dolgellau; the best walk from Dolgellau south. Sublimely con- ceptions, by their nature re: how they add to the pleur of life. But I don't allene this one. Beyond that whether you pre- west or the west-east depend to some extent me of day and whether the sun behind you or face, giving those dra- tre-jour images beloved tics and photographs. I just graduated to wo- urely beyond argument astuary of the Mawddach of the loveliest in the um its union with the resissible tautology) all down to that dramatic hich opens up Barmouth hink this is particularly u have the felicity to see water-level. I estuaries of the in- vish littoral live up to promise of the rivers out them. The subse- er reach of the Usk, the lagoon-like estuary ves the clue to the name or Silent River, these are sense a comedown from acious upper reaches; the oses its sparkle as it es Rhyl, for which it may wen; and there could be a sharper or more oly contrast than that the ravaged industrial and the enchanting inland of that queen of Welsh on Dydrdy, which we, Ladies of Llangollen, are l to call the Dee. John Hadfield invited me the chapter on Rivers in ell Guide to England I ed that some of the best rivers are of Welsh and I suggest that any need of a memorable walk do worse than follow as as may be the descent of e or the Severn from their on the flanks of Pum- Fawr, which we revere as umon, most numinous of mountains. Severn and Wye. as ambitious but strangely

moving journey follows the infant Teme down its magical valley between the two Black Mountains, past Beguildy, Dulas and Llanfair Waterline and so to Leintwardine ("Lent-war-deen") where the little river merges with the more considerable Clun but wins the title takeover. All down this haunted valley you see and sense the pass opening up, looking down from the pastoral heights of Wales to the rich alluvial plain of Severn. From the land of buzzard, sheep and poetry to the land of fruit, beef and prose.

I know few more affecting journeys than this through the ancient kingdom of Powys which is Powys still. I know no place that works on my spirit in quite the same way as this valley of the young Teme, Beguildy (properly Bugeildy—Shepherd's House) has an inexplicable fascination for me, so strong that I could almost believe it concerned my spirit in a former incarnation.

Just imagination, a trick of the light? Very likely. There is no objective criteria, no scientifically measurable data to define a haunting landscape. We are driven back on truisms simply because they are true: beauty is in the eye of the beholder, every time. But the beholder looking through his own eye, or a transplanted retina? We are all landscape artists in the sense that we endow things seen with adventitious qualities. Some of these spring from the subconscious, some are our own mysterious subjective responses to the configuration of land and light; some unquestionably are implanted in us, like injections, or eggs. I've often wondered to what extent our reaction to landscape is a conditioned reflex. Literature has done at least as much as the earth movers to make, or at any rate to modify, the landscape of Britain.

Nature has always had a good press. From the earliest times writers have been responsive to the rustic scene; before Chaucer and Shakespeare, and through generations of retired writers like Traherne, Goldsmith, Crabbe,

Thomson, Gray and so many more; they have responded memorably to nature in more or less generalised way. But the cult of specific landscape really opened up with Wordsworth and the Romantics, just at that historical moment when Britain was for the first time dividing into urban and rural and becoming conscious of "the country" as somewhere different from the town. This consciousness was one of the first fruits of the Industrial Revolution.

The right man could spend a happy sabbatical compiling an anthology of fruitful writing—it would be mainly poetry—which determined for generations how particular landscapes should be seen and by association enjoyed. No man living is better qualified for this scholarly task than Mr Geoffrey Grigson, the sage of Broad Town, to whom I commend it, hopefully.

True, writers who define the essential character of a landscape do so at their peril. The natives aren't always best pleased. Thus the Shropshire of A. E. Housman (and, by adoption, of thousands of his readers) is not necessarily identical with the Shropshire of actual Salopians. His mooring, introverted Shropshire Lad is less popular with actual Shropshire lasses—than the original old lad himself might have wished. And I doubt if the mystical Shropshire expressed by Mary Webb in Precious Bane (and quoted by Stella Gibbons in Cold Comfort Farm) quite chimes with the vision of their county which our rosy-cheeked and eminently practical modern Salopians cherish. Ronnie Delander made this point in his charming and inspiring book, Under An English Sky.

And yet... could it be that the poetic eye is an X-ray eye which penetrates to inner realities unmarked by more myopic peepers of practicality? I don't for a moment suggest that Housman's Lad squares with the average Shropshire lad. The facts would not seem to support it...

And the bridegroom all night through Never turns him to the bride... Whoops, no. But so far as landscape goes, Housman hit it off perfectly:

On Wenlock Edge the wood's in trouble; His forest fleece the Wrekin heaves; The gale, it plies the saplings double, And thick on Severn snow the leaves.

This seems to me to catch the essence of the landscape as well as words may. Perhaps it is precisely because the landscape is fey that it breeds resilient and down-to-earth people—in reaction to it? Bellow took away much the same impression; you'll remember that wonderful verse which manages to be precisely observant and anthropologically dubious in the same breath:

The men who live in West England, They see the Severn strong, A-rolling on rough water brown Light aspen leaves along They have the secret of the Rocks, And the oldest kind of song.

I'd love to drone on for hours about the fell country of Rogue Herries, the nightmare Cornwall of Ross Folland, the Bronte country, the Buchan landscape, the two worlds of Leo Walmsley (Robin Hood Bay and Fowey), and a dozen others, including Will's Arden. But I'll have to leave you as a parting present a bit of travel writing which is more memorable than most and as true today as when it was written:

Clunton and Clunbury, Clunburyford and Clun, Are the quietest places Under the sun.

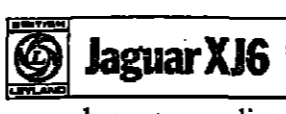
Soothes sore throats and kills the germs that cause them

'Contac 4' is the new throat lozenge that not only soothes sore throats but also kills the germs that cause them. This is because it contains cetylpyridinium chloride, a powerful bactericide. So if you get a sore throat don't keep it, and don't pass it around! Take 'Contac 4'.



Jaguar: Two cars. Two Gold Medals.

The Jaguar XJ6 Saloon and the Open 2-seater E-Type both won Gold Medal awards in the Institute of British Carriage and Automobile Manufacturers 1971 Motor Show coachwork competition.



Awarded the Gold Medal in Section 12, Standard Enclosed Coachwork, Retail List Price of complete car over £1500 but not exceeding £3000, exclusive of Purchase Tax.



Awarded the Gold Medal in Section 16, Sports Coachwork, Retail List Price of complete car over £1100 but not exceeding £3000, exclusive of Purchase Tax.

Jaguar have now won 28 GOLD MEDALS in the appropriate sections of the Competitions held annually at the London Motor Show. Jaguar Cars Ltd., Coventry.

Bald? Or just balding? The ultimate answer is Hair Extension

The new, revolutionary process that adds hair permanently and undetectably to your own—no matter how little you may have.



AIR EXTENSION is permanently part of you. wim, shower, sleep exactly as you did with your original hair.

air Extension is hair perfectly matched in colour and texture, and permanently linked to your own by a nique process. Your new hair can be brushed, combed, shampooed—even cut, without worry. No other process offers such perfection. Telephone for a free confidential consultation or send now for FREE colour brochure—without obligation.

To: The Hair Extension Centre. Please send me your FREE illustrated Colour Brochure.

Form with fields for Name, Address, and a small illustration of a woman's face.

# Database Manager

Rank Xerox, established world leaders in the fields of office copier/duplicators, who are now expanding into the field of information processing, wish to appoint a Database Manager for their own installation at Denham, Bucks.

The man for this position must have a minimum of 8 years' D. P. experience and it is unlikely he would at present be earning less than £4000 p.a. He should have a background of at least 5 years in Systems work—ideally with experience in accounting/marketing user functions, and certainly in the use of large disk/tape systems. A knowledge of Data Management languages would also be a distinct advantage.

The successful candidate will be responsible for the inception, creation and maintenance of databases for systems within a highly volatile user environment. Although initially based at Denham, he can expect to move shortly to a completely new installation at Uxbridge.

An excellent salary will be paid to the right man together with excellent fringe benefits.

Applications, giving brief details of age, qualifications and experience should be sent to: L. Wall, Personnel Manager, Rank Xerox Limited, North Orbital Road, Denham, Near Uxbridge, Middlesex.

**RANK XEROX**

## The George Cohen 600 Group Limited

operates through three major divisions and this appointment is with the Machine Tools Division—600 MACHINE TOOLS LIMITED which co-ordinates the activities of the following Group companies—

The Colchester Lathe Co. Ltd.  
Dickson's (Engineering) Ltd.  
F. J. Edwards Ltd.  
Gamet Products Ltd.  
T. S. Harrison & Sons Ltd.  
Hydro Machine Tool Co. Ltd.  
The Richmond Machine Tool Co. Ltd.  
W. E. Sykes Ltd.  
The Selson Machine Tool Co. Ltd.  
Sykes Machine Tool Co. Ltd.

Together with increasing Overseas interests.

Current and future developments are creating opportunities for promotion and extensive Management Development throughout the Division



## Managing Director—T. S. Harrison & Sons Ltd.

The Managing Director of this Company (acquired earlier this year) is beyond retirement age but is continuing with us until the appointment of a successor.

It is planned for the Company to develop a new range of Lathes, complementary to those produced elsewhere in the Group, which promises substantial expansion.

Candidates must have sound experience of running an efficient Production Unit and although Machine Tool production experience is desirable it is not essential. The Company is located at Heckmondwike in Yorkshire.

## General Manager—F. J. Edwards Ltd.

The Company is embarking on an ambitious programme of Growth and Development, extending its range of products and increasing its penetration of the world market.

The General Manager will be directly responsible for the initiation, implementation and continuing success of the programme and the overall control of all Factory functions—including Product Development, Production and Financial Control, located at Chard in Somerset.

As an Executive Director the appointed candidate will be given the ultimate opportunity of Managing Directorship on the foreseeable retirement of the present Chief Executive.

## Sales Director—The Colchester Lathe Co. Ltd.

The Sales Director has been promoted to greater responsibility and this appointment in one of Britain's most successful Machine Tool Companies is now open.

Candidates must have proved administrative ability and experience in the Machine Tool industry could be an advantage, but those from other spheres of the Engineering industry could well apply themselves to the Sales responsibilities for this high scale production plant at Colchester in Essex.

Applications giving a brief résumé of qualifications and experience appropriate to any one of these appointments will be received in confidence by The Chief Executive—Group Personnel, at 600 Wood Lane, London, W.12.

## Confidential Reply Service

Give full details of your qualifications, past career and present salary.

## GENERAL WORKS MANAGER

A major opportunity exists for the right man to join a leading Public Company engaged in the manufacture of mechanical handling equipment. The Company is located in the East Midlands and employs some 1,500 people.

**OBJECTIVES OF THE POST**—The profitable control and operation of the works, whose annual manufacturing output exceeds £m. Responsibilities will include production control, planning and forecasting and the industrial relations aspects associated with the works.

**EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS**—Suitable candidates will have a degree and/or appropriate professional qualifications, and will have proven experience in industrial engineering or line management, followed by general works management preferably in a mechanical engineering business.

Whilst age is not regarded as all important, it is unlikely that anyone less than 35 years old will have adequate experience for this post.

**PROSPECTS AND SALARY**—The successful candidate will join a progressive team, and will be expected to make a major contribution towards the early consideration for further development. Salary will be negotiable, but will be in the area of £5,000 p.a.

Please apply in confidence to:

G. Street & Co.  
Vacancy Code CM 5  
Dennis House, Pall Mall,  
Manchester 2.

**Streets**

## Senior Quality Control Engineer

This leading electronics group consists of 30 operating companies throughout the country, employing a total of 23,000 people. To ensure the use of the most modern design techniques we are seeking an experienced Quality Control Engineer for this new senior appointment within the Cambridge Engineering team employed by Pye of Cambridge Limited.

The successful candidate will report to the Group Industrial Engineer and act as a consultant on quality control matters to our Group companies. He will be responsible for setting-up quality control systems throughout the Group and will be expected to install the systems personally before handing to site management. The post is based in Cambridge but involves some U.K. travel.

Applicants should preferably be aged 30-40, educated degree standard, have a good knowledge of statistics and their application to Q.C., knowledge of computer systems, be an advantage. A keen awareness of the need for quality assurance and of the importance of human relations in this field is called for; experience in Ministry quality assurance would be an asset.

The starting salary will be appropriate to a senior group appointment in an international company and conditions employment are similarly attractive.

Please write briefly or telephone for an application for

Alan Hill,  
Personnel Manager,  
Pye of Cambridge Limited,  
St. Andrew's Road,  
Cambridge CB4 1DP.  
Tel: Cambridge (0223) 58995 Ext. 237.



## OIL TERMINAL OPERATIONS—MARI

International marine contractors invite applications experienced marine officers for service overseas at oil terminals. Land and Marine Contractors and Land Ltd., associate companies, operate as service contractors to major oil companies in varied locations such as Gulf, West Africa, U.K. and North Sea.

Positions are available immediately for the following categories: Qualifications as listed:

### 1. PILOT/MOORING MASTERS

Master's F.G. certificate, tanker experience and experience as mooring master at conventional buoyings and S.B.M. N.B. marine officers with minimum years' experience as chief officer in tankers would be considered for training as mooring masters. Other opportunities exist from time to time for boat/tug-masters of craft in the range 75-300 feet. Dates would require master's F.G. certificate and once as master or mate in off-shore terminal oil.

### 2. CHIEF ENGINEERS—MARINE

First-class motor or combined tickets essential and repair experience at a senior level an advantage.

Positions available are as follows—

A) OFF-SHORE—in charge of company's vessels

B) ON-SHORE—as marine engineer on training

Arabic Gulf. Previous training, experience, able and candidates require good expertise hydraulics and G.M.I. Rolls-Royce and cat e

Appointments generally are on bachelor basis and include generous leave arrangements, varying location but not less than three leaves in the U.K. with free return air passage for each leave, mess, accommodation, laundry, medical, personal insurance, pension scheme. Excellent tax-free with annual increments for service. Opportunity promotion within the organisation.

Please apply in writing to:

PERSONNEL MANAGER,  
LAND AND MARINE CONTRACTORS LTD.,  
PORT CAUSEWAY, BRIMBOROUGH, WIRRAL, CH.

## KENT COUNTY COUNCIL

County Clerk's Office  
—Prosecutions Division

## Solicitors

Due to reorganisation and expansion of the Prosecutions Division, seven additional Solicitors required, making a total of 14 including Prosecuting Solicitor and Senior Assistant Solicitor some will be based at Police Headquarters, Maidstone, and others at various Police Divisions in the County. These are responsible positions, duties involving personal responsibility for conducting prosecutions on behalf of the Kent Police; giving legal advice on prosecutions matters within their respective areas. Preference will be given to solicitors who have had considerable experience of advocacy in Magistrates' Courts. Commencing salary fixed having regard to age, of admission, qualifications and experience, 1 with a minimum of £2,766 per annum. Applicants with five years' experience minimum £3,180. Minimum of grade £3,732 per annum. Removal of travelling allowances. This post has already been advertised recently; previous applicants will be considered and need not re-apply. Application forms obtainable from the Clerk of Council, County Hall, Maidstone quoting reference D2/OS1/238. Telephone Maidstone 54321, Extens 314 or 354. Closing date 15th November 1971.

## Export Sales Engineer

### Steelmill Automation

Following an outstandingly successful European launch of our new range of rolling mill automation equipment, the scale of our export activity is to be expanded. We now urgently require a dynamic, well-travelled and ambitious engineer to turn this new potential into a profitable business. After applications training, he will make sales presentations throughout Europe and support agents activities. First and foremost he will be an entrepreneur but will move towards a management position as the results of his activities mature.

Please write giving brief career and personal profile to: The Personnel Officer, Setpoint Limited, Ingate Place, Queenstown Road, Battersea, S.W.8.

**Setpoint** a DECCA company

OTHER COUNTY WRITERS IN SPEAK WITH A CONSULTANT IN CONFIDENCE

**SALES MANAGER**  
£5,500 neg. + car  
Industrial sales,  
Public Company, London.

**BRAND MANAGER**  
to £3,300  
Multinational grocery brand, London.

**talent brokers** 498 4286

## Research Director (London)

One of our clients, with an established record of growth and expansion in the development and manufacture of sophisticated electronic equipment, invites applications for the position of RESEARCH DIRECTOR. The Company has been granted The Queen's Award to Industry for technological innovation.

Age 35-45. Good honours degree in engineering with other qualifications essential. Experience in applications of physics, electronics and very high precision mechanics an asset, together with proved successful R & D leadership qualities. Emphasis upon creativity of ideas, planning and organising ability, and efficiently applied administrative skills. Salary negotiable but applicants must now be earning minimum of £6,500. Good prospects Main Board appointment. Car. Generous removal expenses. Pension.

Apply in GUARANTEED CONFIDENCE stating telephone number, age, details of education and experience, names of firms, positions held with dates, starting and final salaries. Reference ST/BD/7165. Short-listed applicants can expect acknowledgement within fourteen days of receipt of application.

Dr. P. S. de Q. Cabot, Chairman,  
P. S. CABOT & CO. LTD.,  
37/41, Bedford Row, London, W.C1.

## GENERAL MANAGER

Engineering Division

Professional engineer with successful experience in technical sales management and field service in electro-mechanical and electronic capital equipment, preferably in communications and data processing.

Ability to identify, assess and promote profitable projects with growth potential.

The most valuable qualification is a proven record of achievement.

Preferred age 35-45. Location—Central London.

A substantial salary will be negotiated.

Write in complete confidence to:

**Extel GROUP**  
The Group Personnel Manager,  
The Exchange Telegraph Co. Ltd.,  
Exel House, East Harding Street,  
London, EC4P 4BB.

## THE BURMAH OIL GROUP OF COMPANIES



has opportunities for

## GEOLOGISTS GEOPHYSICISTS

to join their international exploration appraisal team based in London.

Applicants must possess at least a second class honours degree and have had a minimum of eight years' practical experience in the petroleum industry. The Company offers competitive salaries and allowances, attractive conditions of service and membership of a non-contributory pension scheme.

Applicants should apply in writing, stating age, qualifications and experience to:

Group Staff Department,  
BURMAH OIL TRADING LIMITED,  
Burmah House,  
57 Chiswell Street, London EC1Y 4SX.

## PILOT PLANT MANAGER

circa £4,000

The continued growth of one of Britain's best-known food manufacturers has created an opportunity for a man, probably in his early 30's, who, in addition to having first-class qualifications, is a manager of high potential. Initially the appointment will be to acquaint himself with the company and its manufacturing techniques but over the next year he will gradually assume full responsibility for the pilot plant, the introduction of new products and process development. Only Honours science graduates with considerable research or process experience in the food industry will be considered for this position which offers exceptional rewards and prospects to an exceptional man. Ref: 1937/ST. Apply to R. D. Howgate, Reed Executive, 15 Piccadilly, Manchester M1 1LT. Robophone: 061-832 6633.

Box No. replies should be addressed to THE SUNDAY TIMES, Thomson House, 200 Gray's Inn Road, London, WC1, unless otherwise stated. No original testimonials, references or money should be enclosed.

## Computer Operations Manager

About £3,500

A Senior Appointment

Our Management Services Department at Ilford has four main sections—Systems/Programming, O & M, OR, and Computer Operations. There are two Honeywell 1250's, with a full range of peripherals. In constant use on existing operational work including Sales Accounting, Payroll, Costing, Stock Control and a Time Critical Stock Allocation/Order Processing System. Our main developments at present are in the area of integrated computer-based management information systems for home and overseas markets.

The man appointed will probably be between 35/45 years of age. He will have had several years' experience as a Computer Operations Manager and must be able to show evidence of an extensive knowledge of operating systems, data preparation equipment, and experience of working with various manufacturers' hardware. A degree or relevant professional qualification would be an advantage.

Please write, quoting reference SA.455, to E. I. Elliott, Personnel Manager, Ilford Limited, 11 Roden Street, Ilford, Essex. Ilford Limited is a CIBA-GEIGY Company.

## ILFORD

## HEAT TRANSFER

An ENGINEER or APPLIED PHYSICIST is required as project leader in a Group carrying out Research & Development on heat transfer in compact appliances for the domestic and commercial markets. The work will require expertise in both experimental and theoretical thermodynamics. The ability to translate theoretical concepts into practical engineering designs is essential.

A good degree in engineering or physics with a higher degree or appropriate post-graduate experience in a research environment is required. The appointment will be on a scale rising to £2,793 or £3,078 depending on age, qualifications and experience.

Applications giving full details should be sent in the first instance within two weeks to: The Director, Gas Council, Watson House, Peterborough Road, London SW6 3HN, quoting reference 6634/ST.

**GAS COUNCIL**

## POLICING HONG KONG

Offers a career for young men in a Police Force responsible for law and order in a community of about 4,000,000 people.

★ Permanent Appointment with prospects of promotion.

★ Commencing salary \$1,156 a year, (£1,494 for University Graduates), but revised scales under consideration.

★ 4½ months' paid leave in U.K. after 3½ years' service plus local leave during tour.

Please write for full details and an application form, quoting reference M3B/700807/ZL to:

The Crown Agents, 'M' Division, 4 Millbank, London, S.W.1.

## ECONOMIST

THE INTERNATIONAL WOOL SECRETARIAT has a vacancy for a SENIOR RESEARCH OFFICER in its HQ Economics and Operations Research Group based in London. The successful applicant will head a small team engaged in the analysis and forecasting of the international demand for wool products, and factors affecting the wool commodity market.

Candidates should be aged 25-35, with a degree in Economics and with at least three years commercial and research experience. Knowledge of econometric techniques and experience within the textile industry would be desirable, although not essential.

Starting salary for this post will be at least £2,500. In addition the IWS operates an attractive policy for pensions, life insurance, relocation assistance and other benefits.

Applications for this post should be sent to:

Administration Department (Ref. EC)  
International Wool Secretariat,  
Wool House,  
6 & 7 Carlton Gardens,  
London SW1Y 5AE.

PURE NEW WOOL

## PROGRAMMER WEST COUNTRY

A well established European subsidiary of an American machine manufacturing Company, about to install a 360 model 22 with tapes and discs, offers a career of unusual prospects to a PROGRAMMER with the following qualifications:

★ Two programme languages—preferably COBOL and assembler. Minimum 2 years' experience.

★ DOS experience.

★ Experience in production/engineering environment an advantage.

Selected candidates to be interviewed in PLYMOUTH between 15th and 19th November, 1971.

Applications in writing, giving full details to—

Paper Converting Machine Company Ltd.,  
Southway Drive,  
Plymouth PL6 6EL.

For the attention of Roy Bidwell, D.P. Manager.

## Brown & Sharpe, Plymouth GENERAL MANAGER

He should be under 50, and be thoroughly conversant with the economical production of MACHINE TOOLS or similar equipment. Must be experienced in production, budgetary, and inventory control and the allocation of capital equipment. Preferably a member of either the Institution of Production or Mechanical Engineers.

Remuneration will be commensurate with the position offered and the candidate's experience and qualifications.

This is a challenging post offering excellent prospects.

Only applicants with the necessary qualifications should send curriculum vitae, which will be treated in the strictest confidence, for the personal attention of the Managing Director.

Brown & Sharpe Limited, Plymouth, PL5 2TU, Devon.

**ACCOUNTANTS**  
COST—FINANCIAL  
Industrial & commercial  
companies.  
Aged between 24-40  
Full or partly qualified  
Salaries from £2,000-£4,000

**ENGINEERS**  
R & D—INDUSTRIAL  
Mechanical & Electronic  
Aged between 25-35  
H.N.C.—C.Eng. or Degree  
Salaries from £1,800-£3,500

G.R.S. are retained by over 500 major companies in London, the Home Counties and the Midlands as recruitment consultants. We have currently over 300 positions registered with us by one of these client companies covering the functions outlined above. Our services are personal, free and confidential. For further details please telephone or complete and post the coupon below to the address most appropriate to your location.

**grs**  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
GRAY RECRUITMENT SERVICE LIMITED  
24 Dean St, London, W.1. 01-437 7282-3  
386 Broad St, Birmingham, W. 01-443 6377

مكتبة الشاهين



# THE SUNDAY TIMES

## Europe: the Labour pains

THE OUTCOME of the Common Market debate is a triumph for the European cause and a tribute to the constancy of those Labour members who defied the party whip. It is, as well, a resounding personal victory for Mr Heath, whose skill and persistence on Europe, displayed over a period of ten years, at last receive the reward they deserve. There are other good Europeans in this, as in previous Conservative and Labour Governments. But no one, whether he agrees with the objective or not, can grudge Mr Heath the title of the best European of them all, in terms of conviction, resolve and effectiveness.

The fact remains that in next year's protracted Parliamentary business of reconciling the relevant British laws and regulations with those of the Community, there could still be numbers of times when British entry into EEC, as well as the existence of the Government, could be in doubt. In reality the very size of last week's majority, however many Labour Europeans now return to the party fold, will make it easier for Mr Heath to win through to the end. Just as the opinion polls show that most people, even if they disapprove of British entry, think it will take place, so there is at Westminster, after Thursday's vote, a tide-in-the-affairs-of-men feeling that should give the Government the advantage in next year's battles.

This trend need not be affected by the current upheavals within the Labour Party, which as they have developed have indeed very little to do with Europe as such. They are concerned much more with a struggle for power and influence within the Party. The Gaitskellite tradition, of which Mr Roy Jenkins is the heir and guardian, is being challenged by a determined effort to move the Party leftwards. If this effort were to succeed, in the sense of relegating the Jenkinsites to the back benches or even expelling them, the situation would be very grave, for two reasons.

First, as Governments in this country are for the most part voted into or kept out of power by a few million middle-ground floating voters, a Labour Government's return to power would become increasingly unlikely, which in turn means robbing the country of the choice

of an alternative Government. Secondly, even if Labour were somehow to get itself re-elected, some of its ablest and least dispensable men would find themselves barred from office. Presumably Mr Wedgwood Benn, in spite of his transparent ambition, knows this quite well, just as he must know that the probable results of his call for revenge against the Jenkinsites will be to deepen the split within the Labour Party and thus make it easier rather than harder for Mr Heath to get the Common Market legislation through Parliament.

The probable prospect, therefore, is for British entry by January 1, 1973. What will Britain be entering? The Sunday Times has always been a warm supporter of entry, but realism compels the admission that six-power Europe is at present a sickly animal. The crisis precipitated by President Nixon's suspension of dollar convertibility in August has left the Six badly disunited in what should have been their common response. Relations between Bonn and Paris, as both Governments have sought to protect and advance their national interests in the battle of the exchange rates, have sunk to a low level. Unless the Six, together with Great Britain, can agree on collective action over currency parties and negotiate as a unit with the US, then there is real danger of a trade war, not just between the old and the new world but between the nations of Europe itself. The issue, and the contribution that Britain can make to it, goes further than dollars or pounds or francs. What is involved, after Mr Nixon's August measures, is nothing less than a new era in international, and specifically in European-US relations. And how puny some of last week's posturings seem against the arrival of China in the United Nations!

Trade, currency, agricultural policy, defence are all headings under which Europe needs to examine its ideas vis-à-vis the US. In the formulation of these ideas, Britain will have an important part to play. There is every sign that the Europeans are eager to see her play it. What is offered, assuming that all goes well in Parliament next year, is a leading rôle in the shaping of Europe Mark II. Unless that shape is created, Europe Mark I is in grave danger, if not of extinction, at least of oblivion.

## Ulster: a glimmer of hope?

THE DEVELOPMENTS of the past week in Ulster sickened the heart, from the vengeful murder of policemen by the IRA to the deepening distress—very properly signalled by the Child Poverty Action Group—of women and children in the stricken areas of Belfast. Any attempt to bring order to this appalling scene deserves sympathy. The problem remains the Catholic minority's support of terrorism. Some of this support proceeds from intimidation; but if the authorities suppose that new military action—even successful action—against terrorists in their hideouts will then free Catholics to co-operate with the established order, they have read recent history optimistically. Last week's breakaway assembly of non-Unionist councillors and MPs at Dungiven showed how deep is the minority's sense of alienation.

Mr Faulkner himself well understands the need to revive Catholic trust in the existing political system. He disclosed as much in two moves he made last week. One was his publication of a discussion paper on changes which might make the Stormont Parliament more sensitive to minority opinion. The other was his appointment to the Northern Ireland Cabinet of the first Catholic in fifty years, Dr Gerard Newe. These are valuable moves. They would have been more valuable if they had been made many months ago. Mr Faulkner shares responsibility for the delay, and for the fact that the ground on which the seed now falls has been made stony by the policy of internment.

## Hanratty: a file not closed

THE HOME SECRETARY'S statement in the Commons about the Hanratty case, conveniently swept away in the tide of words about Europe, is a piece of flotsam which deserves to be picked out and scrutinised. It will then be seen to bear a close resemblance to Home Office denials and disclaimers down the years, notably in its insistence that a convincing opinion cannot now be arrived at on the basis of ten-year-old recollections. Exactly the same objection was advanced time after time in the case of Timothy Evans, finally found sixteen years after the event to have been wrongfully hanged.

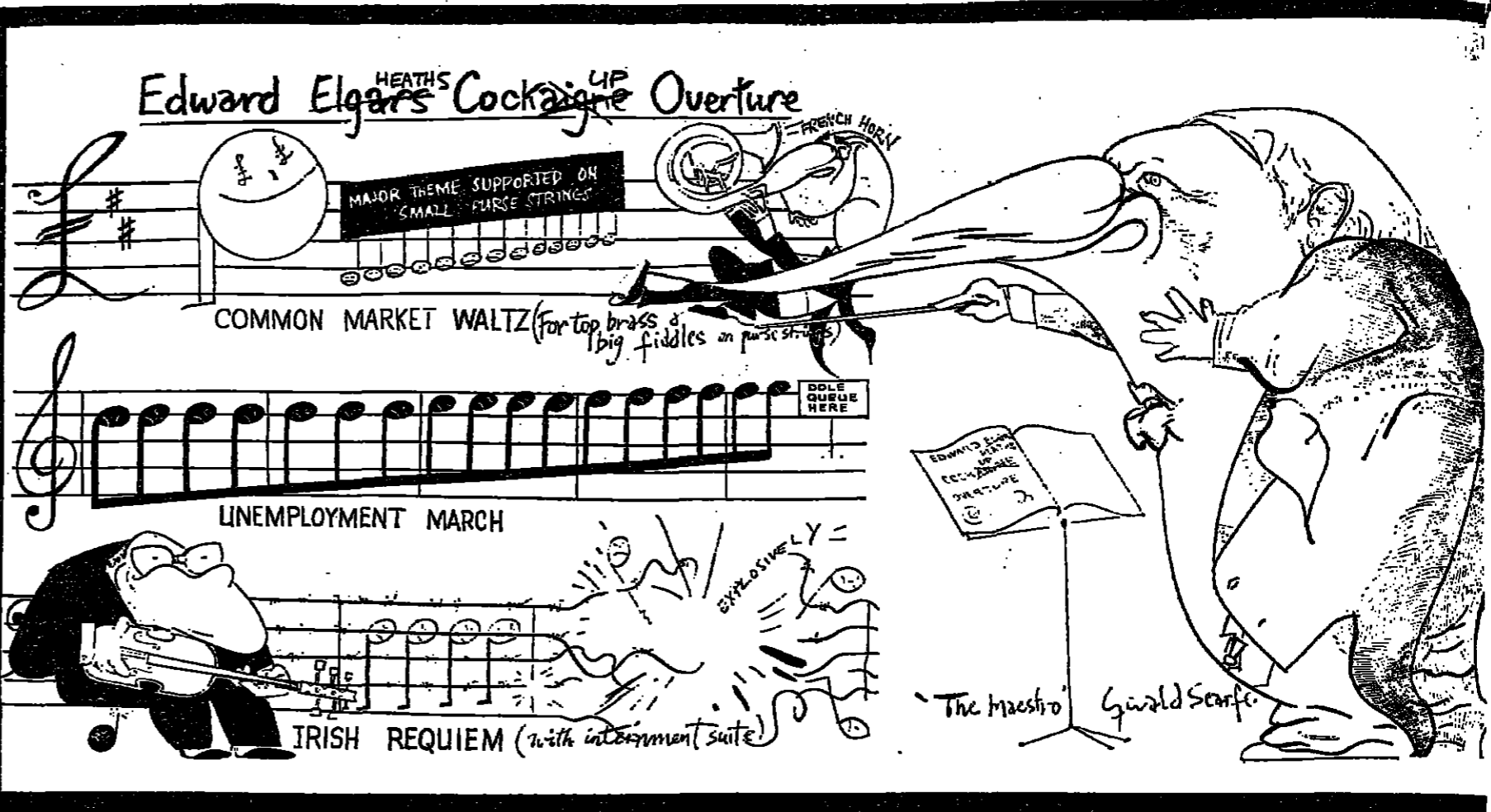
The excuse is even less convincing in the Hanratty case. Much of the evidence in dispute is in the form of statements taken within months of the A6 murder itself (for which James Hanratty was hanged). The Home Secretary reproaches Mr Paul Foot, the chief advocate of an enquiry into the case, with not having considered all this material. It was the Home Office which refused him the opportunity.

The Sunday Times has itself raised two main doubts about the trial. One relates to the quality of the evidence advanced, the other to the general context in which the evidence was set. Mr Maundling has dealt with neither of them. He says he cannot find any basis for the suggestion that Miss Storie (the principal prosecution witness) altered

her description of the murderer. The fact remains that within seven days of the murder the police stopped searching for a man with "deep-set brown eyes" and declared that they wanted a man with "large, icy-blue saucer-like eyes." In both quests they appeared to be acting on Miss Storie's information. Why the change? It has all along been essential to know, and the question remains glaringly unanswered.

More than that, Mr Maundling's statement does nothing to deal with the charge that the trial at Bedford Assizes proceeded from beginning to end in an atmosphere of half-truth. Throughout the case, Hanratty and his victims were presented as having come together fortuitously. Yet a good deal of evidence has since suggested that they were linked by a web of relationships of which the jury were allowed to know nothing. Again, we get not even the ghost of an explanation.

Anyone who has followed the case, with its strange "confession" by Peter Alphon and other puzzles, must feel frustratingly fobbed off. Mr Maundling could have stilled the doubts if he had made a full and detailed statement to the House, quoting at least some of the documents which his Department has so far sedulously withheld. He chose not to do so; and he has thereby made certain that public unease will persist. The A6 file is not closed.



IT IS BEGINNING to be possible to believe that the Government is groping its way towards something no British Government has ever had before: a policy about motor vehicles.

The reasons why one is needed are obvious enough: road deaths (7,501 in Britain last year), traffic jams in towns, ugly road-building in the country, noise, vibration, fumes. Britain also contributes to an international problem: last week the oceanographer Jacques Piccard said ocean life was being steadily extinguished by exhaust gases in the atmosphere and by petroleum products spilt into rivers and from tankers.

The reasons why no Government has ever had a policy about motor vehicles are equally obvious. It is not just that it would supply many of the citizen's wants and cars and coaches and motor-cycles give him pleasure and mobility. It is also that the Treasury needs all those vehicles for revenue (£1,800 million last year from fuel tax, licences and purchase tax), for their contribution to employment and the balance of payments, and—through hire-purchase controls—as a key economic regulator.

The present Government is as sensitive to all this as any of its predecessors. Obviously it will not outlaw the motor-car. But the signs are accumulating that it will at last set about limiting the motor-car's free development, both by putting significant restrictions on its construction and use and by exacting from drivers the real cost of driving.

Private cars (which make up 12 million of our 15 million motor vehicles) will increasingly, it seems, be squeezed

out of city centres. In the proper Tory tradition, the means will be left to the city fathers: the alternative lure of very cheap buses and tubes (as in Stockholm), the competition of self-drive taxis (as in Montpellier), the straightforward no-entry sign of the pedestrian precinct (as in Leeds). But the Road Research Laboratory's annual report, published last week, shows that a laboratory-scale experiment in road-pricing, another possible method, has been going on: there has been a modest government handout to urban bus and rail services; and now Patrick Jenkin, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, has said in an important speech that "discriminating in favour of urban public transport" may be the right course.

More than that, road-building is losing its status as an absolute good. Peter Walker's "thousand miles of motorway by the early 1980s" (beyond the thousand miles already laid or due to be finished by the end of next year) is itself less than had been demanded by the British Road Federation, which wants more roads faster (with "immense benefit to the quality of life in town and country"). Now Graham Page, Minister for Local Government and Development, has promised clearer local publicity for

JOHN WHALE

new road plans, and the Jenkin speech offers "a better deal to those whose peace and quiet are shattered by urban motorways." That ought to mean that motorways will become slower and more expensive to build, and in the end less often built.

Earlier this month John Peyton, Minister for Transport Industries, announced higher standards on noise and exhaust emissions from new vehicles. They will start coming into effect in a year's time. His officials have just begun to negotiate a series of contracts with British manufacturers for experimental safe cars. Again Patrick Jenkin, talking to motor agents in Motor Show week, has pointed the moral. "If I take the right measures means more expensive, and better maintained cars, then so be it." If the motor agents fully understood the implication, they will have clapped till their hands hurt. Rules of a steadily increasing stringency about clean, safe cars mean that people have to keep buying new ones. Sales soar: the only problem is where to put the old ones. The Exchequer till goes on ringing merrily, too.

## CHINA: A RETURN TO BALANCE OF POWER

C P FITZGERALD



Chairman Mao: surprised?

was soon crowded with other nations seeking normal relations with China, and led directly to the recent vote at the UN.

"China joins the world." Yes, but the world also welcomes China, and for more than one reason. The dangers of isolation, which seemed so clear to outside observers, seemed also to be consistently ignored by China herself. She was at odds with both the superpowers. One of these two powers happens also to be the great land power which has a common frontier with China, and the other is the great sea power which dominates the Pacific Ocean and neighbouring seas.

In the past, such a policy of aloof disdain for foreign relations had proved very dangerous. The Manchu dynasty neither made friends with Russia nor willingly accepted the sea powers, Britain, France and later the US and Japan. Consequently China suffered from the attacks or encroachments of all of them, often at the same time. The Nationalist foreign policy fell into the same error: Russia was held off because Communism was resisted, and the Western nations criticised on the grounds of nationalist ideology and patriotic sentiment. Thus all were more or less alienated, and when Japan struck, China had no ally. It has seemed since the development of the Sino-Soviet dispute that the Peoples' Republic was committing the same mistake.

Now that China is about to take her seat at the UN the question of what role she will choose to play there is urgent and actual. It is possible that she will use the forum of the UN to pursue, with greater publicity and opportunity, her long-standing dispute with the

peoples will be strongly supported and the remnants of imperial regimes, or their derivatives, loudly condemned. China will exercise influence, and not always in a direction pleasing to the Western world. But she will also be herself subjected to the influence of other nations, perhaps more through informal contacts in the lobbies of the UN than in the formal sessions of the Assembly or Security Council. China will be a member of the club, and must pay some attention to the attitudes of the other members.

A new period in international relations is thus opening. There will, before long, be four super powers, or aspirant super powers: USSR, USA, China, and the European Common Market, and the association which will develop from it. There is also a fifth, Japan, already economically strong enough to play the part, and thus ready to become a military factory of real strength if she so chooses. A world no longer dominated by the polarised conflict of two super powers, but subject to the possible combinations and varying policies of four or five, implies, inevitably, a return to that system, the balance of power, which has been so much derided in modern times.

It may not be perfect, or moral, or ideologically pleasing, but it will work, as it did with reasonable efficiency in 19th century Europe.

There were at least long periods without major wars involving all the Powers. It is often claimed that the Powers who have not yet attained nuclear armament on the scale of the US or the Soviet Union cannot really count at all: only the ultimate power of annihilation matters. This is not necessarily true, nor

half of this year's need that still leaves about £2 billion unplugged.

Further, there is not as Government steam behind nical innovations as might be. A road-experiment could have out of the laboratory on the street by now. Safe ought to have got beyond experimental stage. E cars are produced in E but with little encouragement to mass production: m is explicitly content to the running to the Jap who are spending £7 m year on research. An Noise Abatement Societ one, believes motor facturers could have met noise tests than the new rules.

The encouraging fact is that, in its new toad-rack in Marsham behind Smith Square, Department of the En ment is devising curbs destructiveness of the car. The building itself sign of advance, whatever looks. For as long as was a separate Tra Ministry, its officials had dency to suppose them ambassadors from the co King Car to the hostile without; and their slight of persecution was high through their being phys separated by the Thames the rest of Whitehall. autumn the river has crossed. The Transport are getting their feet Marsham Street desks t the planners and the em mentalists, and they begun to see the point.

That does not mean the department will now kill Car; but it can be exp to start dethroning him.

does it conform with experience.

War is not the only crite It is only because we have in a world for twenty years in which the only live war must be between super powers, that the val lesser power influence has so much discounted. period, as President Nixon stated, is ending, and he dics the beginning of an of negotiation. The activ the weaker powers in this ation is likely to be much effective.

The problem will be cated by the differing ideol cal outlook of the gre powers. Combinations bet a Communist power and capitalist one to check an Communist power, or influence another non-Communist power, are going hard to achieve and still r difficult to control. It we seem more probable that long period to come the w will still be divided into "camps" as the Commun put it. And that although put for manoeuvre will greatly enlarged and the c ches become much more plex and subtle, there is likely to be a great "revel of alliances" in the cla manner of the old balance power.

Ideological standpoints h been preached for too long; too loudly to be lightly at done without risk of pul resentment and disillusion. era of negotiation is thus lik to begin with a period of vi to some purists on both si may well appear as an era. Dr Kissinger visiti Peking in secret the first ti but a public announcement his mission and its purp following swiftly upon it return to America, may be prototype of the new st President: Woodrow Wils aspiration has some whi changed: instead of "op treaties openly arrived at," shall have "secret arrang ments openly publicised."

C. P. FITZGERALD, Australian Sinologist, was Pr fessor of Far Eastern History, the Australian National U versity from 1954 to 1967. h previously lived in China f many years.

© Asian News Service



# "This new natural gas greenhouse heater can revolutionise greenhouse culture."

Brian Walkden, Technical Editor, Amateur Gardening

THE NEW SHILTON natural gas greenhouse heater is so cheap to run that you can afford to use it longer and so maintain your greenhouse at a higher temperature the whole year through.

Low running costs combined with accurate thermostatic control will allow you to extend your greenhouse crop to include a whole new range of exciting and exotic plants you never considered growing before.

**Thermostatic control safeguards your plants**  
The simple 'set and forget' thermostat also ensures that you need never again be caught out by a sudden drop in temperature. Once the SHILTON is set and lit, it will maintain the temperature in your greenhouse automatically.

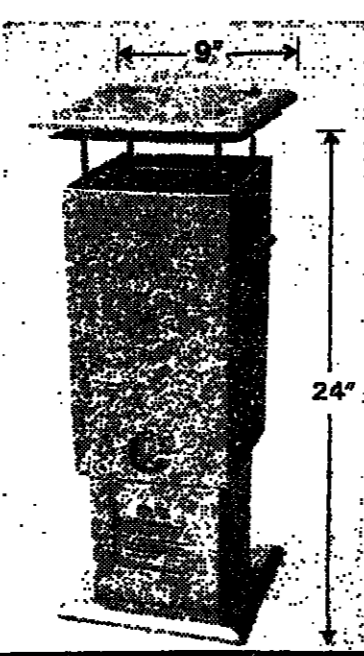
And the SHILTON never needs filling or stoking—natural gas is always on tap.

Top growers know that a CO<sub>2</sub> enriched atmosphere can increase yields.

## Enriches the atmosphere your plants breathe

When natural gas burns, it produces carbon dioxide—essential to plant life. So if you burn natural gas in a greenhouse, it creates an environment more beneficial to plant growth than any that occurs in nature—warm, humid and CO<sub>2</sub> enriched. In these conditions plants like orchids, chrysanthemums, tomatoes, etc., will reach maximum growth more quickly, and weight yields can increase dramatically.

Professional growers have used this knowledge for years. Now the SHILTON lets the amateur gardener take advantage of it too!



GARDENING BREAKTHROUGH FOR NATURAL GAS USERS

## Where to order your SHILTON heater

SHILTON heaters are available from all Gas Boards (ask at your local showroom), garden equipment stockists and major gardening centres.

The recommended retail price of the SHILTON is £42 including the provision of 30ft. of gas pipe and connection to the gas supply in your house.

Remember—you can use the SHILTON only if your home has been converted to natural gas.

**The Shilton greenhouse heater—at your Gas Showroom now.**  
High Speed Gas in your garden



## LEYLAND CYPRESS

The most of all Screen and Hedge plants. Leyland cypress is the most successful for all purposes. For full details visit our free home visit. Send for our free P.O.'s only 10p post free.

**PENNELL & SONS LTD.**  
Dept. S.T., Princess Street, Lincoln.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

**CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA.** Silvery green, healthy plant, 10-12ft. tall, 4-6in. diam. at base. Price £12.50. P.O. order only. 10p post free.

## Gardening

YOU GET BETTER VALUE, BETTER SERVICE, BETTER BULBS & PLANTS: 100% GUARANTEE, 100% DELIVERY, 100% SATISFACTION.

- 50 DARWIN TULIPS 45p**  
or 25 for 25p. 100 for £50. 200 for £1.00. Mixed red, yellow, pink, orange and mauve varieties for rainbow display.
- 50 Named EXHIBITION TULIPS 65p**  
Ten each of: Paul Richter, Rose Copenhagen, Coral, Bont and Corona. Harvested in early June. 100% guaranteed.
- 50 Clara Bulb TULIPS 60p**  
or 100 for £1.15. Pure pink blooms.
- 50 Dillenbulb TULIPS 60p**  
or 100 for £1.15. Orange (10-11cm).
- 50 Marie Rose TULIPS 60p**  
or 100 for £1.15. Red-yellow (10-11cm).
- 50 Named DAFFS & NARCISSI 75p**  
Ten each: Rembrandt, Fortune, Carlton, Semper Augustus, Yver, Different colours and bloom forms. 100% guaranteed.
- 50 King Alfred DAFFS 70p**  
or 100 for £1.20. 10-11cm.
- 50 DAFFS & NARCISSI 55p**  
or 100 for £1.10. 10-11cm.
- 50 Gold Trumpet DAFFS 55p**  
or 100 for £1.10. 10-11cm.
- ANY FIVE 16p. LOTS BELOW FOR 65p**
- 50 GIANT WALLFLOWERS 25p**  
or 100 for £1.00. Mixed red, yellow and gold.
- 25 SWEET WILLIAMS 16p**  
18 Bromington Stocks 16p. 18 Forest Hill Stocks 16p. 18 Delphiniums 16p. 18 Trollius 16p.
- 18 GIANT CARNATIONS 16p**  
18 Russell Lupins 16p. 18 Penny 16p. 18 Cheltenham 16p. 18 Double 16p. 18 Polyanthus 16p.
- Send C.W.O. adding 15p towards carriage & packing.  
**LOWLAND BULB CO. Ltd. (Dept. TS), Spalding, Lincs, PE11 2TL.**

## FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

- HALF SIZED TREES** approximately 6-8ft. high now. Any 3 for £2.50. 10 for £10. 20 for £20. 30 for £30. 40 for £40. 50 for £50. 60 for £60. 70 for £70. 80 for £80. 90 for £90. 100 for £1.00. 110 for £1.10. 120 for £1.20. 130 for £1.30. 140 for £1.40. 150 for £1.50. 160 for £1.60. 170 for £1.70. 180 for £1.80. 190 for £1.90. 200 for £2.00. 210 for £2.10. 220 for £2.20. 230 for £2.30. 240 for £2.40. 250 for £2.50. 260 for £2.60. 270 for £2.70. 280 for £2.80. 290 for £2.90. 300 for £3.00. 310 for £3.10. 320 for £3.20. 330 for £3.30. 340 for £3.40. 350 for £3.50. 360 for £3.60. 370 for £3.70. 380 for £3.80. 390 for £3.90. 400 for £4.00. 410 for £4.10. 420 for £4.20. 430 for £4.30. 440 for £4.40. 450 for £4.50. 460 for £4.60. 470 for £4.70. 480 for £4.80. 490 for £4.90. 500 for £5.00. 510 for £5.10. 520 for £5.20. 530 for £5.30. 540 for £5.40. 550 for £5.50. 560 for £5.60. 570 for £5.70. 580 for £5.80. 590 for £5.90. 600 for £6.00. 610 for £6.10. 620 for £6.20. 630 for £6.30. 640 for £6.40. 650 for £6.50. 660 for £6.60. 670 for £6.70. 680 for £6.80. 690 for £6.90. 700 for £7.00. 710 for £7.10. 720 for £7.20. 730 for £7.30. 740 for £7.40. 750 for £7.50. 760 for £7.60. 770 for £7.70. 780 for £7.80. 790 for £7.90. 800 for £8.00. 810 for £8.10. 820 for £8.20. 830 for £8.30. 840 for £8.40. 850 for £8.50. 860 for £8.60. 870 for £8.70. 880 for £8.80. 890 for £8.90. 900 for £9.00. 910 for £9.10. 920 for £9.20. 930 for £9.30. 940 for £9.40. 950 for £9.50. 960 for £9.60. 970 for £9.70. 980 for £9.80. 990 for £9.90. 1000 for £10.00. 1010 for £10.10. 1020 for £10.20. 1030 for £10.30. 1040 for £10.40. 1050 for £10.50. 1060 for £10.60. 1070 for £10.70. 1080 for £10.80. 1090 for £10.90. 1100 for £11.00. 1110 for £11.10. 1120 for £11.20. 1130 for £11.30. 1140 for £11.40. 1150 for £11.50. 1160 for £11.60. 1170 for £11.70. 1180 for £11.80. 1190 for £11.90. 1200 for £12.00. 1210 for £12.10. 1220 for £12.20. 1230 for £12.30. 1240 for £12.40. 1250 for £12.50. 1260 for £12.60. 1270 for £12.70. 1280 for £12.80. 1290 for £12.90. 1300 for £13.00. 1310 for £13.10. 1320 for £13.20. 1330 for £13.30. 1340 for £13.40. 1350 for £13.50. 1360 for £13.60. 1370 for £13.70. 1380 for £13.80. 1390 for £13.90. 1400 for £14.00. 1410 for £14.10. 1420 for £14.20. 1430 for £14.30. 1440 for £14.40. 1450 for £14.50. 1460 for £14.60. 1470 for £14.70. 1480 for £14.80. 1490 for £14.90. 1500 for £15.00. 1510 for £15.10. 1520 for £15.20. 1530 for £15.30. 1540 for £15.40. 1550 for £15.50. 1560 for £15.60. 1570 for £15.70. 1580 for £15.80. 1590 for £15.90. 1600 for £16.00. 1610 for £16.10. 1620 for £16.20. 1630 for £16.30. 1640 for £16.40. 1650 for £16.50. 1660 for £16.60. 1670 for £16.70. 1680 for £16.80. 1690 for £16.90. 1700 for £17.00. 1710 for £17.10. 1720 for £17.20. 1730 for £17.30. 1740 for £17.40. 1750 for £17.50. 1760 for £17.60. 1770 for £17.70. 1780 for £17.80. 1790 for £17.90. 1800 for £18.00. 1810 for £18.10. 1820 for £18.20. 1830 for £18.30. 1840 for £18.40. 1850 for £18.50. 1860 for £18.60. 1870 for £18.70. 1880 for £18.80. 1890 for £18.90. 1900 for £19.00. 1910 for £19.10. 1920 for £19.20. 1930 for £19.30. 1940 for £19.40. 1950 for £19.50. 1960 for £19.60. 1970 for £19.70. 1980 for £19.80. 1990 for £19.90. 2000 for £20.00. 2010 for £20.10. 2020 for £20.20. 2030 for £20.30. 2040 for £20.40. 2050 for £20.50. 2060 for £20.60. 2070 for £20.70. 2080 for £20.80. 2090 for £20.90. 2100 for £21.00. 2110 for £21.10. 2120 for £21.20. 2130 for £21.30. 2140 for £21.40. 2150 for £21.50. 2160 for £21.60. 2170 for £21.70. 2180 for £21.80. 2190 for £21.90. 2200 for £22.00. 2210 for £22.10. 2220 for £22.20. 2230 for £22.30. 2240 for £22.40. 2250 for £22.50. 2260 for £22.60. 2270 for £22.70. 2280 for £22.80. 2290 for £22.90. 2300 for £23.00. 2310 for £23.10. 2320 for £23.20. 2330 for £23.30. 2340 for £23.40. 2350 for £23.50. 2360 for £23.60. 2370 for £23.70. 2380 for £23.80. 2390 for £23.90. 2400 for £24.00. 2410 for £24.10. 2420 for £24.20. 2430 for £24.30. 2440 for £24.40. 2450 for £24.50. 2460 for £24.60. 2470 for £24.70. 2480 for £24.80. 2490 for £24.90. 2500 for £25.00. 2510 for £25.10. 2520 for £25.20. 2530 for £25.30. 2540 for £25.40. 2550 for £25.50. 2560 for £25.60. 2570 for £25.70. 2580 for £25.80. 2590 for £25.90. 2600 for £26.00. 2610 for £26.10. 2620 for £26.20. 2630 for £26.30. 2640 for £26.40. 2650 for £26.50. 2660 for £26.60. 2670 for £26.70. 2680 for £26.80. 2690 for £26.90. 2700 for £27.00. 2710 for £27.10. 2720 for £27.20. 2730 for £27.30. 2740 for £27.40. 2750 for £27.50. 2760 for £27.60. 2770 for £27.70. 2780 for £27.80. 2790 for £27.90. 2800 for £28.00. 2810 for £28.10. 2820 for £28.20. 2830 for £28.30. 2840 for £28.40. 2850 for £28.50. 2860 for £28.60. 2870 for £28.70. 2880 for £28.80. 2890 for £28.90. 2900 for £29.00. 2910 for £29.10. 2920 for £29.20. 2930 for £29.30. 2940 for £29.40. 2950 for £29.50. 2960 for £29.60. 2970 for £29.70. 2980 for £29.80. 2990 for £29.90. 3000 for £30.00. 3010 for £30.10. 3020 for £30.20. 3030 for £30.30. 3040 for £30.40. 3050 for £30.50. 3060 for £30.60. 3070 for £30.70. 3080 for £30.80. 3090 for £30.90. 3100 for £31.00. 3110 for £31.10. 3120 for £31.20. 3130 for £31.30. 3140 for £31.40. 3150 for £31.50. 3160 for £31.60. 3170 for £31.70. 3180 for £31.80. 3190 for £31.90. 3200 for £32.00. 3210 for £32.10. 3220 for £32.20. 3230 for £32.30. 3240 for £32.40. 3250 for £32.50. 3260 for £32.60. 3270 for £32.70. 3280 for £32.80. 3290 for £32.90. 3300 for £33.00. 3310 for £33.10. 3320 for £33.20. 3330 for £33.30. 3340 for £33.40. 3350 for £33.50. 3360 for £33.60. 3370 for £33.70. 3380 for £33.80. 3390 for £33.90. 3400 for £34.00. 3410 for £34.10. 3420 for £34.20. 3430 for £34.30. 3440 for £34.40. 3450 for £34.50. 3460 for £34.60. 3470 for £34.70. 3480 for £34.80. 3490 for £34.90. 3500 for £35.00. 3510 for £35.10. 3520 for £35.20. 3530 for £35.30. 3540 for £35.40. 3550 for £35.50. 3560 for £35.60. 3570 for £35.70. 3580 for £35.80. 3590 for £35.90. 3600 for £36.00. 3610 for £36.10. 3620 for £36.20. 3630 for £36.30. 3640 for £36.40. 3650 for £36.50. 3660 for £36.60. 3670 for £36.70. 3680 for £36.80. 3690 for £36.90. 3700 for £37.00. 3710 for £37.10. 3720 for £37.20. 3730 for £37.30. 3740 for £37.40. 3750 for £37.50. 3760 for £37.60. 3770 for £37.70. 3780 for £37.80. 3790 for £37.90. 3800 for £38.00. 3810 for £38.10. 3820 for £38.20. 3830 for £38.30. 3840 for £38.40. 3850 for £38.50. 3860 for £38.60. 3870 for £38.70. 3880 for £38.80. 3890 for £38.90. 3900 for £39.00. 3910 for £39.10. 3920 for £39.20. 3930 for £39.30. 3940 for £39.40. 3950 for £39.50. 3960 for £39.60. 3970 for £39.70. 3980 for £39.80. 3990 for £39.90. 4000 for £40.00. 4010 for £40.10. 4020 for £40.20. 4030 for £40.30. 4040 for £40.40. 4050 for £40.50. 4060 for £40.60. 4070 for £40.70. 4080 for £40.80. 4090 for £40.90. 4100 for £41.00. 4110 for £41.10. 4120 for £41.20. 4130 for £41.30. 4140 for £41.40. 4150 for £41.50. 4160 for £41.60. 4170 for £41.70. 4180 for £41.80. 4190 for £41.90. 4200 for £42.00. 4210 for £42.10. 4220 for £42.20. 4230 for £42.30. 4240 for £42.40. 4250 for £42.50. 4260 for £42.60. 4270 for £42.70. 4280 for £42.80. 4290 for £42.90. 4300 for £43.00. 4310 for £43.10. 4320 for £43.20. 4330 for £43.30. 4340 for £43.40. 4350 for £43.50. 4360 for £43.60. 4370 for £43.70. 4380 for £43.80. 4390 for £43.90. 4400 for £44.00. 4410 for £44.10. 4420 for £44.20. 4430 for £44.30. 4440 for £44.40. 4450 for £44.50. 4460 for £44.60. 4470 for £44.70. 4480 for £44.80. 4490 for £44.90. 4500 for £45.00. 4510 for £45.10. 4520 for £45.20. 4530 for £45.30. 4540 for £45.40. 4550 for £45.50. 4560 for £45.60. 4570 for £45.70. 4580 for £45.80. 4590 for £45.90. 4600 for £46.00. 4610 for £46.10. 4620 for £46.20. 4630 for £46.30. 4640 for £46.40. 4650 for £46.50. 4660 for £46.60. 4670 for £46.70. 4680 for £46.80. 4690 for £46.90. 4700 for £47.00. 4710 for £47.10. 4720 for £47.20. 4730 for £47.30. 4740 for £47.40. 4750 for £47.50. 4760 for £47.60. 4770 for £47.70. 4780 for £47.80. 4790 for £47.90. 4800 for £48.00. 4810 for £48.10. 4820 for £48.20. 4830 for £48.30. 4840 for £48.40. 4850 for £48.50. 4860 for £48.60. 4870 for £48.70. 4880 for £48.80. 4890 for £48.90. 4900 for £49.00. 4910 for £49.10. 4920 for £49.20. 4930 for £49.30. 4940 for £49.40. 4950 for £49.50. 4960 for £49.60. 4970 for £49.70. 4980 for £49.80. 4990 for £49.90. 5000 for £50.00. 5010 for £50.10. 5020 for £50.20. 5030 for £50.30. 5040 for £50.40. 5050 for £50.50. 5060 for £50.60. 5070 for £50.70. 5080 for £50.80. 5090 for £50.90. 5100 for £51.00. 5110 for £51.10. 5120 for £51.20. 5130 for £51.30. 5140 for £51.40. 5150 for £51.50. 5160 for £51.60. 5170 for £51.70. 5180 for £51.80. 5190 for £51.90. 5200 for £52.00. 5210 for £52.10. 5220 for £52.20. 5230 for £52.30. 5240 for £52.40. 5250 for £52.50. 5260 for £52.60. 5270 for £52.70. 5280 for £52.80. 5290 for £52.90. 5300 for £53.00. 5310 for £53.10. 5320 for £53.20. 5330 for £53.30. 5340 for £53.40. 5350 for £53.50. 5360 for £53.60. 5370 for £53.70. 5380 for £53.80. 5390 for £53.90. 5400 for £54.00. 5410 for £54.10. 5420 for £54.20. 5430 for £54.30. 5440 for £54.40. 5450 for £54.50. 5460 for £54.60. 5470 for £54.70. 5480 for £54.80. 5490 for £54.90. 5500 for £55.00. 5510 for £55.10. 5520 for £55.20. 5530 for £55.30. 5540 for £55.40. 5550 for £55.50. 5560 for £55.60. 5570 for £55.70. 5580 for £55.80. 5590 for £55.90. 5600 for £56.00. 5610 for £56.10. 5620 for £56.20. 5630 for £56.30. 5640 for £56.40. 5650 for £56.50. 5660 for £56.60. 5670 for £56.70. 5680 for £56.80. 5690 for £56.90. 5700 for £57.00. 5710 for £57.10. 5720 for £57.20. 5730 for £57.30. 5740 for £57.40. 5750 for £57.50. 5760 for £57.60. 5770 for £57.70. 5780 for £57.80. 5790 for £57.90. 5800 for £58.00. 5810 for £58.10. 5820 for £58.20. 5830 for £58.30. 5840 for £58.40. 5850 for £58.50. 5860 for £58.60. 5870 for £58.70. 5880 for £58.80. 5890 for £58.90. 5900 for £59.00. 5910 for £59.10. 5920 for £59.20. 5930 for £59.30. 5940 for £59.40. 5950 for £59.50. 5960 for £59.60. 5970 for £59.70. 5980 for £59.80. 5990 for £59.90.

## Will this be the first safety car on the market?

Safety points: 1, plastic bumpers on hydraulic shock-absorbers; 2, headlamp wipers; 3, tubed tyres, anti-lock disc-brakes; 4, padded dashboard, airbag in steering wheel; 5, automatic "wrap-around" belt; 6, reinforced roof frame, main frame, doors; 7, integrated headrests and shoulder supports; 8, net for rear seat head restraint; 9, heated rear window with wiper; 10, fire-wall between fuel tank and passenger

**By Lanning Roper**

with disastrous effects. After a Mercedes demonstration here of only two air bags going off in a car, with a cloud of smoke and an explosion like dynamite, I find that the mad use of restraint quite indefensible.

As hosts to the conference Mercedes-Benz unveiled their own experimental safety car. This is based on the only concept which US Ford and the majority of European manufacturers find acceptable on practical and financial grounds—that of adapting an existing model to safety requirements. In Mercedes' case the model is a standard 2500 saloon, a car which is already one of the safest in the world. A representative of BMW, who, along with Volkswagen and Opel, are also actively engaged on safety car projects in Germany, told the conference it would take at least 12 years from now to perfect a safety car for everyday mass market use.

The British contribution to the conference was minimal and most disappointing. Representatives of all our major manufacturers were in the audience but the floor was left wholly to a team of three worthy engineers from the Road Research Laboratory who mainly quoted a string

of year-old accident-cause statistics.

An observer could only have assumed that we are hardly doing any practical work at all on car safety, and had nothing to report. This is not the case, but not even British Leyland attempted to put the facts straight.

Leyland's apparently unaccountable silence was mentioned by the chief engineer of Honda who had come to Britain with a team of his own engineers plus other teams from Toyota and Datsun, to put on an effective presentation of Japanese work on experimental safety cars.

It was these which convinced me beyond doubt that, even in some safety car work is at present seriously conceived, and meticulously directed, the greatest efforts being made to improve the passengers' lot in an accident must not be belittled. In one blindingly honest but terrifying film sequence, a standard Datsun family saloon was crashed head-on into a concrete block at 50 mph. Slowly but relentlessly the front crumpled under the crushing force of the wheels, the whole front suspension and the entire bonnet disappeared into the passenger compartment like the whale swallowing Jonah. No one inside would have stood a chance.

By Maxwell Boyd

air bag inflating equals that of 150 shotguns firing simultaneously. Five bags inflating together in a large car would produce 170 decibals, a noise level sufficiently high to cause permanent deafness. Ford, meanwhile, showed the conference a diagram of a car with the loudest in which all the car's windows were blown out and the roof permanently dented.


Chrysler have worked out that even with a .99999 per cent reliability, airbags in every second of every car in the United States would still result in 10,000 accidents.

**Newbury Motors Ltd**

**ROLLS-ROYCE**  
**R**  
**ROYCE**

**ROLLS-ROYCE**  
**AND**  
**BENTLEY**  
Official Retailers & Repairers

**JENSEN**



Distributors

**ROLLS-ROYCE SILVER SHADOW**  
SALOMON—1970 Model (type late 1969). Finished in silver and tan 314  
holodrive. Fitted with refrigerated air  
conditioning, Sunroof and radio. 314  
only. Recorded mileage 18,800  
miles only..... £8,250

**ROLLS-ROYCE SILVER CLOUD II**  
1964 (MARCH). Finished in silver  
grey with silver wire wheels. 314  
Fitted with refrigerated air condition-  
ing and sliding roof. Recorded mile-  
age 40,600 only..... £4,250

**JENSEN INTERCEPTOR MK. II—**  
1971 (APRIL). Finished in silver  
grey with red upholstery. Fitted with  
Bentley stereo, 6 speaker and stereo  
tape player/radio. One owner. 3,400  
miles only. Supplied and maintained  
by us. One owner..... £4,250

**JENSEN F.F. MK. II—1970 (APRIL).**  
Finished in metallic quartz with tan  
upholstery. Fitted with air condition-  
ing, Sundom glass, stereo tape player/  
radio and fog and wiper. 314  
mileage 18,400. Supplied and main-  
tained by us. One owner..... £4,250

**JENSEN INTERCEPTOR MK. II—1970**  
(JAN.). Finished in white with olive  
leather upholstery. Sundom glass, air heater,  
stereo tape player/radio. Records  
mileage 18,000 only..... £4,250

(MAY). Finished in white with  
 black upholstery. Fitted with a  
 cash-burner radio. Accidents £2,350  
 54,000

WE ARE BUYERS OF GOOD USED CARS  
 Halesowen,  
 Nr. Birmingham,  
 Worcs.  
 Tel.: 021-559 1441.

'K' REGISTRATION  
 ROLLE-ROYCE SILVER SHADOW  
 finished in Royal red/off-white  
 leather trim. Mileage 1,655. Price  
 29,775.  
 HODDESDON MOTOR CO. LTD.  
 HODDESDON, HERTS. TEL. 64082.

AVAILABLE JANUARY/FEBRUARY, 1972  
 BENTLEY V Series. Finished in Sepychelle  
 with blue side upholstery and  
 carpets. 22,000 miles. No Traders.  
 £7,900. For further details, write to  
 The Managing Director, John McLaren  
 Ltd., 73 Gloucester Street, Glasgow, C.5.

1969 B1 Bentley Sports Saloon.  
 51,000 miles only, shell over mid-  
 night. Mint condition in every  
 way.  
 1959 Rolls Royal 1. Electric win-  
 dows, service brake, 78,000 miles.  
 Midnight blue, superb order.  
 All details. Rolls-Royce companies.

2 Chester Close Chester B.L. & W.1.  
S. 1000

**BENTLEY S3 1963**  
Finished in dark blue with matching  
trim, chrome windows, interior.  
Well-maintained, very clean.  
Only immaculate condition. £2,500.  
01-354 4836 or 01-425 1047.

**S.3 BENTLEY**  
1965. Immaculate condition. £3,900.  
Tel.: Bolton 626.

**1966 ROLLS-ROYCE SILVER SHADOW**  
2-door saloon by Mulliner Park Ward.  
Finished in metallic blue with matching  
blue hide upholstery. Outstanding  
chrome and stainless steel trim.  
All original. £2,950. Viewings  
by appointment. 24, St. John's Road,  
Sedge, phone Leighton Buzzard (0520) 3  
361/3670.

**BENTLEY S1 1957.** Bright with pearl  
grey roof & boot. Good leather interior.  
S. 1000

**ROYAL CONTINENTAL S2** finished.  
Regal Red/Bays. Excellent. Offer  
for \$2,500.00. Call 265-1955 home.  
S2 1964 Buick Wildcat. 2 door. 4  
cyl. 190. 2600. 120000. 1964 Buick  
bleached Midnight Blue with blue reach  
in. 2 door. 4 cyl. 190. 2600. 120000.  
low mileage, service history. Very  
power steering, heavy rear window.  
etc. 1964 Buick Wildcat. 2 door. 4  
cyl. 190. 2600. 120000. 1964 Buick  
Tidgopark. 2 door. 4 cyl. 190. 2600.  
The finest example of its  
class available. Offers in the region of  
\$2,500.00. Call 265-1955 home.  
S2 1964 Buick Wildcat. 2 door. 4  
cyl. 190. 2600. 120000. 1964 Buick  
Tidgopark. 2 door. 4 cyl. 190. 2600.  
The finest example of its  
class available. Offers in the region of  
\$2,500.00. Call 265-1955 home.  
S2 1964 Buick Wildcat. 2 door. 4  
cyl. 190. 2600. 120000. 1964 Buick  
Tidgopark. 2 door. 4 cyl. 190. 2600.  
The finest example of its  
class available. Offers in the region of  
\$2,500.00. Call 265-1955 home.















## General Appointments

## Engineers Appointments

## Management Services/Computer Personnel Appointments

## Central Lancashire Development Corporation

Applications are invited for these posts in the newly established Central Lancashire Development Corporation.

The Area of Central Lancashire designated as a New Town covers 35,000 acres; the existing population is 250,000 and the anticipated population at the end of twenty years is 430,000.

**Chief Officers New Towns Salary Range £5,000 to £6,300 a year.** (In all cases starting salaries may be above the minimum.)

### Chief Officer (Liaison & Legal)

Applications required from Solicitors with extensive Local Government experience. The person appointed will play an important role in the central planning team, particularly in relation to the legal aspects of development proposals and liaison with local and other public authorities in the area.

### Chief Engineer

Applications required from experienced Chartered Engineers with substantial service in New Towns, Central or Local Government.

### Commercial Director

This officer will be responsible for attracting private housing developers, industry and commercial investment to the Central Lancashire New Town, and must be capable of negotiating at the highest possible level.

Applications required from well qualified and experienced men in an appropriate field.

### Financial Planning and Research Manager

Applications are required from suitably qualified persons. The work in this post will require knowledge of building costs and the economics of urban development as well as management accounting for its full exploitation. Applications will be considered from Chartered Surveyors (General Practice or Quantities Branch) as well as Accountants and Economists. Membership of any particular professional institution is not therefore required.

### Principal Solicitor

New Towns salary grade IX £3,291 to £3,747 a year. (Starting salary may be above minimum.)

Applications required from Experienced Solicitors.

Contributory pension; five day week; 100% removal expenses and assistance towards cost of house sale and purchase; essential user car allowance.

Further particulars about the posts, (please state which post applied for) including job specification, the Corporation's organisation and application form returnable by the 16th November 1971 can be obtained from:

The Secretary to the Corporation, East Cliff, Preston PR1 3JF, Lancs.

## Technical Manager

### Processor Controlled Switching Systems

If this looks an interesting position to you, then you are probably not just any communications engineer. You have a decade of experience in advanced as well as conventional switching. You know processor controlled switching and have done real time programming for several years. You are still truly interested in the technical problems in your field, but you have already proved yourself as well in the interpersonal area—working with peers, superiors, subordinates and customers.

Maybe it is really time then for you to think of a higher level position—maybe on the central European staff of a progressive world-wide telecommunications corporation. Why not talk with International Telephone and Telegraph, ITT in Brussels, about the opportunity itself, the living conditions, the salary etc.

Give us a phone call anytime or send us your curriculum vitae which will receive our immediate attention.

Dr. W. D. Ewald Manager Selection and Placement  
ITT Europe Inc., 11 Boulevard de l'Empereur  
B-1000 Brussels Belgium Telephone 12.82.58

ITT

## Chemical Engineer about £4,000

A leading chemical company in Ayrshire seeks a graduate Chemical Engineer and M.I.C.E. aged about 40. The initial appointment will be as Special Assistant to the Works Manager, in charge of a small specialised staff group working on specific projects. The prospects for advancement in the modern and expanding factory are unusually good. Previous experience should cover design, installation, commissioning and operating of chemical plant.

Please reply to us, quoting reference CE/1038/ST on both envelope and letter. Letters will be forwarded unopened to our Client. If there are any companies to which you do not wish to have your application forwarded, please indicate this in a separate letter addressed to the Security Officer.

Unwick Group Advertising Limited 2 Caxton Street, London SW1H 0QE

## THE ROBERTS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY (ZAMBIA) LTD

Part of an International Construction Group

require

an

Assistant Building Manager

in

ZAMBIA

We are seeking a qualified man with both Quantity Surveying and Construction Management experience obtained with a major Construction Organisation.

This is a Senior Management appointment, reporting to the Building Manager, who is responsible for all the Company's Building operations in Zambia, involving individual contracts of up to £10 million. During the absence of the Building Manager, the successful applicant would act for him. The initial appointment would be on a four-year contract, but permanent and pensionable employment could be negotiated elsewhere in the Group at the end of this initial period. The successful applicant would now be enjoying an annual income of not less than £4,000. For full details of attractive Conditions of Service, applicants should write to: Manpower Controller, The Roberts Construction Company (Zambia) Ltd., P.O. Box 354, Kitwe, Zambia. Interviews will be arranged during November in England.

## GROUP EDP AND SYSTEMS MANAGER

Circa £4,500

A British Group with an outstanding growth record.

This appointment will appeal to practical and imaginative EDP and systems specialists, aged about 35, who require a challenging post in a growth Group with a young and ambitious management team.

In the short term, the main priority will be to design and implement new systems and controls throughout the Group (particularly production and materials control, buying, stores and spares). There will be a continuing role in advising senior management on data processing policy, group systems, hardware and systems software. The current equipment is an IBM 360/20 computer linked to a data centre 360/50 unit.

A graduate or a man with an accounting background is preferred. There must have been involvement in similar work (including complex systems design), in the engineering or motor industries. A major requirement will be the ability to plan and manage the function objectively. Additionally, the successful applicant will have had working experience of O & M, and will have the ability to work closely with senior and line management presenting proposals in logical and clear business terms.

There are Pension and Life Assurance Schemes.

There are good prospects of advancement in due time.

The position is located in Bedfordshire and assistance with relocation expenses will be provided, where appropriate.

Please reply, in confidence, to: Mr. B. H. Hallam, Personnel Director,



**LANCASTER BOSS**  
Grovebury Road, Leighton Buzzard, Beds.

## William Key & Partners Limited

LONDON • MANCHESTER

## OR CONSULTANT

(Simulation Modelling)

Write or phone for an application form to K. R. Jefferys, 01-483 2947 (24-hour answering service) WILLIAM KEY & PARTNERS LIMITED • 4 HALF MOON STREET • LONDON W1Y 7RA

On-line Decisions a young internationally recognised consultancy designing and implementing interactive simulation modelling is seeking an O.R. Consultant.

Based in London, the position offers between 10% and 40% travelling in Europe with periodic assignments in the U.S.A.

We expect the right man to be a graduate who has had practical experience in corporate planning, simulation model building, etc. Technically, he must be able to use FORTRAN, have experience of Time Sharing and enjoy programming. Knowledge of German or French essential, skill in human relations plus ability to converse with top management is important. Salary is negotiable—£3000-£4000. Ref. KRJ 41

## SENIOR ELECTRICAL AND SENIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEERS

We are the leading company in our field of specialist textile machinery manufacture. We require two Top Class Engineers with extensive practical experience in their respective disciplines. They will be chartered engineers preferably with an engineering degree. The successful candidates will enjoy good health and be in the age range 28-35. Essential qualities and experience include the ability to work in a demanding environment where profit performance and customer satisfaction are the key factors; the necessary practical abilities and judgment to recognise and solve complex development design and field service problems and then implement effective solutions.

The successful candidates will report to The Chief Technical Executive. These posts which have realistic development potential attract a salary of up to £4,000 p.a. Assistance with house removal will be given where necessary.

Applications should be made to the Personnel Manager, giving a reference for a short list to be drawn up by the end of the week. The successful candidates should be prepared to relocate to the factory. (1) specify these in a separate letter. (2) enclose this letter with your application. (3) enclose a second envelope addressed to P. W. McAdam, Confidential Services, Manpower, 100, Victoria Road, W.C.1. No original testimonials, references or money to be enclosed.

## THE MACHINE TOOL TRADES ASSOCIATION

### Industrial Education, Training and Management Development

This Association has an enviable reputation, not least in the education and training area, where it acts as the focus of the collaborative effort of this small sector of Mechanical Engineering. It now seeks to extend these activities whilst preparing for the retirement of the current head of Education Services within four years.

Applications are invited from men capable of taking over this responsibility in due course, and in the interim of initiating and developing new schemes especially related to management training and to the needs of modern markets. The ability to provide acceptable advisory services for undertakings of varying, and frequently modest, size must be emphasised.

The man appointed is likely to be under 50, with management experience in manufacturing industry, and knowledgeable about the UK educational system and modern aspects of personnel administration. He need not be a graduate, nor a Chartered Engineer, though these attributes would enhance prospects.

A starting salary commensurate with the position is negotiable; the Association operates a non-contributory pension scheme. Applications in writing should be addressed under confidential cover to The General Manager, The Machine Tool Trades Association, 62, Rye Water Road, London, W2 3PH.

## MECHANICAL SERVICES ENGINEER

(Potential Partner)

CONSULTING ENGINEERS, LONDON, Civil, Structural and Mechanical, seek a fully qualified and experienced Mechanical Services Engineer, who already holds a position of complete responsibility for similar work and who has been used to direct Client contact.

Initial remuneration up to £8,000 per annum and terms of engagement would be subject to negotiation.

Write, in confidence, giving full details, to The Secretary, Box AW699.

## HEAD OF ENGINEERING

LONDON

£10,000

Our Client, a leading design procurement contracting Company in the refinery, chemical, petro-chemical and mechanical plant field wants a man to be responsible to the Deputy General Manager for the management of engineering services.

He will work closely with Senior Project Managers, providing technical, design and specialist services as required to ensure the successful engineering of major projects and will be responsible through departmental Managers for the activities of some 400 people.

The man appointed must have had depth experience of project management and possibly field construction with either a leading contractor or operating company. Ideally, he will have a good engineering degree and be either a member of the mechanical or chemical engineering institutes.

Apply in confidence. Ref. 105/249.

## Hales & Hindmarsh

Associates Ltd.,  
Century House, 30/31 Jewry Street,  
Winchester, Hants.  
Telephone Winchester 66699

## ENGINEERING OPPORTUNITIES IN FOOD.

Opportunities exist at our offices in Ruislip for the following positions:

### Engineering Services Manager

He will report direct to the Chief Engineer, and will be responsible for the co-ordination of Divisional Engineers for Mechanical, Refrigeration and Electrical Services. Age 30/40. Degree and/or Membership of a senior Engineering Institution is mandatory. Some formal management education would be advantageous. Candidates should be able to demonstrate a successful record in the Food or Chemical Industry with specific involvement in major capital projects and the management of at least two of the following engineering services: Steam Raising, Refrigeration, Cold Stores, Heating and Ventilation, Electrical Installations and Instrumentation.

### Senior Electrical Engineer

The requirement is for a qualified man (HNC and/or membership of the Institute of Electrical Engineers) aged 30/45, with several years' experience in the design of factory electrical layouts up to 5 megawatt capacity. He must be fully conversant with high and medium tension switchgear. His background will have been in the food or chemical industry with involvement in major capital projects with the emphasis on electrical services, including electro pneumatic controls, logic circuitry and up-to-date instrumentation. He will be responsible for the Company's electrical engineering standards.

Good salaries will be negotiated with the successful applicants and there is a contributory pension scheme. In both cases, the men appointed will be required to make periodic visits to the Company's various manufacturing centres, for which a separate car allowance is provided.

Interested applicants should telephone 01-845 2345 or write for an application form to The Chief Engineer, Express Dairy Foods Limited, 430 Victoria Road, South Ruislip, Middlesex.



## Highway Planning Engineers

£3246-£3771 plus supplementary London weighting

for the Traffic and Development Branch. Applicants should be chartered engineers with extensive experience in municipal engineering especially in all stages of highway planning, design and procurement within the current statutory framework. They should be able to initiate, direct, and control work at all levels of highway and development projects, and proven ability in co-ordination and successful progression of multi-discipline tasks and skill in using modern management techniques will be required. Experience in the following fields would be an advantage:

1. Working in close co-operation with other professional disciplines and public bodies.
2. Preparing for and giving evidence at public enquiries.
3. Development control in high density urban areas.

Application forms, returnable by 15 November, from the Joint Director, Department of Planning and Transportation (A/E04/90) C, County Hall, SE1.

GLC GREATER LONDON COUNCIL  
Department of Planning and Transportation.

## FREDERIC R. HARRIS & PARTNERS

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

require well qualified engineers for their office in THE HAGUE

### SENIOR CIVIL ENGINEERS

- Ports
- Offshore
- Oil Industry Offsites

### SENIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER

- Oil Industry Offsites

Applicants for posts as Senior Civil Engineers, Ports, should be well experienced in the design of steel and/or concrete structures for harbours, jetties and offshore structures.

Both the Civil and Mechanical Engineers required for the Oil Industry Offsites should have had a very close association with the industry, preferably having been at some time employed by an oil company. While the immediate opening is in The Hague Office, the consulting firm has offices throughout the world and the opportunity exists of serving in these offices after an initial period in Holland. Opportunities will also arise for Senior Resident Engineer positions on construction sites. Interviews will be arranged in London.

Please reply in confidence to:

Frederic R. Harris & Partners  
10 Storey's Gate  
Westminster  
London SW1P 3AY Tel. 01-839 2461









